

Town of Belleair

901 Ponce de Leon Blvd. Belleair, FL 33756

Meeting Agenda Special Meeting

Wednesday, November 8, 2017 5:30 PM Town Hall

Audit Committee

Welcome. We are glad to have you join us. If you wish to speak, please wait to be recognized, then step to the podium and state your name and address. We also ask that you please turn-off all cell phones.

PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE

COMMISSIONER ROLL CALL

SCHEDULED PUBLIC HEARING

Persons are advised that, if they decide to appeal any decision made at this meeting/hearing, they will need a record of the proceedings, and, for such purposes, they may need to ensure that a verbatim record of the proceedings is made, which record includes the testimony and evidence upon which the appeal is to be based.

CITIZENS COMMENTS

(Discussion of items not on the agenda. Each speaker will be allowed 3 minutes to speak.)

17-0238 Selection of Auditor for FY 2017-18

Attachments: Belleair Town of eng 2018

17-0239 Acceptance of FY 2015-16 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Attachments: 2016 town of belleair cafr

GENERAL AGENDA

ADJOURNMENT

ANY PERSON WITH A DISABILITY REQUIRING REASONABLE ACCOMMODATIONS IN ORDER TO PARTICIPATE IN THIS MEETING, SHOULD CALL (727) 588-3769 OR FAX A WRITTEN REQUEST TO (727) 588-3767.



Town of Belleair

Legislation Details (With Text)

File #: 17-0238 Version: 1 Name:

Type: Action Item Status: General Agenda
File created: 10/31/2017 In control: Special Meeting

On agenda: 11/8/2017 Final action:

Title: Selection of Auditor for FY 2017-18

Sponsors:

Indexes:

Code sections:

Attachments: Belleair Town of eng 2018

Date Ver. Action By Action Result

Summary

To: Town Commission as Audit Committee

From: Stefan Massol, Director of Support Services

Date: 11/8/2017

Subject:

Selection of Auditor for FY 2017-18

Summary:

The Audit Committee consists of the five members of the Town Commission for the purpose of selecting a certified public accounting firm to provide audit services for the Town.

Previous Commission Action: N/A

Background/Problem Discussion: Resolution No. 2009-38 was adopted in October, 2009 to establish an Audit Committee to recommend a qualified certified public accounting firm to provide auditing services. The Town Commission meets annually to appoint an external auditor to review the controls and accounting methods practiced at the Town of Belleair

Expenditure Challenges: N/A

Financial Implications: N/A

Recommendation: Staff recommends commission approval for the selection of Davidson,

Jamieson and Cristini, PL to provide external audit services for fiscal year 2017-18

Proposed Motion: To select Davidson, Jamieson and Cristini, PL to provide external audit services for FY

2017-18

File #: 17-0238, Version: 1

Davidson, Jamieson & Cristini, P.L. Certified Public Accountants

1956 Bayshore Boulevard Dunedin, Florida 34698-2503 (727)734-5437 or 736-0771 FAX (727) 733-3487

Members of the Firm
John N. Davidson, CPA, CVA
Harry B. Jamieson, CPA
Richard A. Cristini, CPA, CPPT, CGFM
Jeanine L. Bittinger, CPA, CPPT
Karen Curran CPA, CVA

Member
American Institute of
Certified Public Accountants
Florida Institute of
Certified Public Accountants

November 2, 2017

The Honorable Gary Katica, Mayor Town of Belleair 901 Ponce De Leon Blvd. Belleair, FL 33756-1096

Dear Mayor Katica:

We are pleased to confirm our understanding of the services we are to provide the Town of Belleair, Florida (Town) for the year ended September 30, 2018. We will audit the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, the budgetary comparisons for the general fund and the aggregate remaining fund information, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018. Accounting standards generally accepted in the United States provide for certain required supplementary information (RSI), such as management's discussion and analysis (MD&A), to accompany the Town's basic financial statements. As part of our engagement, we will apply certain limited procedures to the Town's RSI. These limited procedures will consist principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation, which management is responsible for affirming to us in its representation letter. Unless we encounter problems with the presentation of the RSI or with procedures relating to it, we will disclaim an opinion on it. The following RSI is required by generally accepted accounting principles and will be subjected to certain limited procedures, but will not be audited:

1. Management's Discussion and Analysis.

The document will also include the following additional information that will not be subject to the auditing procedures applied in our audit of the general purpose financial statements, and our auditor's report will not provide an opinion or any assurance on:

Statistical section of the Town's comprehensive annual financial report.

Our Firm agrees to conduct a financial and compliance audit examination of the Town for such fiscal years as the Firm shall serve as Town Auditor in accordance with the provisions of the Town Charter. The Firm shall be employed as the Town Auditor under the terms of the Town Charter and shall serve at the pleasure of the Town Commission. Nothing contained in this agreement shall be deemed to establish an obligation of the Town to continue in this agreement to employ the Firm should the Town Commission determine to employ another firm or individual as Town Auditor for any reason whatever solely within the discretion of the Town Commission. The Firm may be replaced with or without cause at such time as the Town Commission deems appropriate. The Town shall give the Firm up to 30 days' written notice in the event another Town Auditor is to be appointed and the Firm shall be compensated for hours incurred to the date of notice.

Audit Objectives

The objective of our audit is the expression of opinions as to whether your basic financial statements are fairly presented, in all material respects, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles and to report on the fairness of the additional information referred to in the first paragraph when considered in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. Our audit will be conducted in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards for financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and will include tests of the accounting records of the Town and other procedures we consider necessary to enable us to express such opinions. Circumstances may arise in which it is necessary for us to modify our opinions or add emphasis-of-matter or other – matter paragraphs. If our opinions on the financial statements are other than unmodified, we will fully discuss the reasons with you in advance. If, for any reason, we are unable to complete the audit or are unable to form or have not formed opinions, we may decline to express opinions or to issue a report as a result of this engagement.

We will also provide a report (that does not include an opinion) on internal control related to the financial statements and compliance with the provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a material effect on the financial statements as required by *Government Auditing Standards*. The reports on internal control and compliance will each include a paragraph that states that the purpose of the report is solely to describe the scope of testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance, and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, and that the report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standard* in considering internal control over financial reporting and compliance. The paragraph will also state that the report is not suitable for any other purpose. If during our audit we become aware that the Town is subject to an audit requirement that is not encompassed in the terms of this engagement, we will communicate to management and those charged with governance that an audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards for financial audits contained in *Government Auditing* Standards may not satisfy the relevant legal, regulatory, or contractual requirements.

Management Responsibilities

Management is responsible for the basic financial statements and all accompanying information as well as all representations contained therein. As part of the audit, we will assist the preparation of your financial statements and related notes. You will be required to acknowledge in the written representation letter our assistance with preparation of the financial statements and that you have reviewed and approved the financial statements and related notes prior to their issuance and have accepted responsibility for them. You agree to assume all management responsibilities for any nonaudit services we provide; oversee the services by designating an individual, preferably from senior management, who possesses suitable skill, knowledge, or experience; evaluate the adequacy and results of the services; and accept responsibility for them.

Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal controls, including evaluating and monitoring ongoing activities, to help ensure that appropriate goals and objectives are met; for the selection and application of accounting principles; and for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

Management is also responsible for making all financial records and related information available to us and for ensuring that management is reliable and financial information is reliable and properly recorded. You are also responsible for providing us with (1) access to all information of which you are aware that is relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements, (2) additional information that we nay request for the purpose of the audit, and (3) unrestricted access to persons within the government from whom we determine it necessary to obtain audit evidence.

Your responsibilities include adjusting the financial statements to correct material misstatements and for confirming to us in the written representation letter that the effects of any uncorrected misstatements aggregated by us during the current engagement and pertaining to the latest period presented are immaterial, both individually and in the aggregate, to the financial statements taken as a whole.

You are responsible for the design and implementation of programs and controls to prevent and detect fraud, and for informing us about all known or suspected fraud, or illegal acts affecting the government involving (1) management, (2) employees who have significant roles in internal control, and (3) others where the fraud or illegal acts could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Your responsibilities include informing us of your knowledge of any allegations of fraud or suspected fraud affecting the government received in communications from employees, former employees, grantors, regulators, or others. In addition, you are responsible for identifying and ensuring that the Town complies with applicable laws, regulations, contracts, agreements, and grants and for taking timely and appropriate steps to remedy any fraud, illegal acts, violations of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse that we may report.

You are responsible for the preparation of the supplementary information in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. You agree to include our report on the supplementary information in any document that contains and indicates that we have reported on the supplementary information. You also agree to include the audited financial statements with any presentation of the supplementary information that includes our report thereon OR make the audited financial statements readily available to users of the supplementary information no later than the date the supplementary information is issued with our report thereon. Your responsibilities include acknowledging to us in the written representation letter that (1) you are responsible for presentation of the supplementary information in accordance with GAAP; (2) that you believe the supplementary information, including its form and content, is fairly presented in accordance with GAAP; (3) that the methods of measurement or presentation have not changed from those used in the prior periof (or, if they have changed the reasons for such changes); and (4) you have disclosed to us any significant assumptions or interpretations underlying the measurement or presentation of the supplementary information.

Management is responsible for establishment and maintenance of a process for tracking the status of audit findings and recommendations. Management is also responsible for identifying for us previous audits or other engagements or studies related to the objectives discussed in the Audit Objectives section of this letter. This responsibility includes relaying to us corrective actions taken to address significant findings and recommendations resulting from those audits or other engagements or studies. You are also responsible for providing management's views on our current findings, conclusions, and recommendations, as well as your planned corrective actions, and the timing and format for providing information.

Audit Procedures—General

An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; therefore, our audit will involve judgment about the number of transactions to be examined and the areas to be tested. We will plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable rather than absolute assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement, whether from (1) errors, (2) fraudulent financial reporting, (3) misappropriation of assets, or (4) violations of laws or governmental regulations that are attributable to the Town or to acts by management or employees acting on behalf of the Town. Because the determination of abuse is subjective, *Government Auditing Standards* do not expect auditors to provide reasonable assurance of detecting abuse.

Because of the inherent limitations of an audit, combined with the inherent limitations of internal control, and because we will not perform a detailed examination of all transactions, there is a risk that material misstatements my exist and not be detected by us, even though the audit is properly planned and performed in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*. In addition, an audit is not designed to detect immaterial misstatements or violations of laws or governmental regulations that do not have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, we will inform the appropriate level of management of any material errors, any fraudulent financial reporting, or misappropriation of assets that come to our attention. We will also inform the appropriate level of management of any violations of laws or governmental attention. We will also inform the appropriate level of management of any violations of laws or governmental regulations that come to our attention, unless clearly inconsequential. Our responsibility as auditors is limited to the period covered by our audit and does not extend to later periods for which we are not engaged as auditors.

Our procedures will include tests of documentary evidence supporting the transactions recorded in the accounts, and may include tests of the physical existence of inventories, and direct confirmation of receivables and certain other assets and liabilities by correspondence with selected individuals, creditors, and financial institutions. We will request written representation from your attorneys as part of the engagement and they may bill you for responding to this inquiry. At the conclusion of our audit, we will also require certain written representations from you about the financial statements and related matters.

Audit Procedures—Internal Controls

Our audit will include obtaining an understanding of the entity and its environment, including internal control, sufficient to assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements and to design the nature, timing, and extent of further audit procedures. Tests of controls may be performed to test the effectiveness of certain controls that we consider relevant to preventing and detecting errors and fraud that are material to the financial statements and to preventing and detecting misstatements resulting from illegal acts and other noncompliance matters that have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. Our tests, if performed, will be less in scope that would be necessary to render an opinion on internal control and, accordingly, no opinion will be expressed in our report on internal control issued pursuant to *Government Auditing Standards*.

An audit is not designed to provide assurance on internal control or to identify significant deficiencies. However, during the audit, we will communicate to management and those charged with governance internal control related matters that are required to be communicated under AICPA professional standards and the *Government Auditing Standards*.

Audit Procedures—Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement, we will perform tests of the Town's compliance with the provisions of applicable laws, regulations, contracts, agreements, and grants. However, the objective of our audit will not be to provide an opinion on overall compliance and we will not express such an opinion in our report on compliance issued pursuant to *Government Auditing Standards*

Audit Administration, Fees, and Other

We understand that your employees will prepare all cash or other confirmations we request and will locate any documents selected by us for testing.

We will provide copies of our reports to the town, however, management is responsible for distribution of the reports and the financial statements. Unless restricted by law or regulation, or containing privileged and confidential information, copies of our reports are to be made available for public inspection.

The audit documentation for this engagement is the property of Davidson, Jamieson & Cristini, P.L. (DJC) and constitutes confidential information. However, pursuant to authority given by law or regulation, we may be requested to make certain audit documentation available to a grantor agency providing direct or indirect funding, or the U.S. Government Accountability Office for purposes of a quality review of the audit, to resolve audit findings, or to carry out oversight responsibilities. We will notify you of any such request. If requested, access to such audit documentation will be provided under the supervision of DJC personnel. Furthermore, upon request, we may provide copies of selected audit documentation to the aforementioned parties. These parties may intend, or decide, to distribute the copies or information contained therein to others, including other governmental agencies.

The audit documentation for this engagement will be retained for a minimum of five years after the report release date of for any additional period requested by the grantor agency. If we are aware that a federal awarding agency or auditee is contesting an audit finding, we will contact the party contesting the audit finding for guidance prior to destroying the audit documentation.

We expect to begin our audit in January of 2019 and to issue our reports no later than June 30, 2019.

Our fees for these services will be at our standard hourly rates plus out-of-pocket costs (such as typing, postage, travel, copies, telephone, etc.) except that we agree that our gross fee, including expenses will not exceed \$30,000. Our standard hourly rates vary according to the degree of responsibility involved and the experience level of the personnel assigned to your audit. Our invoices for these fees will be rendered as work progresses and are payable on presentation. The above fee is based on anticipated cooperation from your personnel and the assumption that unexpected circumstances will not be encountered during the audit. If significant additional time is necessary, we will discuss it with you and arrive at a new fee estimate before we incur the additional costs.

Schedules, analyses of accounts and working trial balances to be prepared by your staff are listed on the attached schedule. The items listed include but are not limited to the preparation of and recording of all accruals and prepayments in accordance with Governmental Accounting, Auditing, and Financial Reporting (GAAFR); all contractual obligations and leases in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP); and the preparation of detail analyses of all major balance sheet accounts for all funds reconciled to the general ledger as of year end.

If these arrangements are satisfactory, please sign a copy of this letter where indicated and return it to us. We appreciate the opportunity to serve you and assure you that this work will receive our close attention.

Sincerely,

DAVIDSON, JAMIESON & CRISTINI, P.L.

Richard A. Cristini

Russell

cc: J. P. Murphy, Town Manager

* * * * * * * *

The services described in the foregoing letter are in accordance with our requirements and the terms described in the letter are agreed to and acceptable to us.

	TOWN OF BELLEAIR, FLORIDA
	By:
Date	Gary Katica, Mayor



Town of Belleair

Legislation Details (With Text)

File #: 17-0239 Version: 1 Name:

Type: Action Item Status: Agenda Ready
File created: 10/31/2017 In control: Special Meeting

On agenda: 11/8/2017 Final action:

Title: Acceptance of FY 2015-16 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Sponsors:

Indexes:

Code sections:

Attachments: 2016 town of belleair cafr

Date Ver. Action By Action Result

Summary

To: Town Commission as Audit Committee

From: Stefan Massol, Director of Support Services

Date: 11/8/2017

Subject:

Acceptance of FY 2016 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Summary:

The Town of Belleair has completed its FY 2016 external audit and presents its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). The independent auditor's report can be found on page 1. On page vi you will find the Letter of Transmittal and on page 4 the Management Discussion & Analysis. These documents provide a narrative overview and context for the financial reports enclosed.

Previous Commission Action: N/A

Background/Problem Discussion: Each year the town undergoes an external audit in which the financial statements are reviewed for accuracy and internal controls are evaluated. The reporting requirements for local government entities are extensive, including statements of activities as well as net position for governmental funds, business-type funds, and the fiduciary fund.

This fiscal year, the town saw an overall increase of \$873,917 to the net position of its governmental and enterprise funds. Net position of the governmental funds increased by \$22,828. This amount includes the value of capital assets that were added, which total \$2,082,108. The Capital Projects Fund expended nearly \$3,000,000 on transportation expenses, which is primarily reflective of amounts for the Bayview Dr., Rosery Rd. and Althea Rd. projects.

Town staff is pleased to report that the Water Fund has successfully restored fund balance to an amount of \$766,138 of unrestricted net position. Fund balance has improved since Town Commission updated the utility

File #: 17-0239, Version: 1

rate structure in October 2013. Likewise, the Solid Waste Fund has adequate fund balance, including \$701,557 of unrestricted net position.

Expenditure Challenges: N/A

Recommendation: Staff recommends acceptance of the FY 2016 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Proposed Motion: Acceptance of the FY 2016 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

TOWN OF BELLEAIR, FLORIDA



INC. 1925

COMPREHENSIVE

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

TOWN OF BELLEAIR, FLORIDA <u>COMPREHENSIVE</u>

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE

FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

Prepared by the Department of Finance

TOWN OF BELLEAIR, FLORIDA

COMMISSION - MANAGER FORM OF GOVERNMENT

TOWN COMMISSION

Gary H. Katica, Mayor

Karla Rettstatt Tom Shelly, Commissioner

Commissioner/Deputy Mayor

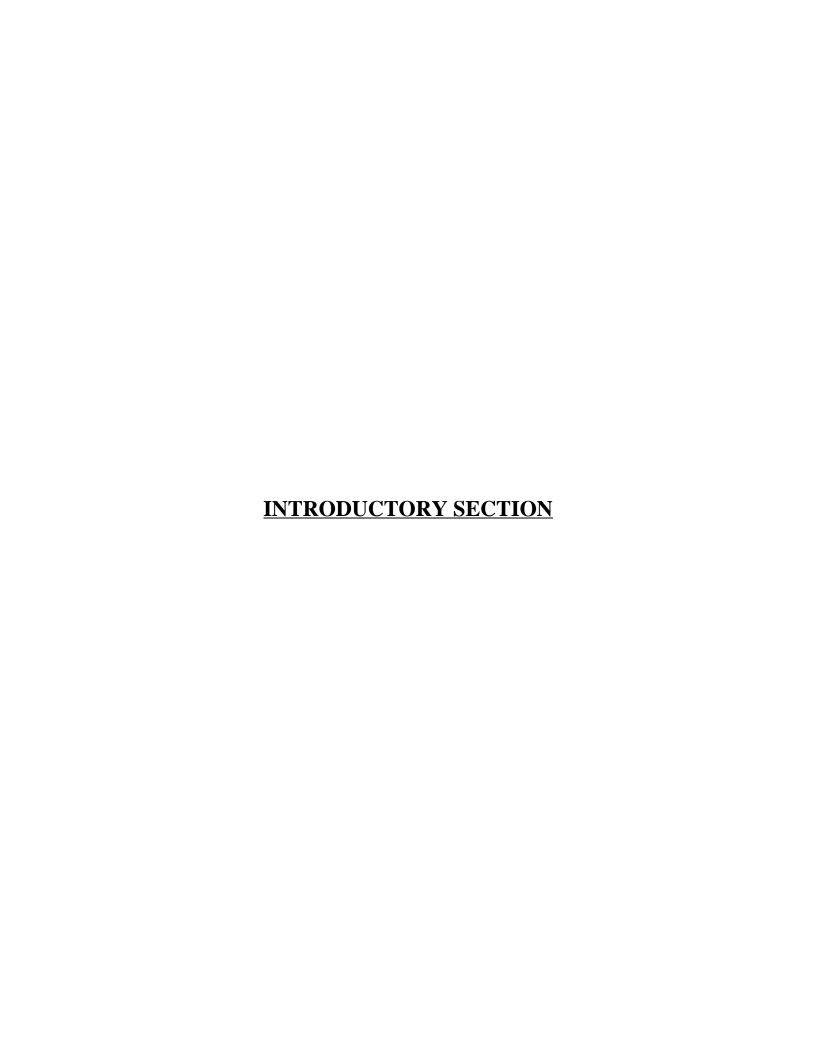
Michael Wilkinson, Commissioner Tom Kurey, Commissioner

Town Manager

Micah Maxwell

Assistant Town Manager/Finance Director Town Clerk

J. P. Murphy Christine Torok





TOWN OF BELLEAIR, FLORIDA

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

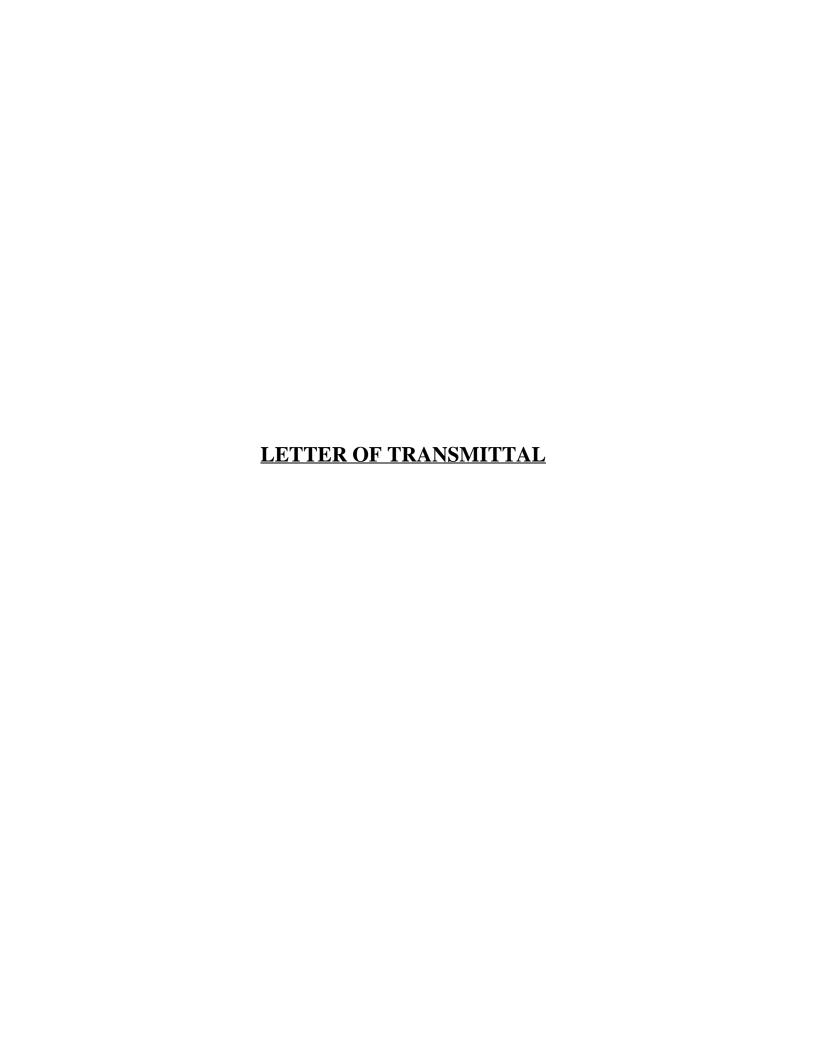
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TOWN OF BELLEAIR

IR:
GARY H. KATICA
IIISSIONERS:
KARLA RETTSTATT
MICHAEL WILKINSON
TOM SHELLY
TOM KUREY
(MANAGER:



901 PONCE DE LEON BOULEVARD BELLEAIR, FLORIDA 33758-1096 PHONE (727) 588-3769 WWW.TOWNOFBELLEAIR.COM

October 28, 2017

To the Honorable Mayor, Town Commission, and Citizens of the Town of Belleair, Florida

State law requires that all general-purpose local governments publish a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) and audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. Pursuant to that requirement, we hereby issue the comprehensive annual financial report of the Town of Belleair, Florida for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016.

This Report

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) is presented in three sections: introductory, financial, and statistical. The introductory section includes this transmittal letter, a copy of the Town's Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting, and the primary government's organization chart. This CAFR includes all funds of the Town. The Town has no component units. The financial section includes the management's discussion and analysis (MD&A), the basic financial statements for the primary government, and the primary government's combining and individual financial statements and schedules, as well as the independent auditor's report on the financial statements and schedules. GAAP requires that management provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). The MD&A contains a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the Town's financial statements. It should be read in conjunction with this letter of transmittal. The statistical section includes selected financial and demographic information, generally presented on a multi-year basis. In contrast to the financial section information, the statistical section information has not been audited.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the Town of Belleair, Florida. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the Town of Belleair, Florida has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the

presentation of the Town of Belleair, Florida's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the Town of Belleair, Florida's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The Town of Belleair, Florida's financial statements have been audited by Davidson, Jamieson & Cristini, P.L., a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the Town of Belleair, Florida for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unqualified opinion that the Town of Belleair, Florida's financial statements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

Profile of the Government

The Town of Belleair, Florida was incorporated in 1925 and was chartered under Chapter 10335, Special Laws of Florida, with a Mayor form of government. The Town of Belleair, Florida currently occupies a land area of 2.5 square miles and serves a population of 4,022 according to the U.S. Census Bureau. The Town of Belleair, Florida is empowered to levy a property tax on both real and personal properties located within its boundaries.

The Town of Belleair's charter was changed in 1973 to provide for a commission-manager type of government, and in 1997, due in part to additional provisions in the charter which strengthened the authority of the town manager, was officially recognized as a commission-manager form of government by the International City/County Managers Association. Policy-making and legislative authority are vested in a governing commission consisting of the mayor and four other members. The Town Commission is responsible, among other things, for passing ordinances, adopting the budget, appointing committees, and hiring both the government's manager and attorney. The town manager is responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances of the Town Commission, for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the government, and for appointing the heads of the various departments. The commission is elected on a non-partisan basis. Commission members serve three-year staggered terms, with two commissioner members elected every three years. The mayor is elected to serve a three-year term. The mayor and commission members are elected at large.

The Town of Belleair, Florida provides a full range of services, including fire & rescue; police protection; the construction and maintenance of streets and other infrastructure; and recreational activities and cultural events. The Town of Belleair, Florida also provides water, wastewater and solid waste services. These departments are enterprise funds and are included in this report.

In May, budget requests are submitted to the town manager. The town manager uses these requests as the starting point for developing a proposed budget. The town manager then presents a budget calendar to present this proposed budget to the commission for review before July 31st. The commission is required to hold public hearings on the proposed budget and to adopt a final budget by no later than September 30, the close of the Town of Belleair, Florida's fiscal year. The appropriated budget is prepared by fund (e.g., general), and department (e.g., recreation). Department heads may request transfers of appropriations within a department. Transfers of appropriations between departments, however, require the special approval of the Town Commission. Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in this report for each governmental fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted. For the General Fund, this comparison is presented on page 23 as a part of the basic financial statements for the governmental funds. There are no budget-to-actual comparisons for funds other than the General Fund. Also included in the governmental fund subsection are project-length budget-to-actual comparisons for each governmental fund for which a project length budget has been adopted (i.e., the capital projects funds). Budge-to-actual comparisons for enterprise funds are included in this report to meet legal compliance.

Factors Affecting Financial Condition

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the Town of Belleair, Florida operates.

Local economy. The Town is mostly a residential community with three 18-hole golf courses. However, the region has a varied manufacturing and industrial base. Major industries with headquarters or divisions located within the government's boundaries or nearby include; computer hardware, software manufacturers, electrical controls, several financial and insurance institutions. The unemployment rate in Belleair is currently 3.7 percent, which is 1.3 percent lower than the national average. The median household income in Belleair is \$81,400 as compared to \$55,800 nationwide.

The Town of Belleair, Florida currently has a challenging economic environment, but local indicators point to a slight upward fluctuation in the real estate market. This has had a positive impact on building permit revenues which have risen substantially from \$325,424.69 in 2014-15 to \$382,371.42 in 2015-16.

The Town's limited commercial sector is shrinking with the recent closure of the Fifth Third Bank local branch, and a number of professional offices have gone vacant.

The Belleview Biltmore hotel is being redeveloped, after many years of complete closure. The hotel property owner plans to build condominiums, townhomes, and a small boutique hotel from the original structure on the site. Preliminary estimates indicate a \$273,000 annual increase in General Fund revenues once the new development is fully operational. Demolition of the hotel property has begun, and construction is expected to start within the coming year.

At the end of 2012 John J. Osborne, a long-time resident of Belleair, passed away and left a bequest of over \$3.4 million to the town. His generous donation has measurably improved the net position of the Town of Belleair and to show respect for this great contribution the town has dedicated the new Public Works building to his memory.

In February 2013, the town acquired the Belleview Biltmore Golf Club to preserve green space in Belleair and to prevent future development on the golf course property. The club consists of a public 18-hole golf course, restaurant, and pro-shop. The town entered into a 10-year lease agreement with Green Golf Partners beginning January 1, 2014, resulting in revenues to the town of approximately \$190,000 each year.

The region (which includes the Town of Belleair, Florida and the surrounding unincorporated area within the same county) has a population base of approximately one million people, with three surrounding counties playing a vital role in the region's economy. The town serves as a premium residential community for nearby areas in the bay area.

Long-term financial planning. The Town of Belleair, Florida has long-range plans for infrastructure improvements (streets, drainage, and water system). The town's long-range financial plan has several roadways and drainage improvements scheduled throughout Belleair over the next five years. The town recently completed roadway and drainage projects along Manatee Rd., Eagle's Nest, Druid Rd., and Althea Rd. nears completion. The Bayview Dr. project is nearing completion, and construction of the Rosery Road project commenced in FY 2015-16. The Town has secured matching grant funding from the Southwest Florida Water Management District for the Bayview Dr., Manatee Rd., Rosery Rd. and Pinellas Rd. projects. Stormwater projects are prioritized on a west to east basis as much of the town's stormwater flows towards the west and eventually into the intercostal waterway. As a policy, staff continually seeks cooperative funding opportunities, and sometimes defers projects to ensure their eligibility for cooperative funding. The Rosery Road project is one such project.

As of the 2015-16 fiscal year, the town has several revenue streams dedicated to capital improvements, including a stormwater fee, a municipal public services tax on electricity, the "Penny for Pinellas" discretionary sales surtax and a dedicated millage levy. These revenues are dedicated to funding the \$710,000 annual debt service on a \$10 million dollar revenue bond bank loan and continue to place money in capital reserve for future projects. Annual debt service on the bond is approximately \$330,000 annually. Several of the town's advisory boards have taken up different measures to study methods in which the debt can be settled earlier than scheduled. One such method that has gained traction is selling the Belleview Biltmore Golf Course, which has turned a steady profit since the Town took ownership. Additionally, joint meetings by the Finance and Infrastructure boards are nearing policy recommendations to ensure that future debt issuances are not required.

The Water Fund has benefited from a new, more sustainable rate structure that has stopped the recurring net loss from recent years. Furthermore, this increase will enable the department to fund capital improvements in the treatment and distribution system. However, for this model to be sustainable, consistent rate increases, commensurate with controlled rise in expenses will be required. Water infrastructure was included in the Druid Rd., Bayview Dr., Althea Rd., Manatee Rd., S. Pine/Eagle's Nest, Ponce de Leon/Indian Rocks Rd. intersection improvements and

Rosery Rd. projects. Many of the distribution system improvements are scheduled to coincide with the street improvements thus increasing efficiency and reducing cost.

Additionally, staff will continue to seek the best long-term solution to the town's slowly deteriorating water supply. It is estimated that in five to ten years the salinity levels in the water sources will reach a level that cannot be treated using the current methodology. Several options exist including retrofitting a reverse osmosis system, purchasing water from a neighboring entity or providing for a system sale. Town staff and engineers will continue studying this issue to ensure that residents continue to receive excellent service at a reasonable cost.

Relevant financial policies. The town implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 45 "Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Other Than Pensions" for its governmental activities and proprietary fund types. This statement establishes standards for the measurement, recognition and display of OPEB expense/expenditures and related liabilities (assets), note disclosures and if applicable, required supplementary information (RSI) in the financial reports of state and local governmental employers. The town finances the OPEB benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis but recognizes the cost of the benefits in the period when the employee's service is being received by the town. At the time of this transmittal, the town had three general retirees receiving OPEB benefits.

The Town of Belleair, Florida sponsors defined benefit pension plans for its public safety (sworn police officers) employees as is provided for under chapters 185 of state statute. Each year, an independent actuary engaged by the pension plan calculates the amount of the annual contribution that the Town of Belleair, Florida must make to the pension plan to ensure that the plan will be able to fully meet its obligations to retired employees on a timely basis. As a matter of policy, the Town of Belleair, Florida fully funds each year's annual required contribution to the pension plan as determined by the actuary.

This is the third year of implementation for GASB Statement No. 67. This is also the second year of implementation for GASB Statement No. 68 and 71, as well as the first year of implementation for GASB Statement No. 72. These statements impact the reporting of the town's pension plan by establishing standards on how the actuarial valuation date may be set with respect to the measurement date and how the net pension liability and pension expense will be calculated. Collection and calculation of the information needed for implementation of GASB Statement No. 72 has delayed publishing this year's comprehensive annual financial report. This problem is not unique to Belleair and is occurring statewide.

The Town of Belleair, Florida also provides a money purchase defined contribution retirement benefit for its non-public safety employees. This benefit is provided through the International City/County Managers Association Retirement Corporation. If the employee elects to contribute at least three percent (3%) to the plan, the town will contribute nine percent (9%). The Town of Belleair, Florida has no obligation in connection with employee benefits offered through this plan beyond its contribution to the employees' plan.

In addition to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 45, the Town has adopted GASB Statement No. 54 regarding "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions". The objective of this Statement is to enhance the usefulness of fund balance information by providing clearer fund balance classifications that can be more consistently applied and by clarifying the existing governmental fund type definitions. This statement establishes fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds. The initial distinction that is made in reporting fund balance information is identifying amounts that are considered nonspendable, such as fund balance associated with inventories. This statement also provides for additional classification as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned based on the relative strength of the constraints that control how specific amounts can be spent. The first financial statements reflecting these changes occur during the Annual Financial Audit for the fiscal year 2010-2011.

Annually, the town establishes conservative estimates of ongoing revenues and expenditures. The town's revenue estimates are developed on historical trends, local economic projections and reasonable assumptions of future conditions. The town maintains, as permitted by State law, a diverse revenue base to mitigate the effects of short-term fluctuations in any one (1) revenue.

In conjunction with its review of its revenues, the town calculates the full direct cost of activities supported by user fees and considers such information while establishing user fees and other charges for service. Similarly, the town's expenditures are estimated based on the prior year's expense while considering potential increases as well as efficient decreases. The town is legally mandated to have a balanced budget in all funds.

In accordance with fiscal policy, the town's fund balance currently maintains a minimum unassigned, undesignated (or unobligated) fund balance for the General Fund of twenty percent of annual operating expenditures. At the close of 2015-16 unreserved fund balance was twenty percent of operating expenditures. To the extent that unassigned, undesignated fund balance exceeds twenty percent, the town may draw upon the fund balance to provide funding for capital projects or provide funding for nonrecurring expenses.

In the proprietary funds (water, solid waste, and wastewater funds) the budgeted unrestricted, undesignated, cash reserve is set at \$250,000. In recent years the Water Fund was below the mandatory minimum fund balance, which was addressed by implementing a new water rate structure in October 2013. The Water Fund improved from an unrestricted fund balance of \$189,713 in 2013-14, to \$389,055 in 2014-15 and most recently \$799,138 in 2015-16. This was achieved through transfers in the form of capital contributions related to water infrastructure installed in new roadway projects.

Risk management. By being a member of the Public Risk Management (PRM) pool, the town has been able to contain its costs by spreading the risk amongst all other members of the pool; increases or decreases are resultant as a function of a deviation factor for losses of the pool. Annually, the town evaluates its risk in a variety of areas including workers' compensation and potential natural disasters. The town in collaboration with the PRM staff continues to conduct risk assessments and subsequently implement any changes as they relate to workplace safety.

The town has won numerous safety awards for its safety program which includes a safety committee that reviews all accidents and occupational hazards. Recent Florida Supreme Court decisions regarding worker's compensation and attorney's fees have led to the insurance market responding with double-digit increases to workers compensation premiums. The impacts of these increases will likely not be felt until the fiscal year 2016-2017.

Awards and Acknowledgments

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Town of Belleair, Florida for its comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015. This was the twenty-third consecutive year that the town has received this prestigious award. To be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the government published an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR. This report satisfied both GAAP and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for one year only. We believe that our current CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire staff of the Support Services and Administration departments. The Support Services Department works very hard to maintain strong internal controls to provide accurate financial reporting, to keep the public informed and to assist the Town Commission in decision-making. We would like to express our appreciation to all members of the departments who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report. Credit also must be given to the Mayor and the Commission for their unfailing support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the Town of Belleair, Florida's finances.

Respectfully submitted,

Town Manager

Finance Director

Stef Musel



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Town of Belleair Florida

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

September 30, 2015

Executive Director/CEO

TOWN OF BELLEAIR DEPARTMENTS



TOWN OF BELLEAIR, FLORIDA

LISTING OF TOWN OFFICIALS

ELECTED OFFICIALS

Mayor Gary H. Katica

Commissioner/Deputy Mayor Karla Rettstatt

Commissioner Michael Wilkinson

Commissioner Tom Shelly

Commissioner Tom Kurey

APPOINTED OFFICIALS

Town Manager Micah Maxwell

Town Attorney David Ottinger

DEPARTMENT HEADS AND SUPERVISORS

Assistant Town Manager/Finance Director

J. P. Murphy

Police Chief William Sohl

Water Department Director David Brown

Parks and Recreation Director Eric Wahlbeck

Town Clerk Christine Torok

FINANCIAL SECTION

This section contains the following subsections:

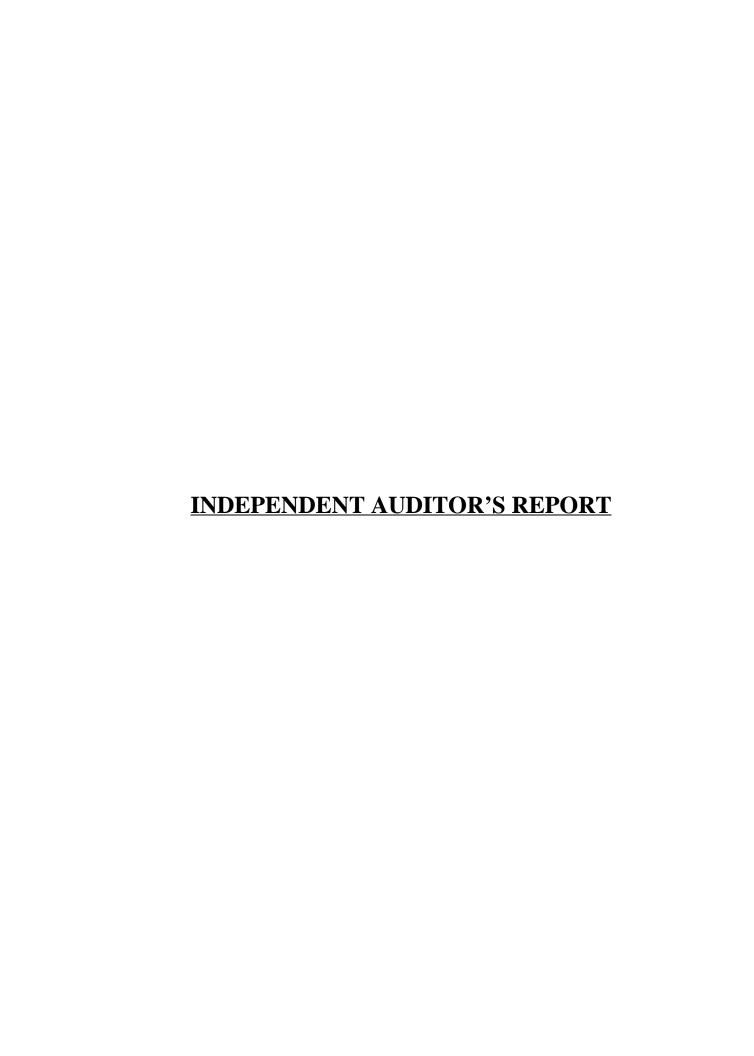
Independent Auditor's Report

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Basic Financial Statements

Required Supplementary Information Other Than MD&A

Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements



Davidson, Jamieson & Cristini, P.L. Certified Public Accountants

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Richard A. Cristini, CPA, CPPT, CGFM
Jeanine L. Bittinger, CPA, CPPT
Karen Curran, CPA, CVA

Member
American Institute of
Certified Public Accountants
Florida Institute of
Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Mayor and Town Commission Town of Belleair, Florida

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, the budgetary comparisons for the general fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Town of Belleair, Florida (Town), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the AICPA Professional Standards, AT Sections 601.55 and 601.56. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, in making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control.

The Honorable Mayor and Town Commission Town of Belleair, Florida

Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Belleair, Florida as of September 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statement, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

The Honorable Mayor and Town Commission Town of Belleair, Florida

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Belleair, Florida's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Governmental Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Accounting Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 29, 2017, on our consideration of the Town's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Davidson, Jamieson & Crustine, G.L.

September 29, 2017

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Management's Discussion and Analysis

This narrative overview and analysis of the Town of Belleair's financial statements for the fiscal year-ended September 30, 2016, provides readers with a comprehensive picture of the town's fiscal health, and its financial administration. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found starting on page vi of this report.

Financial Highlights

\$29,000,000 \$27,000,000 \$25,000,000

2011-12

The assets of the Town of Belleair, Florida exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$37,113,108 (net position). Of this amount, \$3,525,761 (*Unrestricted*) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. The government's total net position increased by \$873,917.



Total Net Position Government-Wide

The net position of the Town of Belleair increased notably in 2012-13. Since that time there have been less significant changes in net position, increasing a cumulative 1% from the end of FY 2012-13 thru the end of FY 2015-16. Several factors have had considerable impact on the net position of Belleair these past five years, including the following:

2013-14

2015-16

1) The bequest of \$3.4 M by John J. Osborne to the Town of Belleair in 2012-13,

2012-13

- 2) The acquisition of the Belleview Biltmore Golf Club by the Town of Belleair,
- 3) Completion of a new Public Works Building, named in honor of John J. Osborne,
- 4) Continuance of the Capital Improvement Plan to repair roads, curbs and utility structures throughout the town,
- 5) Cooperative grant funding provided by the Southwest Florida Water Management District for various water and drainage basin projects,
- 6) Donations in excess of \$300,000 from the Belleair Community Foundation for the construction of Hunter Memorial Park.

As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Town of Belleair, Florida's General (governmental) Fund reported an actual ending fund balance of \$1,237,006, a decrease of \$(244,502) in comparison with the beginning fund balance. The decrease is due in large part to substantial repairs and renovations of the Town Hall building this year which was paid by the General Fund.

Overview of Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Town of Belleair, Florida's basic financial statements. The Town of Belleair's basic financial statements consist of three elements: 1) Government-wide financial statements; 2) Fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Town of Belleair's finances, in a manner similar to that one may observe for a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the Town of Belleair's assets, deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Town of Belleair is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Town of Belleair that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a signification portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the Town of Belleair include general government, public safety, transportation, and culture and recreation. The business-type activities of the Town of Belleair include Water and Solid Waste Funds. A third business-type activity (Wastewater) was sold to Pinellas County in 2004 though the Town still manages billing operations for wastewater services.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the Town of Belleair, Florida itself (known as the *primary government*) but also a police officer's pension plan and an employee's 401(k) retirement fund for which the Town of Belleair is financially accountable. Financial information for these funds is reported separately from the financial information represented for the primary government itself. The Water and Solid Waste Funds, although business-type funds, function as departments of the Town of Belleair, and, therefore, have been included as an integral part of the primary government.

The government-wide financial statements can be found beginning on page eighteen of this report.

Fund financial statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town of Belleair, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Town of Belleair can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. The town uses Governmental funds to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The Town of Belleair maintains eight individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund and the Capital Projects Fund, both of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other six governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

The Town adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found beginning on page twenty of this report.

Proprietary funds. The town maintains one kind of proprietary fund, *enterprise funds*, which are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The town uses enterprise funds to account for its Water and Solid Waste Funds. The other kind of proprietary fund is an *internal service fund*, an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally. This type of proprietary fund is not employed by the Town of Belleair.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Water, Wastewater and Solid Waste Funds, all of which are considered to be major funds of the town.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found beginning on page twenty-five of this report.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the Town of Belleair's programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found beginning on page thirty of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 32 - 94 of this report.

Implementation of GASB 72, 73, & 76. The Town adopted GASB Statement No. 72 Fair Value Measurement and Application of investments. GASB 72 requires the Town to use valuation techniques that are appropriate, based on information available, to measure fair value of investments which are held primarily for the purpose of income or profit and have a present service capacity based solely on its ability to generate cash. GASB 73 established reporting requirements for defined benefit and defined contribution pensions that are not within the scope of Statement 68. GASB 76, The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments formally prioritizes officially established accounting principles (GASB Statements) above other types of guidance, such as GASB Technical Bulletins; GASB Implementation Guides; and literature of the AICPA cleared by the GASB.

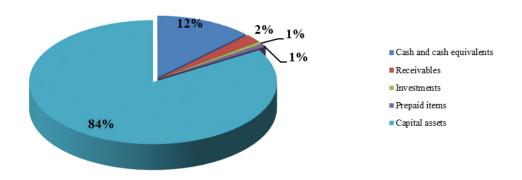
Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information* concerning the Town of Belleair's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found beginning on page ninety-five of Notes to Financial Statements.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented beginning on page one hundred and two. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 102 - 111 of this report.

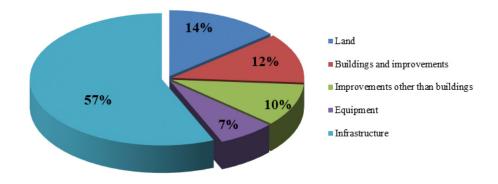
Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, the net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of Town of Belleair, Florida, net position was \$37,113,108 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

Government-Wide Assets



Government-Wide Capital Assets



By far the largest portion of the Town of Belleair's assets (57 percent) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The Town uses these capital assets to provide service to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the town's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Town of Belleair, Florida's Net Position

	Government	al Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total		
	2016	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	2015	<u>2016</u>	2015	
Current and other assets	\$ 5,051,253	\$ 7,957,881	\$ 2,732,474	\$ 2,401,682	\$ 7,783,727	\$ 10,359,563	
Capital assets	36,030,171	33,948,063	3,797,561	3,311,142	39,827,732	37,259,205	
Total Assets	41,081,424	41,905,944	6,530,035	5,712,824	47,611,459	47,618,768	
Long-term liabilities outstanding	9,153,252	9,047,429	680,291	715,383	9,833,543	9,762,812	
Other liabilities	731,797	1,608,760	147,430	146,216	879,227	1,754,976	
Total Liabilities	9,885,049	10,656,189	827,721	861,599	10,712,770	11,517,788	
Net Position							
Net investment in capital assets	26,838,533	24,653,063	3,797,561	3,311,142	30,636,094	27,964,205	
Restricted	2,951,253	4,743,141	-	-	2,951,253	4,743,141	
Unrestricted	1,621,008	1,991,762	1,904,753	1,540,083	3,525,761	3,531,845	
Total net position	\$ 31,410,794	\$ 31,387,966	\$ 5,702,314	\$ 4,851,225	\$ 37,113,108	\$ 36,239,191	

An additional portion of the Town of Belleair's net position (eight percent) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of the *unrestricted portion of the net position* is \$3,525,761 and may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Town reports positive balances in all categories of net position.

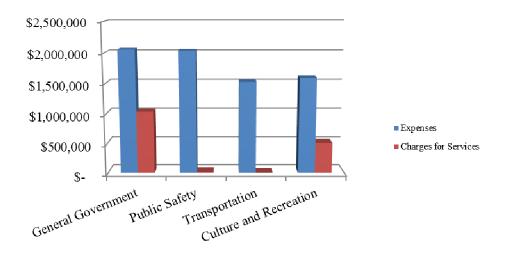
Governmental activities. Approximately half of the Town's unrestricted net position (46 percent) are held by governmental activities.

Statement of Activities

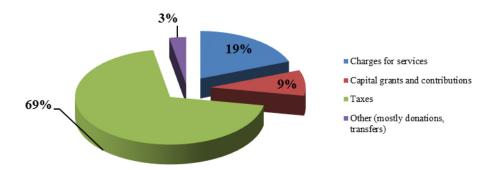
	Government	al Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total		
	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	
D							
Revenues:							
Program Revenues:							
Charges for services	\$ 1,558,152	\$ 1,730,392	\$3,360,651	\$3,312,181	\$ 4,918,803	\$ 5,042,573	
Capital grants and contributions	711,739	765	10,654		722,393	765	
Total program revenues	2,269,891	1,731,157	3,371,305	3,312,181	5,641,196	5,043,338	
General revenues:							
Taxes	5,648,564	5,482,905	-	-	5,648,564	5,482,905	
Other	233,293	200,651	9,738	34,078	243,031	234,729	
Total general revenues	5,881,857	5,683,556	9,738	34,078	5,891,595	5,717,634	
Total revenues	8,151,748	7,414,713	3,381,043	3,346,259	11,532,791	10,760,972	
Expenses:							
General government	2,053,304	2,054,234	-	-	2,053,304	2,054,234	
Public safety	2,034,289	1,897,974	-	-	2,034,289	1,897,974	
Transportation	1,526,427	1,960,039	-	-	1,526,427	1,960,039	
Culture and recreation	1,593,065	1,562,682	-	-	1,593,065	1,562,682	
Interest on long term debt	325,571	335,549		-	325,571	335,549	
Water	-	-	1,258,032	1,330,521	1,258,032	1,330,521	
Wastewater	-	-	1,090,771	1,029,745	1,090,771	1,029,745	
Solid Waste			777,415	730,794	777,415	730,794	
Total expenses	7,532,656	7,810,478	3,126,218	3,091,060	10,658,874	10,901,538	
Increase (decrease) in net position						-	
before transfers	619,092	(395,765)	254,825	255,199	873,917	(140,566)	
Transfers	(596,264)	(687,531)	596,264	687,531		-	
Increase (decrease) in net position	22,828	(1,083,296)	851,089	942,730	873,917	(140,566)	
Net position, Beginning	31,387,966	32,882,143	4,851,025	3,908,495	36,239,191	36,790,638	
Restatement of net position -							
prior period adjustment	-	(410,881)	-	-	-	(410,881)	
Net position, Beginning restated	-	32,421,262	-	-	-	36,379,757	
Net position, Ending	\$31,410,794	\$31,387,966	\$5,702,314	\$4,851,225	\$37,113,108	\$36,239,191	

- The government-wide net position increased by \$873,917 at year-end.
- The net position for governmental activities increased by \$22,828 during the year.
- The Water Fund received updated infrastructure from drainage improvement projects financed by the Capital Projects Fund.
- The net position for business-type activities increased by \$851,089, due to updated infrastructure paid for by the Capital Projects Fund.
- Transfer expenses for governmental activities increased this year substantially as water infrastructure in the Bayview Dr. and Rosery Rd. improvements were recognized as transfer expenses in the Capital Projects Fund and transfer revenues in the Water Fund.
- Increases in governmental activities for Capital grants and contributions reflect grant revenues received from the Southwest Florida Water Management District for the Bayview Dr. Project.

Expenditure & Program Revenues: Governmental Activities



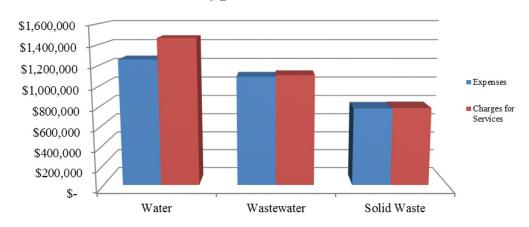
Revenues by Source: Governmental Activities



Business-type activities. Business-type activities represent 15 percent of the Town's net position. Following the new rate structure implemented in October 2013, the Water Fund continues to generate sufficient revenue with service charge income exceeding operating expenses by \$207,986. Solid Waste Fund revenues and expenditures remained relatively stable with operating income of \$3,466. The wastewater system is run by Pinellas County and charges for services are passed through to Pinellas County.

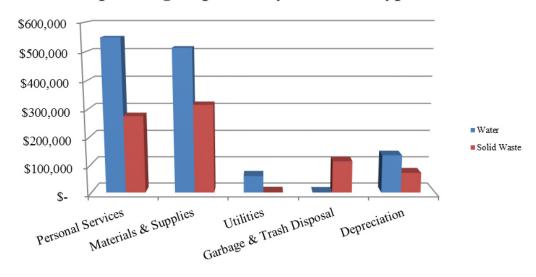
Expenses and Program Revenues - Business-type Activities

Expenses & Program Revenues: Business Type Activities



Operating Expenses by Fund - Business-type Activities

Operating Expenses by Business Type



Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

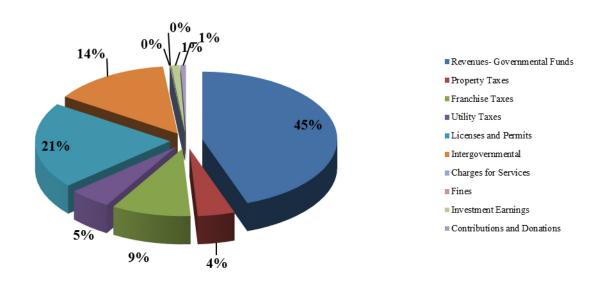
As noted earlier, the Town uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Government funds. The focus of the Town's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve

as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

Revenues- Total Governmental Funds

Revenues-Total Governmental Funds



The assigned balance is \$95,531, which indicates that the amount is not available for new spending because it has already been assigned to specific purposes such as donations for the Parks and Recreation Department and the Police Department. The restricted balance totals to \$4,201,044, which is an amount that is earmarked for explicit purposes specified by external providers and the Town Commission, such as funding for capital improvement projects.

The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the town. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$1,137,936 while total fund balance reached \$1,237,006. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 19 percent of total General Fund expenditures while unrestricted total fund balance represents 20 percent of that same amount. The current fund balance policy requires that the town maintain unrestricted fund balance in the General Fund equivalent to 20% of expenditures. The fund balance of the Town's General Fund decreased by \$(244,502) during the current fiscal year as funds were devoted to repair and renovation costs for the Town Hall building. General Fund expenditures increased by \$445,471 as a whole over the previous year.

Capital Projects Fund.

The Capital Projects Fund expended \$3,723,397 on \$2,488,973 of revenue. Prior to 2012, the Town Commission determined that the town would need to save for future projects and develop new sources of income to repair and improve the roads and stormwater structures throughout Belleair. To that end, the commission approved the stormwater fee and municipal public services tax, both of which went into effect in October 2012. The need for immediate improvement prompted the Town Commission to approve borrowing in the form of a \$10 million revenue bond, through BB&T, to be repaid over 20 years. Revenue sources such as the stormwater fee, municipal public services tax and the Penny for Pinellas discretionary sales surtax are dedicated to debt service of the loan. Also, the town provided BB&T a covenant to budget and appropriate as assurance of repayment. Additionally, a millage is dedicated to the Capital Projects Fund as a means to save for future projects. The town is currently discussing policies related to the strategic planning of capital projects so as to avoid further debt issuance.

Special Revenue funds.

The Town of Belleair's special revenue funds include the Local Option Gas Tax Fund, Transportation Impact Fee Fund, Tree Replacement Fund, and Capital Equipment Replacement Fund. The overall fund balance of these funds is \$1,942,902. With the exception of the Golf fund, the special revenue funds are subject specific, and the expenditures are always used for capital improvement. In the case of the Golf Fund, revenues decreased marginally from \$238,319 in 2014-15 to \$205,519, a decrease of 13%. Revenues are calculated based on the annual gross revenues of the course, which were greater than the prior year.

Proprietary funds. The Town of Belleair's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted portions of net position of the Water, Wastewater and Solid Waste Funds at the end of the year amounted to \$1,904,753, an increase of \$397,670 over the prior year. Other factors concerning the finances of these three funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the town's business-type activities. Of particular note, the unrestricted net position for the Water Fund is \$766,138; \$516,138 above its policy mandated level of \$250,000.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

While there was a \$551,700 difference between the originally budgeted expenditures and the final amended budgeted expenditures, there were some variances between the final amended budget and the actuals. The revenue variance for the General Fund was \$44,510 (1 percent) higher than budgeted. Expenditures were \$33,913 (1 percent) higher than budgeted partly due to costs related to renovations of town hall. The resulting net variance of change in fund balance was \$3,458.

Capital Assets and Long-Term Debt

Capital Assets. The Town of Belleair's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of September 30, 2016, amounts to \$30,636,094. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings & system, improvements, machinery & equipment, park facilities, roads, highways, seawalls, and bridges. The total increase over the prior year in the town's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was \$2,671,889, a \$2,185,470 increase in governmental activities and a \$486,419 increase in business-type activities. The increase was driven by this year's completion of several major capital projects.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Commencement of Rosery Rd. roadway and drainage improvement project
- Continuation of Bayview Drive roadway and drainage improvement project
- Completion of the Althea Rd. roadway and drainage improvement project

Town of Belleair, Florida's Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)

	Government	al Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total		
	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	
Land	\$ 7,588,875	\$ 7,588,875	\$ 22,950	\$ 22,950	\$ 7,611,825	\$ 7,611,825	
Building and system	6,400,254	6,388,029	308,532	308,532	6,708,786	6,696,561	
Improvements other than buildings	543,430	374,043	5,155,451	4,585,788	5,698,881	4,959,831	
Machinery and equipment	2,658,335	2,413,447	1,209,303	1,295,818	3,867,638	3,709,265	
Infrastructure	30,912,061	28,370,566	-	-	30,912,061	28,370,566	
Accumulated depreciation	(12,072,784)	(11,186,897)	(2,898,675)	(2,901,946)	(14,971,459)	(14,088,843)	
Total	\$36,030,171	\$33,948,063	\$3,797,561	\$3,311,142	\$39,827,732	\$37,259,205	

Additional information on the Town's capital assets can be found in Note 7 on pages 60 - 62 of this report.

Long-term debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the Town had long-term debt obligations in the forms of a 20-year \$10,000,000 revenue bond with an outstanding liability of \$8,920,000, compensated absences and other post-employment benefits. Sources of income such as the stormwater fee, Penny for Pinellas surtax, municipal public services tax contribute to the repayment of the loan. Annual debt service of approximately \$710,000 will be covered by \$1,140,000 of annual revenue from those three streams. There is also a covenant to budget and appropriate other non Ad Valorem proceeds should there be a revenue shortfall.

The Town receives an actuarial valuation of its other post-employment benefits (OPEB) as required under Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 45 every three years. The current valuation was performed in preparation for the FY 2015-16 CAFR.

Additional information on the Town's long-term debt activity can be found in Note 10 on pages 64 – 66 of this report.

Town of Belleair, Florida's Outstanding Debt and Compensated Absences

	Governmental Activities			usiness-Ty	pe A	ctivities	Total		
	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>		<u>2015</u>		<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	
Revenue Bonds	\$ 8,920,000	\$ 9,295,000	\$	-	\$	_	\$ 8,920,000	\$ 9,295,000	
Equipment Loan	271,638	-		-		-	271,638	-	
Compensated absences	309,480	295,685		80,780		74,903	390,260	370,588	
Net pension liability	648,553	494,876		-		-	648,553	494,876	
OPEB	118,736	70,789					118,736	70,789	
Total	\$10,268,407	\$10,156,350	\$	80,780	\$	74,903	\$10,349,187	\$10,231,253	

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

- Outlook has not changed much from the prior year; local and national economic conditions continue to be showing gradual improvement. Per capita income has increased slightly along with property values.
- The unemployment rate for Pinellas County, Florida for 2016 is 3.7 percent, which was down from 5.8 percent in 2015.
- Inflationary trends in the region compare healthy to the national indices.
- The Belleview Biltmore Hotel property has been sold and rezoned for Planned Mixed Use. The property is expected to be redeveloped as a mixture of condominiums, townhomes, and a boutique hotel. This redevelopment could mean as additional Ad Valorem revenue in excess of \$400,000 once the project is fully completed. Significant building fees should be collected in the coming year.
- The Town continued its 10-year lease agreement for the Belleview Biltmore Golf Club with Green Golf Partners. The agreement provides approximately \$190,000 annual revenue to the town.
- As chloride levels continue to rise, the town is exploring alternative water source options including Reverse Osmosis, wholesale purchase of water, and sale of the utility.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the Town of Belleair's annual operating & capital budget for the 2016-17 fiscal year.

Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Town of Belleair's finances for all those with an interest in such matters. Questions concerning any of the information supplied in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Town's Support Services Department, 901 Ponce de Leon Boulevard, Town of Belleair, Florida, 33756. The Town's web address is http://www.townofbelleair.com.



BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This section contains the following subsections:

Government-Wide Financial Statements

Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities

Fund Financial Statements

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of

Net Position - Governmental Funds

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -

Governmental Funds

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes

in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities -

Governmental Funds

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -

Budget and Actual:

General Fund

Proprietary Fund Financial Statements

Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position -

Proprietary Funds

Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds

Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds

Notes to Financial Statements

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

				Primary Govern	ment	
ASSETS	,	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,009,898	\$	2,005,790 \$		6,015,688
Investments		211,412		110,276		321,688
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)		436,404		616,408		1,052,812
Prepaid items		393,539		-		393,539
Capital Assets:						
Land		7,588,875		22,950		7,611,825
Buildings and improvements		6,400,254		308,532		6,708,786
Improvements other than buildings		543,430		5,155,451		5,698,881
Equipment		2,658,335		1,209,303		3,867,638
Infrastructure		30,912,061		=		30,912,061
Accumulated depreciation	i	(12,072,784)	_	(2,898,675)		(14,971,459)
Total Assets		41,081,424		6,530,035		47,611,459
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred outflows of resources related to						
pension plans		276,271		-		276,271
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable		151,917		111,862		263,779
Accrued salaries and wages		54,825		15,373		70,198
Current liabilities:						
Due Within One Year:						
Compensated absences		77,270		20,195		97,465
Equipment loan		57,785		-		57,785
Revenue bond		390,000		-		390,000
Non current liabilities:						
Due In More Than One Year:				20.706		20.706
Deposits Advance		(500,000)		29,706		29,706
Compensated absences		(590,000) 232,110		590,000 60,585		292,695
Equipment loan		213,853		00,383		213,853
Revenue bond		8,530,000		_		8,530,000
Net pension liability		648,553		_		648,553
Other post-employment benefits		118,736	-			118,736
Total Liabilities DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		9,885,049		827,721		10,712,770
Deferred inflows of resources related to						
pension plans NET POSITION		61,852		-		61,852
Invested in capital assets		26,838,533		3,797,561		30,636,094
Restricted for:						
Capital equipment replacement		696,650		-		696,650
Capital projects		2,254,603		-		2,254,603
Unrestricted		1,621,008	_	1,904,753		3,525,761
Total Net Position	\$	31,410,794	\$	5,702,314 \$	S	37,113,108

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

			Program Rever			Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position				
				Capital	-		imary Government			
			Charges for	Grants and		Governmental	Business-type			
	_	Expenses	Services	Contributions	-	Activities	Activities	Total		
Functions/Programs										
Primary government:										
Governmental Activities:	Ф	2.052.204 #	1.022.000 #		ф	(1.020.41.6) #	Φ.	(1.020.41.6)		
General government	\$	2,053,304 \$	1,032,888 \$		\$		- \$	(1,020,416)		
Public Safety		2,034,289	15,468	3,597		(2,015,224)	=	(2,015,224)		
Transportation		1,526,427	-	708,142		(818,285)	-	(818,285)		
Culture and recreation		1,593,065	509,796	-		(1,083,269)	=	(1,083,269)		
Interest on long-term debt	_	325,571	-	-	-	(325,571)	- -	(325,571)		
Total governmental activities		7,532,656	1,558,152	711,739		(5,262,765)	-	(5,262,765)		
Business-Type Activities:										
Water		1,258,032	1,473,926	7,713		-	223,607	223,607		
Wastewater management		1,090,771	1,105,844	-		-	15,073	15,073		
Solid waste management	_	777,415	780,881	2,941	_		6,407	6,407		
Total business-type activities	_	3,126,218	3,360,651	10,654	_		245,087	245,087		
Total primary government	\$_	10,658,874 \$	4,918,803 \$	722,393	_	(5,262,765)	245,087	(5,017,678)		
		Compand Davianua			_					
		General Revenues Property taxes				3,634,385		3,634,385		
		Utility taxes				774,675	-	774,675		
		Franchise taxe	NG.			362,980	-	362,980		
		Unrestricted	<i>.</i> S			302,980	-	302,980		
		Intergovernme	untal							
		Revenues:	iitai							
			nue sharing			97,630		97,630		
			cation services tax			173,413	_	173,413		
		Half-cent				244,096	_	244,096		
		Local option				56,790	_	56,790		
			ure sales surtax			398,838	_	398,838		
		Other taxe				3,387	-	3,387		
			s ivestment earning	o.		3,853	628	4,481		
		Miscellaneous	_	S		131,810	9,110	140,920		
	7	Fransfers				(596,264)	596,264	140,920		
	,	Tansiers				(390,204)	390,204			
		Total Gene	ral Revenues and	transfers	5,285,593	606,002	5,891,595			
		Changes in	Net Position			22,828	851,089	873,917		
	N	Net Position - Beg	inning			31,387,966	4,851,225	36,239,191		
	N	Net Position - End	ing		\$	31,410,794 \$	5,702,314 \$	37,113,108		

BALANCE SHEET

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

ASSETS		General	_	Infrastructure	astructure Golf		Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds		
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):	\$	388,022 183,895	\$	1,679,838 23,492	\$	897,461 \$	1,044,577 4,025	\$	4,009,898 211,412		
Taxes: Franchise taxes Utility taxes Accounts		37,439 - 117,670		98,315		41,000	- - -		37,439 98,315 158,670		
Intergovernmental: State County Prepaid items Advance to Water Fund		64,648 3,584 3,539 590,000		64,674 390,000		- - -	9,074		64,648 77,332 393,539 590,000		
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	· ·	\$	2,256,319	\$	938,461	1,057,676	\$	5,641,253		
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES											
Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued payroll	\$	96,966 54,825	\$	1,716	\$	- \$ -	53,235	\$	151,917 54,825		
Total liabilities		151,791		1,716		-	53,235		206,742		
Fund balances: Nonspendable Restricted Assigned Unassigned	_	3,539 - 95,531 1,137,936		2,254,603 - -		938,461 - -	1,004,441		3,539 4,197,505 95,531 1,137,936		
Total fund balances	-	1,233,467		2,254,603	_	938,461	1,004,441		5,430,972		
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	1,385,258	\$	2,256,319	\$	938,461	1,057,676				
Amounts reported for govern position are different b Capital assets used in	ecai	use:									
resources and, then Deferred outflows of r Long-term liabilities, i			36,030,171 276,271								
payable in the curre Governmental fund Deferred inflows of res	s.		ref	ore are not report	ed 11	n the			(10,268,307) (61,852)		
Net position of governmenta	l ac	tivities						\$	31,407,255		

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

REVENUES	General	Infrastructure	Golf	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Taxes:	General	miastructure	Gon	Tunus	1 unus
	\$ 3,031,076 \$	603,309 \$	- \$	- \$	3,634,385
Franchise	362,980	-	Ψ -	Ψ -	362,980
Utility	-	774,675	-	_	774,675
Licenses and permits	412,204	, -	-	-	412,204
Intergovernmental	518,736	1,106,980	-	56,790	1,682,506
Charges for services	936,437	-	205,516	-	1,141,953
Fines	3,995	-	-	-	3,995
Investment earnings	3,704	127	-	22	3,853
Contributions and donations	78,676	3,811	-	-	82,487
Miscellaneous	21,492	71	<u> </u>	31,147	52,710
Total Revenues	5,369,300	2,488,973	205,516	87,959	8,151,748
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General government	1,863,381	146,147	-	-	2,009,528
Public safety	2,014,029	-	-	-	2,014,029
Transportation	901,775	2,850,520	-	-	3,752,295
Culture and recreation	1,264,157	29,718	6,635	77,681	1,378,191
Debt service:					
Principal	28,362	375,000	-	-	403,362
Interest	3,559	322,012	<u> </u>		325,571
Total expenditures	6,075,263	3,723,397	6,635	77,681	9,882,976
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	(705.0(2)	(1.224.424)	100 001	10.279	(1.721.228)
over (under) expenditures	(705,963)	(1,234,424)	198,881	10,278	(1,731,228)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Sale of capital assets	3,961	-	-	-	3,961
Proceeds from debt	300,000	-	-	-	300,000
Transfers in	272,750	157,300	-	226,350	656,400
Transfers out	(115,250)	(719,664)	(140,000)	(277,750)	(1,252,664)
Total other financing sources (uses)	461,461	(562,364)	(140,000)	(51,400)	(292,303)
Net change in fund balances	(244,502)	(1,796,788)	58,881	(41,122)	(2,023,531)
Fund balances, October 1	1,481,508	4,051,391	879,580	1,045,563	7,458,042
Fund balances, September 30	\$ 1,237,006 \$	2,254,603 \$	938,461 \$	1,004,441 \$	5,434,511

See Notes to Financial Statements.

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	(2,023,531)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceed depreciation in the current period.		2,082,108
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in		
governmental funds.	_	(35,749)
Changes in net position of governmental activities	\$	22,828

GENERAL FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

		BUDGETEI) AM	IOUNTS		
DEVENIUES.		ORIGINAL	_	FINAL	ACTUAL AMOUNTS	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET-POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
REVENUES:						
Taxes: Property Franchise Licenses and permits Intergovernmental Charges for services Fines Investment earnings	\$	2,983,000 362,100 315,300 553,800 972,300 6,000 9,000	\$	2,983,000 362,100 315,300 553,800 972,300 6,000 9,000	362,980 412,204 518,736 936,437 3,995 3,704	\$ 48,076 880 96,904 (35,064) (35,863) (2,005) (5,296)
Contributions and donations Miscellaneous		74,590 48,700		74,590 48,700	78,676 21,492	4,086
TOTAL REVENUES	_	5,324,790	. <u> </u>	5,324,790	5,369,300	(27,208) 44,510
EXPENDITURES: Current: General government:						
Manager		1,224,200		1,241,770	1,231,187	10,583
Finance and administration		484,100		505,900	501,508	4,392
Comprehensive planning	_	163,450		144,750	130,686	14,064
Total general government		1,871,750		1,892,420	1,863,381	29,039
Public safety:						
Police		1,376,950		1,495,600	1,526,489	(30,889)
Fire	_	490,300		487,730	487,540	190
Total public safety		1,867,250		1,983,330	2,014,029	(30,699)
Transportation:						
Streets		582,250		886,050	901,775	(15,725)
Culture and recreation: Recreation		1,168,400		1,242,250	1,264,157	(21,907)
Recreation		1,108,400		1,242,230	1,204,137	(21,907)
Debt service:						
Principal		-		37,300	28,362	8,938
Interest	_	-	_	-	3,559	(3,559)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		5,489,650	<u> </u>	6,041,350	6,075,263	(33,913)

GENERAL FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016 (CONTINUED)

BUDGETED AMOUNTS

VARIANCE

3,458

3,458

	_	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL AMOUNTS	WITH FINAL BUDGET-POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER					
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	\$	(164,860) \$	(716,560) \$	(705,963)	\$ 10,597
OTHER FINANCING					
SOURCES (USES):					
Transfers in:					
Golf Fund		43,000	43,000	43,000	-
Capital equipment					
Replacement Fund		65,050	65,050	65,050	-
Infrastructure Fund		150,000	150,000	150,000	-
Water Fund		54,700	54,700	14,700	(40,000)
Transfers out:					
Capital equipment					
Replacement Fund		(111,250)	(111,250)	(111,250)	-
Public District					
Enhancement Fund			(4,000)	(4,000)	-
Proceeds from debt		259,000	259,000	300,000	41,000
Sale of capital assets	_	12,100	12,100	3,961	(8,139)
Total other financing					
sources (uses)	_	472,600	468,600	461,461	(7,139)

307,740

1,481,508

(247,960)

1,481,508

1,789,248 \$ ___1,233,548 \$ ___1,237,006 \$ ___

(244,502)

1,481,508

NET CHANGE IN

FUND BALANCE, OCTOBER 1

FUND BALANCE,

SEPTEMBER 30

FUND BALANCE

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

<u>SEPTEMBER 30, 2016</u>

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES - ENTERPRISE FUNDS

ASSETS

				Waste-		Solid Waste		
		Water		Water Management		waste Management		Totals
CURRENT ASSETS:	_	· · · · · · ·	-	- Williage Hielit	_	Tranagement	_	Totals
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,201,241	\$	214,398	\$	590,151	\$	2,005,790
Investments		27,496		57,950		24,830		110,276
Accounts receivable								
(net of allowance for								
uncollectible accounts)	_	240,340	-	248,636	-	127,432	_	616,408
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		1,469,077		520,984		742,413		2,732,474
NONCURRENT ASSETS:								
Capital Assets:								
Land		22,950		-		-		22,950
Buildings		308,532		-		-		308,532
Improvements other								
than buildings		5,155,451		-		-		5,155,451
Equipment	_	555,422	-	-	-	653,881		1,209,303
		6,042,355		-		653,881		6,696,236
Less accumulated depreciation	_	2,617,265	-	-	_	281,410	_	2,898,675
TOTAL CAPITAL ASSETS (NET OF								
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION)	_	3,425,090	-	-	_	372,471	_	3,797,561
TOTAL ASSETS	\$_	4,894,167	\$	520,984	\$	1,114,884	\$_	6,530,035

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES - ENTERPRISE FUNDS

LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION

				Waste- Water		Solid Waste		
		Water		Management		Management		Totals
CURRENT LIABILITIES:			-	8	•	8	_	
Accounts payable	\$	10,036	\$	83,926	\$	17,900	\$	111,862
Accrued payroll		10,748		-		4,625		15,373
Compensated absences	_	15,612	-	-		4,583	_	20,195
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		36,396		83,926		27,108		147,430
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES:								
Utility deposits		29,706		-		-		29,706
Advance from General Fund		590,000		-		-		590,000
Compensated absences	_	46,837	-	-		13,748	_	60,585
TOTAL NONCURRENT LIABILITIES	_	666,543	-			13,748	_	680,291
TOTAL LIABILITIES		702,939		83,926		40,856		827,721
NET POSITION								
Invested in capital assets		3,425,090		-		372,471		3,797,561
Unrestricted	_	766,138	-	437,058		701,557	_	1,904,753
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	4,191,228	\$	437,058	\$	1,074,028	\$_	5,702,314

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES - ENTERPRISE FUNDS

				Waste- Water		Solid Waste		
	_	Water	_	Management	_	Management		Totals
OPERATING REVENUES:								
Charges for sales and services	\$_	1,466,018	\$_	1,105,844	\$_	780,881	\$	3,352,743
Total operating revenues		1,466,018		1,105,844		780,881		3,352,743
OPERATING EXPENSES:								
Personal services		548,936		-		275,482		824,418
Materials and supplies		513,076		1,090,771		315,537		1,919,384
Utilities		60,372		-		706		61,078
Garbage and trash disposal		-		-		113,838		113,838
Depreciation	_	135,648	_	-	_	71,852	_	207,500
Total operating expenses	_	1,258,032	_	1,090,771	_	777,415	_	3,126,218
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		207,986		15,073		3,466		226,525
NONOPERATING REVENUES								
(EXPENSES):								
Interest revenue		181		313		134		628
Grant		7,713		-		2,941		10,654
Gain (loss) on disposal		23,162		-		(16,498)		6,664
Other income	_	970	_	-	_	1,476		2,446
Total nonoperating revenues	_	32,026	_	313	_	(11,947)		20,392
Income (loss) before contributions								
and transfers		240,012		15,386		(8,481)		246,917
Capital contributions - tap fees		7,908		-		-		7,908
Transfers in		596,364		-		125,700		722,064
Transfers (out)	_	(39,300)	_	-	_	(86,500)		(125,800)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		804,984		15,386		30,719		851,089
NET POSITION -								
Beginning of Year	_	3,386,244	_	421,672	_	1,043,309		4,851,225
NET POSITION -								
End of Year	\$ =	4,191,228	\$ =	437,058	\$ =	1,074,028 \$	=	5,702,314

See Notes to Financial Statements.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016 (CONTINUED)

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES - ENTERPRISE FUNDS

	Water	Waste- Water Management	Solid Waste Management	Totals
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:				
	\$ 1,431,630 \$	1,078,247 \$	785,099 \$	3,294,976
and services	(570,048)	(1,089,681)	(429,210)	(2,088,939)
Payments to employees for services	(559,804)	<u>-</u> .	(281,484)	(841,288)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY				
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	301,778	(11,434)	74,405	364,749
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL				
FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
Transfers from other funds	596,364	-	125,700	722,064
Transfers to other funds	(39,300)	<u> </u>	(86,500)	(125,800)
NET CASH USED BY NONCAPITAL				
FINANCING ACTIVITIES	557,064	-	39,200	596,264
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND				
RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
Proceeds from capital contributions				
for tap fees	7,908	-	-	7,908
Purchases of capital assets	(586,566)	<u> </u>	(146,868)	(733,434)
NET CASH USED FOR CAPITAL AND				
RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(578,658)	-	(146,868)	(725,526)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:				
Purchase of investments	(7,890)	-	8,934	1,044
Proceeds from sales and maturities	(1,722.1)		- ,	,-
of investments	79,735	-	(4,651)	75,084
Repayment of Advance to General Fund	(40,000)	-	=	(40,000)
Interest on investments	181	<u> </u>	134	315
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) IN				
INVESTING ACTIVITIES	32,026	<u> </u>	4,417	36,443
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	312,210	(11,434)	(28,846)	271,930
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, OCTOBER 1	889,031	225,832	618,997	1,733,860
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, SEPTEMBER 30 \$	1,201,241 \$	214,398 \$	590,151 \$	2,005,790

See Notes to Financial Statements.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016 (Continued)

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES - ENTERPRISE FUNDS

	Water	Was Wat Manage	er	Solid Waste Management	Totals
RECONCILIATION O PROVIDE	OF OPERATING D (USED) BY O			CASH	
Operating income (loss): \$	207,986	\$	15,073 \$	3,466	\$ 226,525
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Depreciation Other	135,648		- -	71,852	207,500
Change in assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	(34,888)	((27,597)	4,218	(58,267)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	3400		1,090	871	5,361
Increase (decrease) in accrued payroll Increase (decrease) in compensated	(3,875)		-	(1,741)	(5,616)
absences Increase (decrease) in utility	(6,993)		-	(4,261)	(11,254)
deposits	500			<u>-</u>	500
Total adjustments	93,792		(26,507)	70,939	138,224
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES \$	301,778	\$((11,434) \$ _	74,405 \$	364,749

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

FIDUCIARY FUND

SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

Assets

		_	Police Pension Fund
Receivables:			
Employer		\$	37,123
Intergovernmental revenue			48,560
Interest and dividends			8,800
Total receivables			94,483
Investment at fair value:			
U. S. Government securities			278,723
U. S. Government agency securities			3,727
Domestic fixed income investment fund			209,170
International fixed income investment fund			124,545
Corporate bonds			487,887
Domestic equity investment funds			390,155
Domestic stock			1,093,481
International equity investment fund			470,048
Temporary investments		_	101,643
Total investments			3,159,379
Prepaid expenses			2,511
Total assets			3,256,373
	<u>Liabilities</u>		
Accounts payable		_	10,845
Total liabilities			10,845
Net position restricted			
for pensions		\$	3,245,528

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

FIDUCIARY FUND

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

	_	Police Pension Fund
ADDITIONS:		
Contributions:		
Employer	\$	150,036
Plan members	_	46,400
Total contributions		196,436
Intergovernmental revenue:		
State excise tax rebate		48,560
Investment earnings (loss):		
Net realized and unrealized appreciation (depreciation) in fair value of investments		111,489
Interest and dividends		84,413
	_	
Investment earnings		195,902
Less investment expenses	_	29,524
Net investment earnings	_	166,378
Total additions		411,374
DEDUCTIONS:		
Benefits		158,004
Administrative expenses	_	27,832
Total deductions	_	185,836
Net increase in net position		225,538
Net position restricted for pensions: October 1	_	3,019,990
Net position restricted for pensions: September 30	\$ _	3,245,528

See Notes to Financial Statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Town of Belleair (Town) maintains its accounting records in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the Town's accounting policies are described below:

Reporting Entity - The Town is a political subdivision of the State of Florida, located in Pinellas County in the west central portion of the state. The Town was incorporated in 1925 under the provisions of the Laws of Florida, Chapter 10335 and since that time has operated under the same charter. The Town is approximately 2.5 square miles in area. The Town is a full service municipality providing its citizens with a full complement of municipal services. In addition, the Town owns and operates three utilities including: a water production and distribution system; a wastewater collection and treatment system; and a solid waste removal system.

In evaluating how to define the Town of Belleair, Florida (the primary government), for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 14, the Financial Reporting entity.

This governmental accounting standard requires that this financial statement present the Town of Belleair (the primary government) and its component units. Component units generally are legally separate entities for which a primary government is financially accountable. Financial accountability ordinarily involves meeting both of the following criteria: the primary government is accountable for the potential component unit (i.e., the primary government appoints the voting majority of its board) and the primary government is able to impose its will upon the potential component unit, or there is a possibility that the potential component unit may provide specific financial benefits or impose specific financial burdens on the primary government. The Town's police officers' defined benefit pension fund is included in these financial statements as a pension fund.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

<u>Police Officers' Pension Fund</u> - The Town's police officers participate in the police officers' pension plan. The plan was created by the Town Commission under Florida Statutes Chapter 185 to provide pension services solely to the Town, functions for the benefit of these employees and is governed by a five-member pension board. Two police officers, two Town residents and a fifth member elected by the other four members constitute the pension board. The Town and the plan participants are obligated to fund all plan costs based upon actuarial valuations. The Town is authorized to establish benefit levels and the board of pension trustees approves the actuarial assumptions used in the determination of contribution levels.

During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2014 the Town adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans which became effective for fiscal year ended September 30 2014 (Note 15). During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015, the Town adopted (GASB) Statement 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*. Since separate trust financial statements have not been issued for this police pension plan and are only reported as a fiduciary fund in these statements. All of the disclosures required by GASB 67 have been reported in these statements. Further, the Town has chosen to use September 30, 2016 as the measurement date for GASB 68 reporting purposes. This statement changes the focus of pension accounting for employers from where they are responsibly funding their plan over time to a point-in-time liability that is reflected in the employer's financial statements for any actuarially unfunded portion of pension benefits to date.

The Police Officers' Pension Fund financial statements include solely the account of the plan which include all programs, activities and functions relating to the accumulation and investment of the assets and related income necessary to provide the service, disability and death benefits required under the terms of the plan and the amendments thereto.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Employees' 401 (K) Fund - The Town's full-time employees not covered under the police officers' pension plan participate in the Employees' 401(K) Plan. The plan is governed by a four-member retirement plan committee. The Town manager, the mayor and two representatives of the Town's finance committee constitute the retirement plan committee. The plan provides that the Town will match the participants' contributions with an employer contribution of nine percent of earnings. The participants are required to contribute at least three percent of their compensation to be eligible for the matching contribution.

Complete custodial statements of the above individual funds can be obtained from: Town of Belleair, finance director's office, 901 Ponce de Leon Boulevard, Belleair, Florida 33756.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements - As discussed more fully in Note 20 the town has adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 34, "Basic Financial Statements and Management Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments." The government-wide financial statements required under this statement (the statement of net position and the statement of changes in net position) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds (i.e. the pension trust fund) are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Receivables and payables - Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources/Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> - GASB Concept Statement No. 4 "Elements of Financial Statements" introduced two new elements of the financial statements in addition to Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets (changed to Net Position) which are:

Deferred Outflows of Resources - is a consumption of net position by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period.

Deferred Inflows of Resources - is an acquisition of net position by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period.

GASB Statement No. 63 "Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position" provides financial reporting guidance for Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of resources and also identifies Net Position (replacing Net Assets) as the residual of all the elements (Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources) presented in a statement of financial position.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Deferred Outflows of Resources/Deferred Inflows of Resources (Continued)

Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 65 "Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities" establishes accounting and financial reporting standards that reclassify, as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities.

The Town has the following items that qualify for reporting in this category:

- A. Pension contributions after measurement date. These contributions are deferred and recognized in the following fiscal year.
- B. Difference in projected and actual earning on pension assets This difference is deferred and amortized over a closed five year period.

All tax, accounts and intergovernmental receivables, are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. Trade accounts receivable in excess of 180 days comprise the trade accounts receivable allowance for uncollectibles including those for the sewer and solid waste management enterprise funds.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Complete custodial statements of the above individual funds can be obtained from: Town of Belleair, finance director's office, 901 Ponce de Leon Boulevard, Belleair, Florida 33756.

Government-Wide and Fnd Financial Statements - As discussed more fully in Note 20 the town has adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 34, "Basic Financial Statements and Management Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments." The government-wide financial statements required under this statement (the statement of net position and the statement of changes in net position) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds (i.e. the pension trust fund) are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Since the governmental fund financial statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide statements' governmental activities column, a reconciliation is presented on the same page or the page following each statement, which briefly explains the adjustments necessary to reconcile the fund based financial statements to the governmental activities column of the government-wide presentation.

The Town's fiduciary funds are presented in the fund financial statements by type (pension). Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third-party (pension participants) and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the government, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation-The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial* resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Franchise taxes, intergovernmental revenues and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the town.

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

The *general fund* is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *infrastructure fund* accounts for the capital projects funded by the infrastructure sales surtax.

The *golf fund* accounts for the golf course operations.

The Town reports the following major proprietary funds:

<u>Water fund</u> - to account for the assets, operation and maintenance of the town-owned water system.

<u>Wastewater management</u> - to account for operation of the sewer system.

<u>Solid waste management</u> - accounts for the assets, operation and maintenance of the town-owned refuse disposal system.

Additionally, the Town reports the following fund type:

<u>Pension fund</u> - accounts for the activities of the public safety employees' pension plan, which accumulates resources for pension benefit payments to qualified public safety employees.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the government's water, wastewater and solid waste functions and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Town's water, wastewater management and solid waste management enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The Town also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Town's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity:

<u>Deposits and investments</u> - The Town's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The Town's investment policy is to maintain funds in investments which yield the highest possible efficiency and return within the limitations established by Florida Statutes, Chapter 166.261. Provisions of those statutes authorize the Town to invest in:

- a) Florida State Board of Administration Local Government Pooled Investment Fund.
- b) Bonds, notes or other obligations of the United States or for which the credit of the United States is pledged for the payment thereof.
- c) Interest-bearing time deposits, savings accounts or collective investment funds in banks or savings and loan associations organized under the laws of the United States.
- d) Obligations of the federal farm credit banks and the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation.
- e) Obligations of the Federal National Mortgage Association and the Government National Mortgage Association.

Investments in fixed income securities are stated at fair value. Fair value is the amount at which an investment could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale.

The Florida State Board of Administration Local Government Pooled Investment Fund has met the criteria to be considered a "2A-7 like" Investment Fund as defined by GASB Statement No. 31. Therefore, amortized cost may be used for valuation. The fair value of the Town's investment in this pool is determined by the pool's share price (account balance).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Investments held by the Town's police officers' pension plan are reported at fair value. Short-term investments are reported at amortized cost, which approximates fair value. Securities traded on national exchanges are valued at the last reported sales price. Investments that do not have an established market are reported at estimated fair values.

<u>New Accounting Pronouncements</u> - The GASB has issued the following statement which became effective for fiscal year 2016.

Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 72, "Fair Value Measurement and Application" requires disclosures to be made about fair value measurements, the level of fair value hierarchy, and valuation techniques. Governments should organize these disclosures by type of asset or liability reported in certain entities that calculate net asset value per share (or its equivalent).

<u>Property Taxes</u> - Under Florida law, the assessment of all properties and the collection of all county, municipal and school board property taxes are consolidated in the offices of the county property appraiser and county tax collector.

The tax levy of the town is established by the town commission prior to October 1 of each year and the Pinellas County Property Appraiser incorporates the town's millages into the total tax levy, which includes the Pinellas County School Board tax requirements. The town is permitted by state law to levy taxes up to ten mills of assessed valuation, exclusive of taxes levied for the payment of bonds. The 2016 millage rate assessed by the town was 5.9257.

All property is reassessed according to its fair market value January 1 of each year. Each assessment roll is submitted to the executive director of the state department of revenue for review to determine if the rolls meet all of the appropriate requirements of state statutes.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

All tax, accounts and intergovernmental receivables, are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. Trade accounts receivable in excess of 180 days comprise the trade accounts receivable allowance for uncollectibles including those for the water, wastewater and solidwaste management enterprise funds.

All taxes are due and payable on November 1 of each year or as soon thereafter as the assessment roll is certified and delivered to the tax collector. All unpaid taxes become delinquent on April 1 following the year in which they are assessed. Discounts are allowed for early payment at the rate of 4% in the month of November, 3% in the month of December, 2% in the month of January and 1% in the month of February. The taxes paid in March are without discount.

Delinquent taxes on real property bear interest at 18% per year. On or prior to June 1 following the tax year, certificates are sold for all delinquent taxes on property. After sale, tax certificates bear interest at 18% per year or at any lower rate bid by the buyer. Application for a tax deed on any unredeemed tax certificates may be made by the certificate holder after a period of two years.

Delinquent taxes on personal property bear interest at 18% per year until the tax is satisfied either by seizure and sale of the property or by the five-year statute of limitations.

Because of the Pinellas County Tax Collector's Office efficient system for selling tax certificates and remitting the proceeds to the Town, any delinquent or uncollected property taxes at year end are immaterial. The Town's tax calendar is as follows:

Valuation Date: January 1 Levy Date: November 1

Due Date: March 31, succeeding year Lien Date: April 1, succeeding year

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

<u>Franchise Fees</u> - The Town's franchise fees are based on payments to the Town which equal a percentage of the grantees' gross revenues net of any customer credits. The Town's current grantees include the electric and the natural gas utilities.

<u>Capital assets</u> - Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., streets, bridges, seawalls and stormlines), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$1,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2003 the Town elected to implement the retroactive addition of infrastructure assets acquired prior to October 1, 2002.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred, if any, during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government, is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	<u>Years</u>
Buildings	45 - 55
Building improvements	20 - 30
Improvements other than	
buildings	45 - 55
Machinery and equipment	5 - 15
Infrastructure	45 - 60

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued

<u>Compensated absences</u> - It is the Town's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits.

Regular, full-time, permanent employees earn vacation and sick leave starting with the first day of employment.

Vacation leave is earned based on years of continuous and creditable service as follows:

Years	Total
of Service	Days Per Year
	•
1 to 5	10
5 to 15	15
15 years and over	20

A maximum of thirty days vacation leave may be carried over from one year to the next. An employee who has served one year or more and who voluntarily terminates employment with the Town is paid for any unused vacation leave accumulated to the time of termination.

Sick leave is earned at the rate of eight hours for each month of service and shall be cumulative up to a maximum of two hundred forty hours for union employees and four hundred eighty hours for non-union employees. Each year employees have the option of receiving a lump-sum payment for sick leave earned in excess of eighty hours. Upon termination, providing the employee has two continuous years of service and that termination is not a dismissal, the employee is entitled to a lump-sum payment for all accrued unused sick leave.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Vested or accumulated vacation and sick leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. Amounts of vested or accumulated vacation and sick leave that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported in long-term debt. No expenditure is reported for these amounts. Vested or accumulated vacation and sick leave of proprietary funds is recorded as an expense and liability of those funds as the benefits accrue to employees.

All sick and vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

<u>Long-term obligations</u> - In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position.

<u>Fund equity</u> - In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balances for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose.

<u>Net position</u> - The government-wide and business-type fund financial statements utilize a net position presentation. Net position is presented in three components - net investment in capital assets, restrict, and unrestricted.

<u>Net Investment in Capital Assets</u> - This component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes or other borrowings attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. This component does not include the position of debt attributable to the unspent proceeds.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Restricted - This component consists of net position that have constraints placed on them either externally by third-parties (creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments) or by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The government-wide statement of net position reports \$2,951,253 of restricted net position, which is restricted by enabling legislation.

Unrestricted - This component consists of net position that does not meet the definition of "net investment in capital assets" and "restricted".

Nature and Purpose of Classifications of Fund Equity - In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the Town is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. Amounts that are restricted to specific purposes either by

- a) constraints placed on the use of resources by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or
- b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation are classified as restricted fund balances.

Amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by the Commission through a resolution are classified as committed fund balances. Amounts that are constrained by the Town's intent to be used for specific purposes but are not either restricted nor committed are classified as assigned fund balances. Assignments are made by the Town's management based on Commission direction. Non-spendable fund balances include amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Unassigned fund balance represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the governmental funds.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Fund Balance Policy

The Town hereby establishes and will maintain Fund Balance, as defined herein, in accordance with Governmental Accounting and Financial Standards Board Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*. Fund Balance shall be composed of non-spendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned amounts.

A Fund Balance Policy is adopted in order to secure and maintain investment-grade credit ratings, meet seasonal shortfalls in cash flow, and reduce susceptibility to emergency or unanticipated expenditures and/or revenue shortfalls. Fund balance information is used to identify the available resources to repay long-term debt, reduce property taxes, add new governmental programs, expand existing ones, or enhance the financial position of the Town, in accordance with policies established by the Town Commission.

This Fund Balance Policy establishes:

- a. Fund balance policy for the general fund;
- b. The method of budgeting the amount of estimated unrestricted fund balance (also known as estimated beginning fund balance) available for appropriation during the annual budget adoption process (prior to the actual, audited fund balance being known) and what actions may need to be taken if the actual fund balance is significantly different than the budgeted fund balance; and
- c. Establish the spending order of fund balances.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)</u>

NON-SPENDABLE FUND BALANCE

Amounts that are (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

RESTRICTED FUND BALANCE

Amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes stipulated by (a) external resource providers such as creditors (by debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

COMMITTED FUND BALANCE

Amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action (resolution) of the Town Commission, the highest level of decision making authority. Commitments may be changed or lifted only by the Town Commission taking the same formal action (resolution) that imposed the constraint originally. Resources accumulated pursuant to stabilization arrangements sometimes are reported in this category.

ASSIGNED FUND BALANCE

This includes spendable fund balance amounts established by the Town Manager that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are neither considered restricted or committed. Assignments are made by the Town Manager based on Commission direction.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)</u>

UNASSIGNED FUND BALANCE

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund. Unassigned fund balance may also include negative balances for any governmental fund if expenditures exceed amounts restricted, committed, or assigned for those specific purposes.

MINIMUM LEVEL OF UNASSIGNED FUND BALANCE

If, after the annual audit, prior or committed or assigned fund balance causes the unassigned fund balance to fall below 20% of General Fund operating expenditures, the Manager will so advise the Commission in order for the necessary action to be taken to restore the unassigned fund balance to 20% of General Fund operating expenditures.

The Manager will prepare and submit a plan for Commission for assigned fund balance reduction, expenditure reductions and/or revenue increases to Commission. The Town shall take action necessary to restore the unassigned fund balance to acceptable levels within two years.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

ASSIGNED FUND BALANCE

The Town policy hereby established the following assigned fund balance reserves in the General Fund:

Assignment to Subsequent Year's Budget - the subsequent year's budget fund balance reserve is assigned by Commission as set forth in the annual budget (and any amendments thereto) to appropriate a portion of existing unassigned fund balance to eliminate a projected deficit in the subsequent year's budget in an amount no greater than the projected excess of expected expenditures over revenues.

<u>Comparative data/reclassifications</u> - Comparative total data for the prior year have been presented only for individual pension funds in the fund financial statements in order to provide an understanding of the changes in the financial position and operations of these funds. Also, certain amounts presented in the prior year data have been reclassified in order to be consistent with the current year's presentation.

<u>Subsequent Events</u> - Management has adopted the provisions set forth in GASB Statement No. 56, *Subsequent Events*, and considered subsequent events through the date of the audit report which is the date that the financial statements were available to be issued.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

2. Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

A. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net position.

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between *fund balance* - *total governmental funds and net position* - *governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. The detail of this \$25,976,283 difference is as follows:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.

Governmental capital assets	\$	48,102,955	
Less accumulated depreciation		(12,072,784)	
			\$ 36,030,171
Certain deferred outflows of resources are not available to pay current period expenditures and therefore are not reported in the funds.			
Deferred outflows of resources related to pension plan.			276,271
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.			
Other post-employment benefits (OPEB)		(118,736)	
Revenue bond		(8,920,000)	
Equipment lease		(271,638)	
Compensated absences	_	(309,380)	
			(9,619,754)
Certain liabilities and deferred inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.			
Net pension liability		(648,553)	
Deferred inflows of resources related to pension plans	_	(61,852)	 (710,405)
Net adjustment to increase fund balance - total Governmental funds to arrive			
at net position - Governmental activities			\$ 25,976,283

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

2. Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

B. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities.

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between *net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds and changes in net position of governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation explains that "Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expenses." The details of this \$2,082,108 difference are as follows

Capital outlay	\$	3,171,674
Loss on sale of equipment		(27,110)
Depreciation expense		(1,062,456)
Net adjustment to increase <i>net changes in fund balances</i> - total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net position of governmental activities	\$	2 082 108
of governmental activities	→ ==	2,082,108

Another element of that reconciliation states that "Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds." The details of this \$(35,749) difference are as follows:

Principal payment on bond	\$ 375,000
Principal payment on loan	28,362
Proceeds from debt	(300,000)
Compensated absences	(13,695)
OPEB obligation	(47,947)
Pension expense	 (77,469)
Net adjustment to decrease net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net position of governmental activities	\$ (35,749)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

3. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

<u>Budgetary information</u> - Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for the general fund and the enterprise funds and are controlled on a fund and department level. The Town adopts project-length budgets for its infrastructure capital projects fund. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

In accordance with the requirements of Section 4.04(c) of the Town's charter, budgetary data for the Town's enterprise funds have been reported in the combining and individual fund section of this report. The Town Manager is authorized to transfer budget amounts within departments; however, any revision that alters the total expenditures of any department or fund must be approved by the Town Commission.

On or before May 31 of each year, all departments of the Town submit requests for appropriation to the Town Manager so that a budget may be prepared. The budget is prepared by fund, function and activity, and includes information on the past year, current year estimates and requested appropriations for the next fiscal year.

The proposed budget is presented to the Town Commission for review before August 1. The Town Commission holds public hearings and may add to, subtract from, or change appropriations, but may not change the form of the budget. Any changes in the budget must be within the revenues and reserves estimated as available by the Town Manager or the revenue estimates must be changed by an affirmative vote of a majority of the Town Commission.

Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the departmental level. During the year one supplementary appropriation was necessary.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

3. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability (Continued

<u>Excess of expenditures (expenses) over revenues</u> - The following funds had an operating deficit for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016 summarized as follows:

Fund	 Operating Deficit
General	\$ (705,963)
Infrastructure	\$ (1,234,424)
Solid Waste Management	\$ (8,481)
Park and Public District Enhancement	\$ (46,533)

The Town's Board of Commissioners will use the available fund balances in the above funds to cover these deficits.

4. Deposits

At year-end the carrying amount of the Town's deposits was \$4,009,898 and the bank balance was \$4,968,461. The bank balance was covered by federal depository insurance and, for the amount in excess of such federal depository insurance, by the State of Florida's Security for Public Deposits Act. Provisions of the act require that public deposits may only be made at qualified public depositories. The act requires each qualified public depository to deposit with the state treasurer eligible collateral equal to or in excess of the required collateral as determined by the provisions of the act. In the event of a failure by a qualified public depository, losses in excess of federal depository insurance and proceeds from the sale of the securities pledged by the defaulting depository, are assessed against the other qualified public depositories of the same type as the depository in default.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

5. Investments

Investments that are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book-entry form include investments in open-ended mutual funds and pools managed by other governments.

Investments not subject to categorization:	_	Fair Value	Bond Rating	Weighted Average Duration (Years)
· C	Φ	202.450	A A	D. 11
U.S. Government Securities and Agencies	\$	282,450	AA	Daily
Fixed income investment funds		333,715	AA	Daily
Corporate bonds		487,887	AAA	Daily
Domestic Stock		1,093,481	N/A	N/A
Equity investment funds		860,203	N/A	N/A
Temporary investments		101,643	N/A	N/A
Florida State Board of Administration Local				
Government Pooled Investment Fund (SBA)	_	321,688	Not Rated	N/A
Total investments	\$_	3,481,067		

<u>Interest Rate Risk</u> - Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment in debt securities. Generally, the longer the time to maturity, the greater the exposure to interest rate risk. The Town manages its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates through its adopted investment policies. The Town limits the effective duration of its investment portfolio through the adoption of nationally recognized risk measure bench marks.

<u>Credit Risk</u> - Credit risk is the risk that a debt issuer will not fulfill its obligations. Consistent with chapter 218 of the Florida Statutes the Town's investment guidelines limit its fixed income investments to a quality rating of 'A' or equivalent as rated by one or more recognized bond rating service at the time of purchase. Fixed income investments which are downgraded to 'BAA' or equivalent must be liquidated within a reasonable period of time not to exceed twelve months. Fixed income investments which are downgraded below 'BAA' shall be liquidated immediately.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

5. Investments (Continued)

<u>Custodial Credit Risk</u> - Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that the Plan may not recover cash and investments held by another party in the event of a financial failure. The Plan requires all securities to be held by a third party custodian in the name of the Plan. Securities transactions between a broker-dealer and the custodian involving the purchase or sale of securities must be made on a "delivery vs. payment" basis to ensure that the custodian will have the security or money, as appropriate, in hand at the conclusion of the transaction. The investments in mutual funds are considered *unclassified* pursuant to the custodial credit risk categories of GASB Statement No. 3, because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book-entry form.

The Town has adopted a written investment policy in accordance with Florida Statute 218(16). That statute is intended to minimize interest rate, credit and custodial risk by directing the Town to invest only in authorized investments summarized as follows:

- (a) The Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund or any Intergovernmental investment pool authorized pursuant to the Florida Interlocal Cooperation Act as provided in s. 163.01.
- (b) Securities and Exchange Commission registered money market funds with the highest credit quality rating from a nationally recognized rating agency.
- (c) Interest-bearing time deposits or savings accounts in qualified public depositories as defined in s. 280.02.
- (d) Direct obligations of the United States Treasury.
- (e) Federal agencies and instrumentalities.
- (f) Securities of, or other interests in, any open-end or closed-end management-type investment company or investment trust registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, 15 U.S.C. ss. 80a-1 et seq., as amended from time to time, provided that the portfolio of such investment company or investment trust is limited to obligations of the United States Government or any agency or instrumentality thereof and to repurchase agreements fully collateralized by such United States Government obligations, and provided that such investment company or investment trust takes delivery of such collateral either directly of through an authorized custodian.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

5. Investments (Continued)

The investment in the MBS-FNMA 30 year conventional represents the purchase of a security as a part of an overnight repurchase agreement under a bank sweep account contract. Terms of the master repurchase agreement permit investment only in U.S. government or agency securities. At September 30, 2016 this investment was held by the Town's bank in the Town's name and is recorded in the general fund.

Investments in common stock, U.S. government and agency bonds are assets of the Town's police officers' pension plan and are traded on a national securities exchange and are valued at the last reported sales price on the last business day of the year.

The federated treasury fund is an asset of the Town's police officers' pension plan. The fair value of these investments was determined by the funds' share price as of September 30, 2016.

The State Board of Administration (SBA) was established on June 21, 1928, pursuant to chapter 14486, 1929, Laws of Florida. The SBA was subsequently created as a constitutional body corporate on January 1, 1943, under the provisions of senate joint resolution No. 324, 1941; approved by the electorate in November 1942. The SBA is composed of the Governor, as chairman, the state treasurer, as treasurer, and the state Comptroller, as Secretary, and provides the following services by law: (1) investment of funds of the Florida Retirement System (FRS); (2) administration of debt service funds; (3) investment of trust and agency funds; and (4) distribution of the "second gas tax."

The local government pooled investment fund is governed by ch. 19-7 of the Florida Administrative Code, which identifies the rules of the State Board of Administration. These rules provide guidance and establish the general operating procedures for the administration of the local government pooled investment fund. Additionally, the Office of the Auditor General performs the operational audit of the activities and investments of the State Board of Administration.

Since the Florida State Board of Administration (SBA) local government pooled investment fund typically owns a substantial amount of treasury bills and notes, the fund has utilized security lending programs to generate supplemental income. This income is used to pay a significant portion of the fees associated with the fund which otherwise would have

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

5. Investments (Continued)

to be paid from regular fund earnings. Any residual is used to build the fund's reserve on behalf of participants. Both of these goals have been accomplished without impacting the regular earnings in the fund with no change in the fund's investment strategy. The investment in the Florida SBA pool is carried at the pool's share price at September 30, 2016. The Florida SBA is a 2a-7 like pool.

6. Receivables

Receivables at of September 30, 2016 for the government's individual major funds and nonmajor, and fiduciary funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are summarized as follows:

		General	Infra- structure	Golf	Water	Waste- Water Management	Solid Waste Management	Nonmajor and Other Funds	Total
Receivables:									
Taxes	\$	37,439	\$ 98,315 \$	\$	- 3	-	\$ - 3	- \$	135,754
Accounts		117,670	-	41,000	240,340	248,636	127,432	-	775,078
Intergovernmental	_	68,232		<u>-</u>			<u>-</u>	9,074	77,306
Gross receivables		223,341	98,315	41,000	240,340	248,636	127,432	9,074	988,138
Less: Allowance for									
uncollectibles	_				<u>-</u>				<u>-</u>
Net total receivables	\$	223,341	\$ 98,315 \$	41,000 \$	240,340	\$ 248,636	\$ 127,432	\$ 9,074 \$	988,138

As the operator of three utilities, (water, wastewater management and solid waste management enterprise funds) the Town grants credit to their customers, substantially all of whom are Town residents.

Revenues of the water, wastewater and solid waste funds are reported net of uncollectible amounts. There were no uncollectible amounts related to revenues that were written off during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

7. <u>Capital Assets</u>

Capital asset activity for the	yeaı	ended Sept Balance October 1, 2015	tem	Increases	б w	vas as follows Decreases	s: _	Balance September 30, 2016
Governmental activities:								
Capital assets, not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	7,588,875	\$	-	\$	-	\$	7,588,875
Construction in progress	_	1,873,660	_	2,310,945	_	994,340	_	3,190,265
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		9,462,535		2,310,945		994,340		10,779,140
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Buildings		6,388,029		12,225		-		6,400,254
Improvements other than buildings		374,043		204,725		353,380		543,430
Machinery and Equipment		2,413,447		413,229		1,683,410		2,658,335
Infrastructure	_	26,496,906	_	1,224,890	-		_	27,721,796
Total capital assets, being depreciated		35,672,425		1,855,069		2,036,790		37,323,815
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings		(1,202,509)		(180,949)		-		(1,383,458)
Improvements other than buildings		(172,869)		(30,478)		35,338		(168,009)
Machinery and equipment		(1,145,667)		(248,250)		141,231		(1,252,686)
Infrastructure	_	(8,665,852)	_	(602,779)	_	_	_	(9,268,631)
Total accumulated depreciation	_	(11,186,897)	_	(1,062,456)	-	176,569	_	(12,072,784)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	_	24,485,528	_	792,613	_	27,110	_	25,251,031
Governmental activities								
capital assets, net	\$	33,948,063	\$_	3,103,558	\$	1,021,450	\$_	36,030,171

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

7. <u>Capital Assets (Continued)</u>

Business-type activities:	Balance October 1, 2015	Increases	Decreases	Balance September 30, 2016
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 22,950	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 22,950
Construction in progress	479,170	569,663	354,599	694,234
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	502,120	569,663	354,599	717,184
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings	308,532	-	-	308,532
Improvements other than buildings	4,106,618	354,599	-	4,461,217
Machinery and Equipment	1,295,818	146,868	233,383	1,209,303
Total capital assets, being depreciated	5,710,968	501,467	233,383	5,979,052
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	(268,265)	(7,304)	-	(275,569)
Improvements other than buildings	(1,784,624)	(105,831)	-	(1,890,455)
Machinery and equipment	(849,057)	(94,365)	210,771	(1,154,193)
Total accumulated depreciation	(2,901,946)	(207,500)	210,771	(2,898,675)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	2,809,022	293,967	22,612	3,080,377
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$3,311,142	\$ 863,630	\$ 377,211	\$ 3,797,561

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

7. Capital Assets (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

General government \$ Public safety Streets Culture and recreation	51,522 61,952 687,438 261,544
Streets	687,438
	,
Culture and recreation	261,544
-	
Total depreciation expenses - governmental activities \$	1,062,456
Business-type activities:	
Water \$	135,648
Wastewater	-
Solid waste	71,852
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities \$	207,500

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

8. <u>Interfund Transfers</u>

Transfers were made from the Capital Equipment Replacement and Infrastructure Funds to subsidize the budgeted acquisition of capital asset additions for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016.

The remaining transfers were made to cover budgeted expenses/expenditures for 2016.

		Transfers In	Transfers Out
General fund	\$	272,750 \$	115,250
Nonmajor governmental funds		226,350	277,750
Infrastructure fund		157,300	719,664
Water fund		596,364	39,300
Solid waste fund		125,700	86,500
Golf fund	_	_	140,000
Total	\$ <u></u>	<u>1,378,464</u> \$	1,378,464

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

9. <u>Intra-Governmental Charges</u>

The costs of certain general and administrative functions of the Town are recorded and controlled in the general fund. These administrative costs have been allocated to the Town's enterprise funds for the year ended September 30, 2016, as shown in the following table:

Enterprise Fund	Administrative Costs Allocated			
Water	\$	313,400		
Solid Waste Management		172,350		
Total	\$	485,750		

10. Long-Term Debt

Long-term debt includes accrued leave as of September 30, 2016:

During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016, the following changes occurred in liabilities reported in long-term debt:

		Balance				Balance	Due Within
	_	October 1	_	Additions	Reductions	September 30	One Year
Governmental activities:							
Revenue bonds	\$	9,295,000	\$	- \$	375,000	\$ 8,920,000 \$	390,000
Equipment loan		-		300,000	28,362	271,638	57,785
Accrued leave		295,685		155,996	142,301	309,380	77,270
Net pension liability		494,876		153,677	-	648,553	-
Other post-employment							
benefits (OPEB)	_	70,789	_	47,947		118,736	
Total Government activities	=	10,156,350	=	657,620	545,663	\$ 10,268,307 \$	525,055
Business-type activities:							
Accrued leave	\$_	74,903	\$	57,385 \$	51,508	\$ 80,780 \$	20,195

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

10. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Compensated absences are generally liquidated by the general fund for governmental activities. Since the only OPEB obligation is the implicit rate subsidy under Florida Statutes, the Town has elected not to provide or fund these postretirement benefits.

Capital Improvement Revenue Bond, Series 2012

On September 19, 2012, the Town Commission adopted Resolution 2012-37 to approve the issuance of \$10,000,000 of revenue bonds. The bonds are to finance a portion of the construction of stormwater and roadway improvements and a new municipal services building.

Pledged revenues for these bonds are sales surtax revenues, public service utility tax revenues, and stormwater fee revenues.

BB&T Bond Issuance

Term: September 21, 2012 through October 1, 2032

Amount issued: \$10,000,000

Interest rate: 3.61%

Annual Principal Payments: \$340,000 to \$685,000

Amount outstanding at

September 30, 2016: \$8,920,000

Debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

	_	Principal		Interest
2017	\$	390,000	\$	322,012
2018		405,000		307,933
2019		420,000		293,312
2020		435,000		278,150
2021		450,000		262,447
2022-2026		2,495,000		1,057,188
2027-2031		2,980,000		573,089
2032-2033	_	1,345,000	_	73,283
	\$	8,920,000	\$	3,167,414

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

10. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

SunTrust Equipment Loan

On March 30, 2016 the Town entered into a loan agreement with SunTrust Bank for \$300,000. The Town Commission adopted Resolution 2016-03 authorizing the execution of the loan agreement.

Term: March 30, 2016 through September 30, 2018

Amount issued: \$300,000 Interest rate: 2.47% Annual Debt Service \$63,843

Amount outstanding at

September 30, 2016: \$271,638

Debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

	Principa	<u>al</u> _	Interest	D	ebt Service
2017	\$ 57,7	785 \$	6,058	\$	63,843
2018	59,2	228	4,615		63,843
2019	60,	708	3,135		63,843
2020	62,2	224	1,618		63,842
2021	31,0	<u> 593</u>	229		31,922
	\$ <u>271,</u>	<u>638</u> \$	15,655	\$	287,293

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

11. Detail of Constraints on Fund Balances of General Fund

		General Fund	
Fund balances:			
Nonspendable:			
Prepaid items	\$	3,539	
Assigned:			
Park improvement		6,955	
Recreation donations		63,564	
Master landscaping		12,533	
Police equipment	_	12,479	
Total assigned		95,531	
Unassigned:	_	1,137,936	
Total fund balances	\$	1,237,006	

12. Lease Commitments

The Town currently leases certain equipment under a four and five year noncancellable operating leases. Total lease expense for 2016 was \$9,820. The following is a schedule of future minimum annual lease payments remaining under these leases.

Year	Amount
2017	\$ 7,996
2018	1,576
2019	1,576
Total	\$ 11,148

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

13. Risk Management

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. In an effort to reduce the rising costs of commercial insurance, the Town purchases all of its insurance coverages from Public Risk Management of Florida (PRM). The Town does not retain any risk of loss as a member of the PRM program which operates as any commercial insurance carrier.

The PRM program is structured under a protected self-insured retention insurance program with the following retention levels:

· Property	\$200,000
·Liability	\$200,000
· Errors and Omissions	\$200,000
· Workers' Compensation	\$650,000
· Crime	\$ 25,000

This is a "protected self-insurance retention program," not a self-funded program with insurance.

Specific excess insurance provides coverage to losses above the self-insured retention. A loss fund which is funded 100% by the program's members on a pro-rata basis pays the self insured retention amounts.

In the event that the loss fund (\$12,000,000) is exhausted, stop loss insurance is provided. The only deductible payable by members is \$500 for property, inland marine, automobile physical damage and crime. Members' contributions are allocated into three categories as follows:

- · insurance premiums
- · loss fund (paid annually as part of the Town's insurance premium)
- · administrative costs

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

13. Risk Management (Continued)

The excess insurance carriers and their coverage areas are summarized as follows:

Carrier	Coverage
Princeton E45	excess property
Liberty Mutual	excess workers' compensation
American Safety Indemnity	excess liability

The PRM program provides specified insurance coverages for 143 school systems and local governmental entities. The major benefits of such a pooling approach include:

- 1) Broader insurance coverage through mass purchasing power;
- 2) The reduction of insurance costs, with some measure of cost stabilization;
- 3) The availability of insurance from year to year; and
- 4) The development of a loss prevention program common to all members.

As indicated above, the Town continues to carry commercial insurance for employee health and accident insurance. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

14. <u>Contingent Liabilities</u>

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the State of Florida. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the Town expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The Town is involved in certain ongoing construction projects. Management's estimate of the costs of these projects through the next two fiscal years ending September 30, 2017 is between \$6,500,000 and \$7,500,000. The funding for these projects will come from the countywide one percent infrastructure sales surtax.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

14. Contingent Liabilities (Continued)

The Town did not receive federal grant funds during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016, and is not, therefore, subject to the program compliance audit by the grantee under the Office of Management and Budget circular A-133, "Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-profit Organizations".

The Town is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the Town attorney, the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the Town.

The Town has not entered into any operating leases with scheduled rent increases as of September 30, 2016.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

15. Investment Measurement at Fair Value

Fair Value Hierarchy

The accounting standards break down the fair value hierarchy into three levels based on how observable the inputs are that make up the valuation. The most observable inputs are classified as Level 1 where the unobservable inputs are classified as Level 3.

Level 1 inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the Town and Police Officers' Pension Fund (Plan) has the ability to access.

As a general rule, any asset that has a daily closing price and is actively traded will be classified as a Level 1 input.

Level 2 inputs are inputs (other than quoted prices included within Level 1) that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. Inputs to the valuation methodology include: (1) quoted market prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets, (2) quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in active markets, (3) inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability, and (4) inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means. If the asset or liability has a specified (contractual) term, the Level 2 input must be observable for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.

As a general rule, if an asset or liability does not fall into the requirements of a Level 1 or Level 3 input, it would default to Level 2. With Level 2 inputs, there is usually data that can be easily obtained to support the valuation, even though it is not as easily obtained as a Level 1 input would be.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

15. Investment Measurement at Fair Value (Continued)

Fair Value Hierarchy (Continued)

Level 3 inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

As a general rule, Level 3 inputs are those that are difficult to obtain on a regular basis and require verification from an outside party, such as an auditor or an appraisal, to validate the valuation.

Net asset value (NAV) is a common measurement of fair value for Level 1, Level 2, and Level 3 investments. A fund's NAV is simply its assets less its liabilities, and is often reported as a per share amount for fair value measurement purposes. The Town and Plan would multiply the NAV per share owned to arrive at fair value. Level 1 investment in funds such as mutual funds report at a daily NAV per share and are actively traded. NAV also comes in to play for Level 2 and 3 investments. As a matter of convenience (or referred to in accounting literature as a "practical expedient"), a Plan can use the NAV per share for investments in a nongovernmental entity that does not have a readily determined fair value, such as an alternative investment. Investments measured at NAV as a practical expedient would be excluded from the fair value hierarchy because the valuation is not based on actual market inputs but rather is quantified using the fund's reported NAV as a matter of convenience. The Town and Plan have no NAV investments.

The Town and Plan categorizes its fair value measurement within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The Town and Plan have the following total recurring fair value measurements as of September 30, 2016:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

15. Investment Measurement at Fair Value (Continued)

Fair Value Hierarchy (Continued)

- *Debt securities* Debt securities classified in Level 1 or Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities. Debt securities classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used by International Data Pricing and Reference Data, LLC to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices.
- Mutual funds The rationale for inclusion in Level 1 or Level 2 points to the
 unobservable inputs involved in mutual fund pricing. Mutual funds do not trade
 using bid and ask, as with ETF's or common stock. Instead, the prices are
 determined by the net asset value of the underlying investments at the close of
 business for the next day's open. The underlying assets themselves may include a
 variety of Level 1 and Level 2 securities and some may be valued using matrix
 pricing which interpolates the price of a security based on the price of similar
 securities.
- *Fixed income funds* Valued using pricing models maximizing the use of observable input for similar securities. This includes basing value on yield currently available on comparable securities of issues with similar credit ratings.
- Equity funds Valued at market prices for similar assets in active markets.
- Common stock Valued at quoted market prices for identical assets in active markets.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

15. Investment Measurement at Fair Value (Continued)

Fair Value Hierarchy (Continued)

The Plan categorizes its fair value measurement within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The Town and Plan have the following total recurring fair value measurements as of September 30, 2016:

			Fair Value Measurements Using				
Investments at fair value level	Se	eptember 30, 2016	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)		
investments at fair value level		2010	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)		
Debt Securities:							
U.S. Government securities	\$	278,723 \$	- \$	278,723 \$	-		
U.S. Government agency securities		3,727	-	3,727	-		
Domestic fixed income investment fund		209,170	209,170	-	-		
International fixed income investment fund		124,545	124,545	-	-		
Corporate bonds		487,887	- -	487,887			
Total debt securities		1,104,052	333,715	770,337	-		
Equity securities:			-		-		
Domestic equity investment funds		390,155	390,155	-	-		
Domestic stock		1,093,481	1,093,481	-	-		
International equity investment fund		470,048	470,048	_ _			
Total equity securities		1,953,684	1,953,684	-	-		
Temporary investments		423,331	423,331	_ _	<u>-</u>		
Total investments at fair value level	\$	3,481,067 \$	2,710,730 \$	770,337 \$			

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

16. Employee Retirement System

The Town maintains a single employer, defined benefit pension plan (police officers' pension plan) which covers all of its police officers as well as a defined contribution 401(k) plan which covers substantially all of the Town's remaining general employees.

Police Officers' Pension Fund

Plan Description:

The following brief description of the Town of Belleair police officers' retirement plan (plan) is provided for general information purposes only. Participants should refer to the plan ordinance for more complete information.

The plan is a single employer defined benefit pension plan covering all full-time sworn police officers of the Town of Belleair, Florida (Town). Participation in the plan is required as a condition of employment. Originally established by Town ordinance in 1977 and amended in 1986, 1993, 1995, 1997, 2002 and 2007 the plan provides for pension, death and disability benefits. The plan is subject to provisions of chapter 185 of the State of Florida statutes.

Basis of accounting is the method by which revenues and expenses are recognized in the accounts and are reported in the financial statements. The accrual basis of accounting is used for the plan. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when they are earned and collection is reasonably assured, and expenses are recognized when the liability is incurred. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Town contributions to the plan, as calculated by the plan's actuary, are recognized as revenue when due and the Town has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

16. Employee Retirement System (Continued)

Police Officers Pension Fund (continued)

Plan Description (continued)

Basis of accounting:

A State excise tax (rebate) collected from the Town's residents by the State of Florida is restricted to fund the plan under Florida Statutes, Chapter 185. This rebate has been included in the general fund's revenues and expenditures for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016. Contributions are received from the Town in amounts sufficient to fund the plan at an actuarially determined rate specified by state statute, chapter 185. The plan's administrative costs are financed through investment earnings. The plan has no undue investment concentrations.

The plan has not issued a stand-alone financial report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016.

The plan, in accordance with the above statute, is governed by a five member pension board. Two police officers who are elected by a majority of the members of the plan, two are residents of the Town who are appointed by the Town Commission and a fifth member elected by the other four members constitute the pension board. The Town and the plan participants are obligated to fund all plan costs based upon actuarial valuations. The Town is authorized to establish benefit levels and the board of trustees approve the actuarial assumptions used in the determination of contribution levels.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

16. Employee Retirement System (Continued)

Police Officers Pension Fund (continued)

Plan Description (continued)

Benefits Provided:

The Plan provides retirement, termination, disability and death benefits.

Normal Retirement:

Eligibility: Earlier of age 55 and the completion of 5 years of Credited Service or the completion of 25 years of Credited Service, regardless of age.

Benefit Amount: 3.50% of Average Final Compensation times Credited Service.

Early Retirement:

Eligibility: Age 50 and 10 years of Credited Service.

Benefit Amount: Accrued benefit, reduced 3% for each year that benefit commencement precedes normal retirement.

Disability:

Eligibility: Total and permanent disability prior to Normal Retirement Date. 10 years of Creditable Service required for non-service related disability.

Benefit Amount: (Service): Unreduced accrued benefit, but not less than 42% of Average Final Compensation.

Pre-Retirement Death Benefits:

Vested or On-Duty: Member's accrued benefit payable at what would have been the Member's Normal or Early (reduced) retirement date for 10 years.

Non-Vested, Off-Duty: Refund of Member contributions.

Vesting (Termination);

Less than 10 years of Credited Service: Refund of Member's contributions.

10 or more years of Credited Service Accrued benefit payable at age 50 or later, on Credited an actuarially reduced basis if to commence prior to Normal Retirement Date, or a refund of member's contributions with interest.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

16. Employee Retirement System (Continued)

Police Officers Pension Fund (continued)

Plan Description (continued)

Contributions:

Employee 6% of salary.

Remaining amounts required in order to pay current costs and amortize unfunded past service cost, if any, as provided in Chapter 112, Florida Statutes.

Net Pension Liability

The measurement date is September 30, 2016.

The measurement period for the pension expense was October 1, 2015 to September 30, 2016.

The reporting period is October 1, 2015 through September 30, 2016.

The Town's net liability was measured as of September 30, 2016.

The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions:

The total pension liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of October 1, 2015 updated to September 30, 2016 using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	6.50%
Discount rate	7.75%
Investment rate of return	7.75%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

16. Employee Retirement System (Continued)

Police Officers Pension Fund (continued)

Plan Description (continued)

Mortality Rate Healthy Lives:

Female: RP2000 Generational, 100% Annuitant White Collar, Scale BB.

Male: RP2000 Generational, 10% Annuitant White Collar / 90% Annuitant Blue Collar,

Scale BB.

Mortality Rate Disabled Lives:

Female: 60% RP2000 Disabled Female set forward two years/ 40% Annuitant White Collar with no setback, no projection scale.

Male: 60% RP2000 Disabled Male setback four years/40% Annuitant White Collar with no setback, no projection scale.

The actuarial assumptions used in the October 1, 2015 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study performed October 19th, 2010, for the period 1990-2010.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns; Net of Pension Plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the Long-Term Expected Rate of Return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

16. Employee Retirement System (Continued)

Police Officers Pension Fund (continued)

Plan Description (continued)

Best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Pension Plan's target asset allocation as of September 30, 2016 are summarized in the following table:

	Long Term Expected	
Asset Class	Target Allocations	Real Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	45%	7.5%
International Equity	15%	5.65%
Domestic Fixed Income	35%	2.5%
Global Fixed Income	5%_	3.5%
Total	<u>100%</u>	

Discount Rate:

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent.

The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that Town contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

16. <u>Employee Retirement System (Continued)</u>

Police Officers Pension Fund (continued)

Plan Description (continued)

CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY

	Increase (Decrease)						
	Total Pension Plan Fiduciary Net P			Net Pension			
		Liability		Net Position		Liability	
	_	(a)	_	(b)	_	(a)-(b)	
Reporting period ending September 30, 2015	\$	3,514,866	\$	3,019,990	\$	494,876	
Changes for a year:							
Service cost		237,141		-		237,141	
Interest		280,727		-		280,727	
Differences between expected and actual experience		(123,703)		-		(123,703)	
Changes of assumptions		143,054		-		143,054	
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		-	
Contributions - Employer		-		150,036		(150,036)	
Contributions - State		-		48,560		(48,560)	
Contributions - Employees		-		46,400		(46,400)	
Net Investment Income		-		166,378		(166,378)	
Benefit Payments, including							
Refunds of Employee Contributions		(158,004)		(158,004)		-	
Administration expense	_	-	_	(27,832)	_	27,832	
Net changes	_	379,215		225,538		153,677	
Reporting period ending September 30, 2016	\$	3,894,081	\$	3,245,528	\$	648,553	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

16. Employee Retirement System (Continued)

Police Officers Pension Fund (continued)

Plan Description (continued)

<u>Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate</u> - The following presents the net pension liability (asset) of the Town calculated using the discount rate of 7.75%, as well as what the Town's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.75 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate.

		Current Discount					
	19	% Decrease	Rate		1% Increase 8.75%		
		6.75%	7.75%				
Town' Net Pension Liability	\$	1,037,960	\$648,	<u>553</u> \$_	317,329		

<u>Rate of Return</u> - For the year ended September 30, 2016 the annual money-weighted rate of return on Pension Plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was 5.68 percent.

The money-weighted rate of return expenses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Concentrations:

The Plan did not hold investments in any one organization that represents 5 percent or more of the Pension Plan's fiduciary net position.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

16. Employee Retirement System (Continued)

Police Officers Pension Fund (continued)

Plan Description (continued)

Current membership in the plan is comprised of all full-time sworn police officers of the Town of Belleair and is summarized as follows:

Group	September 30, 2016
Retirees and beneficiaries currently	
receiving benefits	7
Terminated plan members entitled to	
but not yet receiving benefits	6
Active plan members:	
Fully vested	2
Nonvested	10

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

16. <u>Employee Retirement System (Continued)</u>

Police Officers Pension Fund (continued)

Plan Description (continued)

PENSION EXPENSE AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES RELATED TO PENSION

For the year ended September 30, 2016, the Town will recognize a pension expense of \$276,065. On September 30, 2016 the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred			Deferred	
	Outflows of		Inflows of		
	_	Resources		Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	61,852	
Changes of assumptions		71,527		-	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on					
pension plan investments	_	204,744		_	
Total	\$	276,271	\$	61,852	

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension plans will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended September 30:

2017	\$ 73,	469
2018	63,	794
2019	63,	794
2020	13,	362
2021		-
Thereafter		-

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2016

16. <u>Employee Retirement System (Continued)</u>

Plan Description (Continued)	N	et Pension Liability	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows	Pension Expense	
COMPONENTS OF PENSION EXPENSE	_		 -		*	
Beginning balance	\$	494,876 \$	63,517 \$	201,728 \$	-	
Total Pension Liability Factor:						
Service cost		237,141	-	-	237,141	
Interest		280,727	-	-	280,727	
Changes of benefit terms		-	-	-	-	
Difference between expected and actual experience			-	-	-	
with regard to economic or demographic assumptions		(123,703)	123,703	-	-	
Current year amortization of experience difference		-	(125,368)	-	(125,368)	
Changes in assumptions about future economic or demographis						
factors or other inputs		143,054	-	143,054	-	
Current year amortization of changes in assumptions		-	-	(71,527)	71,527	
Benefit payments	_	(158,004)	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	(158,004)	
Net change		379,215	61,852	71,527	306,023	
Plan fiduciary Net Position:						
Contributions - employer	\$	150,036 \$	- \$	- \$	-	
Contributions - state		48,560	-	-	-	
Contributions - employee		46,400	-	-	(46,400)	
Net investment income		166,378	-	-	(166,378)	
Difference between projected and actual earnings on						
pension plan investments		(66,810)	-	66,810	-	
Current year ramortization		-	-	(63,794)	63,794	
Benefit payments		(91,194)	-	-	91,194	
Administrative xpenses	_	(27,832)	- -	<u> </u>	27,832	
Net change	_	225,538	<u> </u>	3,016	29,958	
Ending balance	\$	648,553 \$	61,852 \$	276,271 \$	276,065	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

16. Employee Retirement System (Continued)

Employees' 401(k) fund

The Town provides retirement benefits for all of its full-time employees not covered under the police officers' pension plan through a defined contribution 401(k) plan administered by the ICMA Retirement Corporation as a third party administrator and investment advisor under their prototype profit-sharing plan and trust agreement. At September 30, 2016 there were 40 plan members. In a defined contribution plan, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings. Employees are eligible to participate after one year of employment. The 401(k) plan requires that participants contribute at least three percent (but not to exceed fourteen percent or the maximum amount allowed by the Internal Revenue Code whichever is greater) of their compensation which, if made, will be matched by a nine percent Town contribution. The Town's contributions for each employee (and interest allocated to the employee's account) are fully vested after three years of continuous service. Town contributions for, and interest forfeited by, employees who leave employment before three years of service are used to reduce the Town's current-period contribution requirement. The 401(k) plan provisions and contribution requirements are established and may be amended by the Town Commission.

The Town's total payroll in fiscal year 2016 was \$2,972,489. The Town's contributions were calculated using the participants' salary amount of \$1,916,821. Both the Town and the covered employees made the required contributions in addition to certain voluntary participant contributions summarized as follows:

			Percentage
	Contribu	ution	of current
	amou	nt	covered payroll
Required:			
Town	\$ 172	2,514	9.0 %
Employee	57	,504	3.0
Voluntary:			
Employee	38	3,198	
Total contributions	\$ <u>268</u>	<u>3,216</u>	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

16. Employee Retirement System (Continued)

Employees' 401(k) Plan (Continued)

During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2001 the 401(k) plan was amended to increase the amount that the Town will contribute to the 401(k) plan from 6% of earnings to 9% of earnings for each plan year starting with the first pay period commencing after October 1, 2001.

The 401(k) plan has not issued a stand alone financial report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016.

17. Implementation of New GASB Statements

Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 71, "Pension Transition for Contributions made Subsequent to the Measurement Date - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68". The objective of this Statement is to address an issue regarding application of the transition provisions of Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions". The requirements of GASB 71 are effective in fiscal year 2015. The Town has implemented this standard.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 72, "Fair Value Measurement and Application", addresses accounting and financial reporting issues related to fair value measurements. The definition of *fair value* is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. This statement provides guidance for determining a fair value measurement for financial reporting purposes. This statement also provides guidance for applying fair value to certain investments and disclosures related to all fair value measurements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

17. <u>Implementation of New GASB Statements (Continued)</u>

Fair value is described as an exit price. Fair value measurements assume a transaction takes place in a government's principal market, or a government's most advantageous market in the absence of a principal market. The fair value also should be measured assuming that general market participants would act in their economic best interest. Fair value should not be adjusted for transaction costs. The Town has implemented this standard..

The GASB has issued the following statements which will become effective in future years.

Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions" - This statement changes the focus of accounting for postemployment benefits other than pensions from whether they are responsibility funding benefits over time to a point-in-time liability that is reflected on the employer's financial statements for any actuarially unfunded portion of benefits earned to date. This statement will become effective for the Town in fiscal year 2018.

Statement No. 77, "Tax Abatement Disclosures" - This statement requires governments that enter into tax abatement agreements to provide certain disclosures regarding these commitments.

18. Subsequent Event

On June 1, 2017 the Town sold the Golf Course to Pelican Golf LLC. The purchase price was \$3,800,000.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

19. Deferred Compensation Plan

The Town maintains a deferred compensation plan (plan) under the provisions of section 457 of the Internal Revenue Code, as amended. This law stipulates that all assets and income of the plan must be held in trust for the exclusive benefit of the plan participants and their beneficiaries. The Town's plan is administered by the international city management association retirement corporation and provides the plan participants with the option to invest in thirteen different registered investment funds (mutual funds). Although the Town is the trustee of the plan, the Town has no administrative involvement and performs no investing function for the plan and has not therefore, reported the plan in this financial report.

20. <u>Post-Employment Health Care Benefits</u>

In addition to the pension benefits described in Note 14, the Town provides postretirement health care benefits in accordance with an employment policy adopted for the Town's seven full-time department heads during the year ended September 30, 1993. Under terms of this policy, department heads who retire from the Town on or after attaining age fifty-five with at least twenty-five years of service will receive family medical coverage (medical, dental and hospitalization) until age sixty-five at which time a medicare supplement will be provided until the age of seventy. The Town will pay for this supplemental coverage for the employee and his or her spouse, at the rate in effect at the time of the employee's retirement with the employee paying any increased cost after that date. During the year ended September 30, 2016 the Town had three employee eligible to receive these benefits. These postemployment benefits are financed on a pay-as-you-go basis.

Except for the department heads who qualify for postretirement health care benefits (as previously discussed), the Town provides no funding for any portion of the premiums after retirement. However, the Town recognizes that there is an "implicit subsidy" arising as a result of the blended rate premium since retiree health care costs, on average, are higher than active employee healthcare costs. The plan is not accounted for as a trust fund as an irrevocable trust has not been established to fund the plan. The plan does not issue a separate financial report.

The employer is the sole employer in a plan with fewer than one hundred plan members.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

20. Post-Employment Health Care Benefits (Continued)

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The Town's annual other post-employment benefits (OPEB) cost is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC) of the employer, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal costs each year and to amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities over a period not to exceed 30 years. The Town's annual OPEB cost for its plan for the fiscal years ended September 30, 2016 and 2015 is as follows:

	Annual OPEB Cost			
	_	9/30/16	-	9/30/15
	_		_	
Annual required contribution (ARC)	\$	63,772	\$	80,871
Interest on net OPEB obligation		4,748		3,790
Adjustment to ARC		(4,717)	-	(3,765)
Annual OPEB cost		63,803		80,896
Contribution made (pay-as-you-go basis)		(63,772)	-	(56,935)
Change in net OPEB obligation		31		23,961
Net OPEB obligation, beginning of year		118,705	-	94,744
Net OPEB obligation, end of year	\$	118,736	\$	118,705

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

20. Post-Employment Health Care Benefits (Continued)

Funded Status and Funding Progress

Annual OPEB Cost

	Anr	ual OPEB	% of Annual OPEB	Net			
As of	Cost		Cost Contributed	OPE	EB Obligations		
September 30, 2014	\$	80,890	70.40%	\$	94,744		
September 30, 2015		80,896	70.40		118,705		
September 30, 2016		63,803	100.00		118,736		

The funded status of the plan as of October 1, 2016 and 2015 was as follows:

		10/01/16	_	10/01/15
Actuarial accrued liability Actuarial value of plan assets	\$	558,688	\$	766,215
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	\$ <u></u>	558,688	\$_	766,215
Funded ratio		<u>0%</u>		<u>0%</u>
Covered payroll	\$	2,534,483	\$_	2,751,961
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability as a a percentage of covered payroll		22.0%		27.8%

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events in the future. Amounts determined regarding the status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the Town are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information in the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information that shows whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits. Since this is the first year of implementation there is no prior year information.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

20. Post-Employment Health Care Benefits (Continued)

Funded Status and Funding Progress (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in this report are prescribed in GASB 45 under the Alternate Measurement Method.

Measurement Date September 30, 2016 with results actuarially rolled-back to

October 1, 2015 on a "no loss/gain" basis

Discount Rate 4.0%

Covered Payroll Growth 3.0%

Inflation Rate 3.0%

Census Data Census data was provided as of December 2017. No

material modifications have been made.

Cost Method Projected Unit Credit with linear proration to decrement

Amortization Level percentage of pay over thirty years based on an open

group

Employer Funding Policy Pay-as-you-go cash basis

Mortality RPH-2015 Total Dataset Mortality Table fully generational

using scale MP-2015 (RPH-2015 table is based on RPH-2014 table with 8 years of mortality improvement using scale MP-2014 backed out and projected to 2015 using

scale MP-2015)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

20. Post-Employment Health Care Benefits (Continued)

Funded Status and Funding Progress (Continued)

Turnover Rate

Assumption used to project annual terminations (voluntary and involuntary) prior to meeting minimum retirement eligibility for retirees health coverage. The rates represent the probability of termination in the next 12 months.

Age	Raise
_	
25	6.8%
35	3.2%
45	1.6%

Disability Rate

None

Retirement Rate

General employees are assumed to retire at age 61 and police employees are assumed to retire at age 58 subject to the minimum age/service retirement eligibility.

Per Capita Costs

Annual per capita costs were calculated based on the 2016/17 premium rates increased using health index factors and current enrollment. The costs are assumed to increase with medical trend rates. All employees are assumed to elect the plan they are currently enrolled in at retirement. Annual per capita costs by plan are as shown below:

Age	<u>HMO</u>	PPO_
65	\$ 15,600	\$ 14,200

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

20. Post-Employment Health Care Benefits (Continued)

Funded Status and Funding Progress (Continued)

Health Care Trend Rates	FYE	Medical/RX	<u>FYE</u>	Medical/RX			
	2017	9.0%	2022	6.5%			
	2018	8.5%	2023	6.0%			
	2019	8.0%	2024	5.5%			
	2020	7.5%	2025+	5.0%			
	2021	7.0%	-	-			
Retirement Contributions	Retiree contributions are assumed to increase according to health care trend rates.						
Health Care Coverage							
Election Rate	General and Police active employees with current coverage: 30%						
	Department Heads active employees with current coverage: 100%.						
	Active employees with no coverage: 0%						
	Inactive employees with current coverage: 100%						
	Inactive em	ployees with no c	overage: 0%				
Spousal Coverage	Based on actual data for future and current retirees.						
	Husbands are assumed to be three years older than wives.						
Benefits not Valued	Post-65 Medicare coverage for General and Police employees. Post-70 Medicare coverage for Department Heads; Dental benefits paid 100% by the retiree. These benefits have not been valued because the retiree contributions are anticipated to equal the costs.						

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION OTHER THAN MD&A

OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

TOWN OF BELLEAIR

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION OTHER THAN MD&A

OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

Schedule of Employer Contributions:

		Annual			
Year		Required	Estimated	Percentage	
ended	(Contribution	Contributions	Contributed	
September 30, 2014	\$	46,841 \$	-	0	0.0%
September 30, 2015		80,871	-	0	0.0
September 30, 2016		63,772	-	C	0.0

Schedule of Funding Progress:

Accrued	
Acciued	
Liability	
(AAL)	UAAL as a
Actuarial Projected Unfunded	Percentage of
Value of Unit AAL F	Funded Covered Covered
Valuation Assets Credit (UAAL)	Ratio Payroll Payroll
Date (a) (b) (b-a)	(a/b) (c) ((b-a)/c)
October 1, 2013 \$ - \$ 483,120 \$ 483,120	0.00% \$ 2,593,987 18.6%
	0.00
October 1, 2014 - 766,215 766,215	0.00 2,534,483 27.8

POLICE OFFICERS' PENSION FUND

GASB STATEMENT 68

POLICE OFFICERS' PENSION TRUST FUND

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION OTHR THAN MD&A

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY

Reporting period ending Measurement date	9/30/2016 9/30/2016	-	September 30, 2016	September 30, 2015	September 30, 2014
Total pension liability:					
Service cost		\$	237,141 \$	202,940 \$	239,594
Interest			280,727	270,052	236,179
Changes of benefit terms			-	-	-
Difference between expected and	d actual experience		(123,703)	(127,034)	-
Change in assumptions			143,054	-	-
Benefit payments, including refu	unds of employee contributions	-	(158,004)	(141,005)	(141,832)
Net change in total pension liability			379,215	204,953	333,941
Total pension liability - beginning			3,514,866	3,309,913	2,975,972
Total pension liability ending (a)		\$ _	3,894,081 \$	3,514,866 \$	3,309,913
Plan fiduciary net position:					
Contributions - employer		\$	150,036 \$	213,760 \$	237,836
Contributions - state			48,560	47,291	44,305
Contributions - employees			46,400	47,017	46,612
Net investment income (loss)			166,378	(17,732)	242,548
Benefit payments including refu	nds of employee contributions		(158,004)	(141,005)	(141,832)
Administrative expenses		-	(27,832)	(28,373)	(20,917)
Net change in plan fiduciary net posit	ion		225,538	120,958	408,552
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	g		3,019,990	2,899,032	2,490,480
Plan fiduciary net posiiton - ending (b))	\$ _	3,245,528 \$	3,019,990 \$	2,899,032
Net pension liability (asset) (a) - (b)		\$	648,553 \$	494,876 \$	410,881

POLICE OFFICERS' PENSION TRUST FUND

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION OTHR THAN MD&A

SCHEDULE OF RATIOS

	-	September 30, 2016	Se	eptember 30, 2015	Se	2014
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	:	83.34%	_	85.92%	_	87.59%
Covered employee payroll*	\$	773,326	\$	783,615	\$	738,422
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		83.87%		63.15%		55.64%

^{*}For the fiscal year 2016, the Covered Payroll is shown in compliance with GASB 82.

POLICE OFFICERS' PENSION TRUST FUND

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION OTHR THAN MD&A

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

Report period ending Measurement date	9/30/2016 9/30/2016				
		Se	eptember 30, 2016	September 30, 2015	September 30, 2014
Actuarially determined contributions		\$	197,989 \$	261,051 \$	286,371
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions			198,596	261,051	286,371
Contribution deficiency (excess)		\$ <u></u>	(607) \$		S
Covered employee payroll		\$	773,326 \$	783,615	3 738,422
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll		_	25.60%	33.31%	38.78%

POLICE OFFICERS' PENSION TRUST FUND

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION OTHER THAN MD&A

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS Last Three Fiscal Years

Notes to Schedule

Valuation date 10/01/2014

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of October 1, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Funding method: Frozen entry age actuarial cost method.

Amortization method: Level percentage of pay, closed Remaining amortization period: 26 years (as of 10/01/2014).

Inflation: 3% per year.

Mortality rate: RP-2000 combined healthy - sex distinct. Disabled lives set

forward five years. Based upon a study of over 650 public safety funds, this table reflects a 10% margin for future mortality

improvements.

Interest rate: 7.75% per year compounded annually, net of investment related

expenses.

Retirement age: Earlier of age 55 with 5 years of credited service or 25 years of

credited service, regardless of age. Also, any member who has reached Normal Retirement is assumed to continue employment

for one additional year.

Early retirement: Commencing with the earliest early retirement (Age 50 with 10

years of credited service), members are assumed to retire with an

immediate subsidized benefit at the rate of 5% per year.

Disability rate: See table below. (65% of which are assumed to be regular in-lin

of duty, 10% catastrophic, and 25% not-in-line of duty).

Termination rate: See table below.

Salary increases: 6.5% per year until the assumed retirement age. Projected salary

at retirement is increased 20% to account for final non-regular

compensation.

Payroll growth: Up to 3.0% per year (3.0% for 10/1/14 Valuation).

Asset valuation method: Each year the prior Actuarial Value of Assets is brought forward

utilizing the historical geometric four-year average Market Value return (net of fees). It is possible that over time this technique will produce an insignificant bias above or below

Market Value of Assets.

POLICE OFFICERS' PENSION TRUST FUND

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION OTHER THAN MD&A

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS (CONTINUED) Last Three Fiscal Years

Termination and Disability Rate Table:

Age	% Terminating <u>During the Year</u>	% Becoming Disabled During the Year
20	12.0%	0.03%
30	10.0%	0.04%
40	5.2%	0.07%
50	1.6%	0.18%

POLICE OFFICERS' PENSION TRUST FUND

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION OTHR THAN MD&A

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS

	September 30, 2016	September 30, 2015	September 30, 2014
Annual money-weighted rate of return			
net of investment expense	5.68%	-0.75%	9.80%

NONMAJOR COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds are established to finance particular activities and are created out of receipts of specific taxes or other earmarked revenues. Such funds are authorized by legal, regulatory or administrative action to pay for certain activities with some form of continuing revenues.

<u>Park and Public District Enhancement Fund</u> - to account for the receipt of fees in lieu of the replacement of trees removed from Town property as required by the Town's Land Development Code. All fees collected must be used for landscape planning, tree and other plantings and maintenance of public properties.

<u>Local Option Gas Tax Fund</u> - to account for proceeds from the local option gas tax as levied by the Pinellas County, Florida Board of County Commissioners.

<u>Transportation Impact Fee Fund</u> - to account for proceeds from the transportation impact fee as levied by the Pinellas County, Florida Board of County Commissioners.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

Capital projects fund is used to account for the acquisition and construction of capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds.

<u>Capital Equipment Replacement Fund</u> - To account for the planned acquisitior of equipment, tools, and vehicles. The general fund and enterprise funds will transfer the funding for these purchases to the capital equipment replacement fund.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

	_			Capital Projects Capital	Total Nonmajor		
		nblic District	Option Gas Tax	Impact Fee	Total	Equipment Replacement	Governmental Funds
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables (net of allowance for	\$	72,619 \$ 122	211,338 \$ 2,898	63,970 \$ 1,005	347,927 \$ 4,025	696,650 \$	1,044,577 4,025
uncollectible accounts): Accounts		-	-	-	-	-	-
County	_		9,074		9,074	- -	9,074
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	72,741 \$	223,310 \$	64,975 \$	361,026 \$	696,650 \$	1,057,676
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES							
Accounts payable	\$	53,235 \$	\$_	\$	53,235 \$	\$	53,235
TOTAL LIABILITIES		53,235	-	-	53,235	-	53,235
FUND BALANCES							
FUND BALANCES: Restricted		19,506	223,310	64,975	307,791	696,650	1,004,441
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	_	19,506	223,310	64,975	307,791	696,650	1,004,441
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	72,741 \$	223,310 \$	64,975 \$	361,026 \$	696,650 \$	1,057,676

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

			Speci		Capital Projects	Total		
	Pul	Park and blic District hancement	Local Option Gas Tax	Trar	sportation Impact Fee	Total	Capital Equipment Replacement	Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues:								
Intergovernmental	\$	- \$	56,790	\$	\$	56,790	\$ - :	56,790
Charges for services		-	-		-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous		31,147	-		-	31,147	-	31,147
Interest earned		1	16		5	22		22
TOTAL REVENUES		31,148	56,806		5	87,959	-	87,959
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
Recreation		77,681	-		-	77,681	-	77,681
Transportation		<u> </u>	-		-			
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		77,681	-		-	77,681	-	77,681
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER								
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(46,533)	56,806		5	10,278	-	10,278
OTHER FINANCING								
SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers in:								
Solid Waste Management Fund		-	-		-	-	86,500	86,500
Water Fund		-	-		-	-	24,600	24,600
General Fund		4,000	-		-	4,000	111,250	115,250
Infrastructure Fund		-	-		-	-	-	-
Transfers out:						/		
General Fund			-		-	-	(65,050)	(65,050)
Infrastructure Fund			(60,300)		-	(60,300)	-	(60,300)
Water Fund		-	-		-	-	(26,700)	(26,700)
Solid Waste Management Fund			-				(125,700)	(125,700)
Total other financing sources								
and (uses)		4,000	(60,300)			(56,300)	4,900	(51,400)
NET CHANGE								
IN FUND BALANCES		(42,533)	(3,494)		5	(46,022)	4,900	(41,122)
FUND BALANCES,								
OCTOBER 1	_	62,039	226,804		64,970	353,813	691,750	1,045,563
FUND BALANCES,								
SEPTEMBER 30	\$	19,506 \$	223,310	\$	64,975 \$	307,791	\$ 696,650	1,004,441

<u>CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND -</u> BUDGET AND ACTUAL - FROM INCEPTION

<u>Infrastructure fund</u>

To account for proceeds from the Pinellas County, Florida one-cent sales surtax collections, other governmental resources and grant revenues used for the acquisition or construction of capital assets identified in the town's five-year capital improvement plan.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

		Infrastructure Fund							
		Project		Prior		Current	Total		
		Authorization		Years	_	Year	to Date		
REVENUES:									
Taxes:									
Property	\$	2,717,300 \$	\$	6,388,351	\$	603,309 \$	6,991,660		
Utility		750,000		2,091,591		774,675	2,866,266		
Intergovernmental:									
Infrastructure sales surtax		1,537,600		5,340,217		398,838	5,739,055		
Grant		3,553,000		66,928		708,142	775,070		
Interest earned		193,000		193,628		127	193,755		
Donations		4,098,000		4,098,060		3,811	4,101,871		
Miscellaneous			_	116,648	_	71	116,719		
TOTAL REVENUES		12,848,900		18,295,423		2,488,973	20,784,396		
EXPENDITURES:									
Capital outlay:									
Manager		-		709,597		-	709,597		
Finance and administration		-		1,416,655		146,147	1,562,802		
Streets		32,205,000		20,473,573		2,850,520	23,324,093		
Culture and recreation		-		6,912,085		29,718	6,941,803		
Debt service:									
Principal		-		705,000		375,000	1,080,000		
Interest and fees	,	-	_	1,206,124	_	322,012	1,528,136		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	,	32,205,000	_	31,423,034	_	3,723,397	35,146,431		
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER									
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(19,356,100)		(13,127,611)		(1,234,424)	(14,362,035)		
(61/221) 211 21/21161125		(13,550,100)		(10,127,011)		(1,28 1, 12 1)	(1.,502,055)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):									
Proceeds from debt		10,000,000		10,000,000		-	10,000,000		
Transfers in (out):									
General Fund		3,100,000		6,713,671		(150,000)	6,563,671		
Golf Fund		-		(33,675)		97,000	63,325		
Local Option Gas Tax		-		500,300		60,300	560,600		
Water Fund		-		(334,393)		(569,664)	(904,057)		
Wastewater Management Fund		-		100,000		-	100,000		
Park and Public District									
Enhancement Fund		-		21,100		-	21,100		
Equipment Replacement Fund		<u> </u>	_	95,200	_		95,200		
Total other financing sources (uses)	į	13,100,000	_	17,062,203	_	(562,364)	16,499,839		
NET CHANGE IN									
FUND BALANCE	\$	(6,256,100) \$	\$_	3,934,592		(1,796,788) \$	2,137,804		
FUND BALANCE, OCTOBER 1					_	4,051,391			
FUND BALANCE, SEPTEMBER 30					\$_	2,254,603			

ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Enterprise funds are used to account for the acquisition, operation and maintenance of governmental facilities and services which are entirely or predominantly self-supporting by user charges.

<u>water fund</u> - to account for the assets, operation and maintenance of the town-owned water system.

<u>wastewater management</u> - to account for the assets, operation and maintenance of the town-owned sewer system.

<u>solid waste management fund</u> - to account for the assets, operation and maintenance of the town-owned refuse disposal system.

WATER ENTERPRISE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	_	ORIGINAL AND FINAL BUDGETED AMOUNTS	ACTUAL AMOUNTS	•	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET- POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
OPERATING REVENUES:					
Charges for sales and services	\$_	1,425,000 \$	1,466,018	\$	41,018
Total operating revenues		1,425,000	1,466,018		41,018
OPERATING EXPENSES:					
Personal services		537,950	548,936		(10,986)
Materials and supplies		700,014	513,076		186,938
Utilities		61,200	60,372		828
Depreciation	_	135,648	135,648		<u> </u>
Total operating expenses	_	1,434,812	1,258,032		176,780
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		(9,812)	207,986		217,798
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):					
Interest revenue		1,000	181		(819)
Gain on disposal of assets		-	23,162		23,162
Grant		-	7,713		7,713
Other income	_	2,500	970		(1,530)
Total nonoperating revenues	_	3,500	32,026		28,526
Income (loss) before contributions					
and transfers		(6,312)	240,012		246,324
Capital contributions - tap fees		600	7,908		7,308
Transfers in		26,700	596,364		569,664
Transfers (out)	-	(39,300)	(39,300)		<u>-</u>
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		(18,312)	804,984		823,296
NET POSITION,					
OCTOBER 1	-	3,386,244	3,386,244		
NET POSITION, SEPTEMBER 30	\$	2 267 022 \$	4 101 229	¢	922 206
SETTEWIDER SU	Ф	3,367,932 \$	4,191,228	\$	823,296

WASTEWATER MANAGEMENT ENTERPRISE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	-	ORIGINAL AND FINAL BUDGETED AMOUNTS	ACTUAL AMOUNTS	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET- POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)		
OPERATING REVENUES: Charges for sales and services	\$	750,000	\$ 1,105,844	\$ 355,844		
Charges for sales and services	Ф	730,000	5 1,103,844	\$ 333,844		
OPERATING EXPENSES:						
Materials and supplies		750,000	1,090,771	340,771		
Utilities		-	-	-		
Depreciation	_			-		
Total operating expenses	_	750,000	1,090,771	340,771		
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		-	15,073	15,073		
NONOPERATING REVENUES						
(EXPENSES):			212	212		
Interest revenue Other income		-	313	313		
Loss on disposal of fixed assets		_	_	-		
Loss on disposar of fixed assets	-					
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	_		313	313		
Income (loss) before contributions						
and transfers		-	15,386	15,386		
Capital contributions - tap fees		-	-	-		
Transfers out	_			<u>-</u>		
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		-	15,386	15,386		
NET POSITION,						
OCTOBER 1	-	421,672	421,672	<u> </u>		
NET POSITION,						
SEPTEMBER 30	\$_	421,672	\$ 437,058	\$ 15,386		

SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT ENTERPRISE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	ORIGINAL BUDGETED AMOUNTS	FINAL BUDGETED AMOUNTS	ACTUAL AMOUNTS	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET- POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)	
OPERATING REVENUES:					
Charges for sales and services	\$ 800,500	\$ 800,500 \$	780,881	\$ (19,619)	
Total operating revenues	800,500	800,500	780,881	(19,619)	
OPERATING EXPENSES:					
Personal services	286,150	286,150	275,482	10,668	
Materials and supplies	536,050	536,050	315,537	220,513	
Utilities	1,450	1,450	706	744	
Garbage and trash disposal	110,000	110,000	113,838	(3,838)	
Depreciation	55,000	71,852	71,852		
Total operating expenses	988,650	1,005,502	777,415	228,087	
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	(188,150)	(205,002)	3,466	208,468	
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):					
Interest revenue	500	500	134	(366)	
Grant	3,000	3,000	2,941	(59)	
Gain (loss) on disposal	18,000	1,502	(16,498)	(18,000)	
Other income			1,476	1,476	
Total nonoperating revenues	21,500	5,002	(11,947)	(16,949)	
Income (loss) before transfers	(166,650)	(200,000)	(8,481)	191,519	
Transfers in	125,700	125,700	125,700	-	
Transfers out	(86,500)	(86,500)	(86,500)		
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(127,450)	(160,800)	30,719	191,519	
NET POSITION, OCTOBER 1	1,043,309	1,043,309	1,043,309	<u> </u>	
NET POSITION, SEPTEMBER 30	\$ 915,859	\$ 882,509 \$	1,074,028	\$ <u>191,519</u>	

CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMPARATIVE SCHEDULES BY SOURCE(1)

SEPTEMBER 30, 2016 AND 2015

	2016		2015
Governmental Funds Capital Assets:			
Land \$ Buildings and improvements	7,588,875 6,400,254	\$	7,588,875 6,388,029
Improvements other than buildings	543,430		374,043
Equipment	2,658,335		2,413,447
Infrastructure	27,721,796		26,496,906
Construction in progress	3,190,265	_	1,873,660
Total Governmental Funds Capital Assets \$	48,102,955	\$	45,134,960
Governmental Funds Capital Assets by Source:			
General Fund \$ Special revenue funds	24,014,427 3,576,547		21,046,432 3,576,547
Capital projects fund Federal revenue sharing entitlements	20,480,912 31,069		20,480,912 31,069
reactal revenue sharing entitients	31,009		31,009
Total Governmental Funds Capital Assets \$	48,102,955	\$	45,134,960

⁽¹⁾ This schedule presents only the capital asset balances related to governmental funds.

CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMPARATIVE SCHEDULES BY FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY(1)

SEPTEMBER 30, 2016 AND 2015

				2016			
Function and Activity	Total	Land	Buildings and Improvements	Improvements Other Than Buildings	Equipment	Construction in Progress	Infra- structure
General Government:							
Manager	299,926 \$	- \$	-	\$ 53,643 \$	246,283 \$	- \$	-
Finance and Administration	5,992,329	3,185,475	2,257,066	239,800	309,988	-	-
Comprehensive Planning	34,422	-	-	-	34,422	-	-
Town Clerk	32,122	-			32,122		
Total general government	6,358,799	3,185,475	2,257,066	293,443	622,815	-	-
Public Safety: Police	503,267	-	-	-	503,267	-	-
Transportation: Streets	32,900,608	1,598,000	-	-	390,547	3,190,265	27,721,796
Culture and Recreation:							
Parks	1,324,962	749,300	-	101,928	473,734	_	_
Recreation	7,015,319	2,056,100	4,143,188	148,059	667,972	<u> </u>	-
Total culture and recreation	8,340,281	2,805,400	4,143,188	249,987	1,141,706		
Total governmental funds Capital Assets	3 48,102,955 \$	<u>7,588,875</u> \$	6,400,254	\$ <u>543,430</u> \$	2,658,335 \$	3,190,265 \$	27,721,796

⁽¹⁾ This schedule represents only the capital asset balances related to governmental funds.

CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMPARATIVE SCHEDULES BY FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY(1)

SEPTEMBER 30, 2016 AND 2015

		Construction in					
Function and Activity	Total	Land	and Improvements	Buildings	Equipment	Progress	structure
General Government:							
Manager S	\$ 272,312 \$	- \$	- 5	\$ 88,980 \$	183,332 \$	- \$	_
Finance and Administration	6,026,325	3,185,475	2,244,841	35,076	560,933	Ψ -	_
Comprehensive Planning	34.422	5,105,475	2,244,041	55,070	34,422	_	_
Town Clerk	51,293	_	_	_	51,293	_	_
Town Class					01,250		
Total general government	6,384,352	3,185,475	2,244,841	124,056	829,980	-	-
Public Safety: Police	4EE 400				<i>155</i> 400		
Ponce	455,488	-	-	-	455,488	-	-
Transportation:							
Streets	29,996,123	1,598,000	-	-	27,557	1,873,660	26,496,906
Culture and Recreation:							
Parks	1,278,292	749,300	-	101,928	427,064	-	-
Recreation	7,020,705	2,056,100	4,143,188	148,059	673,358		
Total culture and recreation	8,298,997	2,805,400	4,143,188	249,987	1,100,422	<u> </u>	
Total governmental funds Capital Assets	\$ 45,134,960 \$	7,588,875 \$	6,388,029	\$ 374,043 \$	2,413,447 \$	1,873,660 \$	26,496,906

 $^{^{(1)}}$ This schedule represents only the capital asset balances related to governmental funds.

CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SCHEDULE OF CHANGES BY FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY $^{(1)}$

	Governmental Funds										
		Capital Assets		Funds Capital Assets							
	October 1,										
Function and Activity	_	2015	_	Additions		Deductions	2016				
General Government:											
	Φ	272 212	Φ	27.614	ф		Φ	200.026			
Manager	\$	272,312	Þ	27,614	Þ	75.006	\$	299,926			
Finance and Administration		6,026,325		41,910		75,906		5,992,329			
Comprehensive Planning		34,422		-				34,422			
Town Clerk	_	51,293		-		19,171		32,122			
Total general government		6,384,352		69,524		95,077		6,358,799			
Public Safety:											
Police		455,488		142,444		94,665		503,267			
Transportation:											
Streets		29,996,123		3,907,376		1,002,891		32,900,608			
Culture and Recreation:											
Parks		1,278,292		46,670				1,324,962			
Recreation	_	7,020,705	_	-	_	5,386		7,015,319			
Total culture and recreation		8,298,997		46,670		5,386		8,340,281			
Total culture and recreation	_	0,470,771		40,070		3,360	-	0,540,401			
Total governmental funds											
Capital Assets	\$_	45,134,960	\$_	4,166,014	\$	1,198,019	\$_	48,102,955			

⁽¹⁾ This schedule represents only the capital asset balances related to governmental funds.

STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the Town of Belleair, Florida's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health.

Content		Page
Financial	Trends	112
	These schedules contain trend information to help the reader underestand how the government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time	
Revenue	Capacity	123
	These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the government's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	
Debt Cap	pacity	128
	These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current levels of outstanding debt and the gov ernment's ability to issue debt in the future.	
Demogra	phic and Economic Information	132
	These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the government's financial activities take place.	
Operating	g Information	134
	These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial repor relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.	

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

COMMENTS ON THE STATISTICAL SECTION

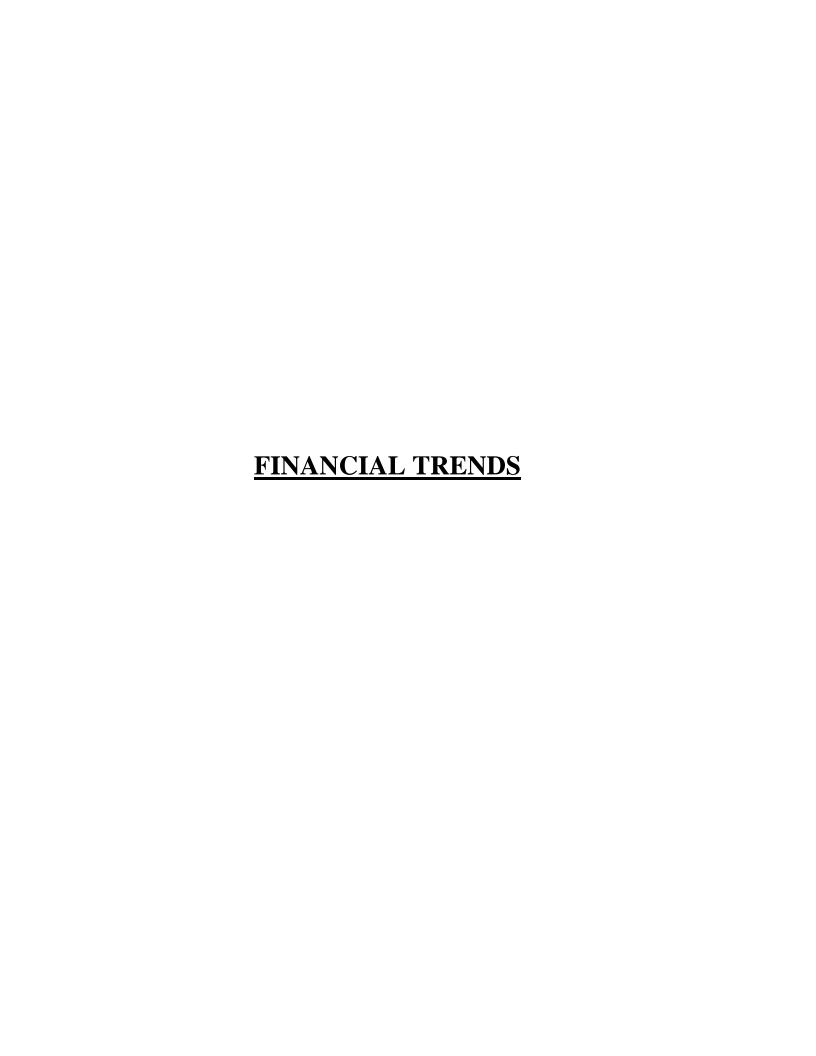
September 30, 2016

The following statistical tables recommended by GASB Statement No. 44 are not included for the reasons stated below:

A table on ratios of outstanding debt by type, ratios of general bonded debt outstanding, and pledged revenue coverage has been omitted because the town has no general obligation or revenue bonded debt.

A table on the computation of legal debt margin has been omitted because the constitution of the State of Florida, Florida Statutes 200.181 and the charter of the Town of Belleair, Florida have no set legal debt margin.

Additional schedules which are felt to be useful to various users, principally investors, underwriters, and rating agencies, have been included in this section.



NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	_	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
Governmental activities: Invested in capital assets Restricted	\$	26,838,533 \$ 2,951,253	24,653,063 \$ 4,743,141	23,677,895 \$ 7,109,356	24,452,960 \$ 6,257,868	20,407,306 \$ 6,605,664	19,934,854 \$ 4,821,760	18,612,877 \$ 5,710,035	19,122,641 \$ 4,918,345	16,867,388 \$ 5,141,934	17,263,828 3,876,735
Unrestricted	-	1,621,008	1,991,762	2,094,892	2,409,635	2,258,858	5,106,852	4,648,413	5,973,331	5,328,694	4,921,633
Total governmental activities net position	\$_	31,410,794 \$	31,387,966 \$	32,882,143 \$	33,120,463 \$	29,271,828 \$	29,863,466 \$	28,971,325 \$	30,014,317 \$	27,338,016 \$	26,062,196
Business-type activities: Invested in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$	3,797,561 \$ - 1,904,753	3,311,142 \$ - 1,540,083	2,581,793 \$ - 1,326,702	2,394,821 \$ - 1,196,803	2,929,249 \$ - 1,106,435	1,141,684 \$ 1,560,745 1,690,031	2,919,090 \$ 1,568,889 207,383	2,894,524 \$ 1,611,695 286,154	3,421,613 \$ 1,873,027 434,517	3,603,775 1,863,083 465,073
Total business-type activities net position	\$ <u>_</u>	5,702,314 \$	4,851,225 \$	3,908,495 \$	3,591,624 \$	4,035,684 \$	4,392,460 \$	4,695,362 \$	4,792,373 \$	5,729,157 \$	5,931,931
Primary government: Invested in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$	30,636,094 \$ 2,951,253 3,525,761	27,964,205 \$ 4,743,141 3,531,845	26,259,688 \$ 7,109,356 3,421,594	26,847,781 \$ 6,257,868 3,606,438	23,336,555 \$ 6,605,664 3,365,293	21,076,538 \$ 6,382,505 6,796,883	21,531,967 \$ 7,278,924 4,855,796	22,017,165 \$ 6,530,040 6,259,485	20,289,001 \$ 7,014,961 5,763,211	20,867,583 5,739,818 5,386,706
	\$	37,113,108 \$	36,239,191 \$	36,790,638 \$	36,712,087 \$	33,307,512 \$	34,255,926 \$	33,666,687 \$	34,806,690 \$	33,067,173 \$	31,994,107

CHANGE IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCALYEARS

EXPENSES	_	2016		2015	_	2014	_	2013	_	2012	-	2011	_	2010	_	2009	_	2008	_	2007
Governmental Activities:																				
General government Public safety Physical environment	\$	2,053,304 2,034,289		2,054,234 1,897,974	\$	1,184,964 1,983,092	\$	1,342,208 1,894,025	\$	1,773,552 1,853,235	\$	1,697,883 1,818,641	\$	1,837,143 1,717,806	\$	2,159,122 1,812,338	\$	1,430,491 1,684,888	\$	1,403,027 1,557,471 202,014
Transportation Culture and recreation Interest on long-term debt		1,526,427 1,593,065 325,571		1,960,039 1,562,682 335,549		2,850,323 2,103,713 348,726		1,228,942 2,643,548 371,028		1,728,212 1,328,378		607,758 631,017		2,111,298 631,840		1,216,164 752,449		786,846 879,286		751,716 770,902
Total governmental activities		323,371		333,347	_	340,720		371,020	-		-		_		_		-		_	
expenses	_	7,532,656		7,810,478	_	8,470,818		7,479,751	_	6,683,377	-	4,755,299	_	6,298,087	_	5,940,073	-	4,781,511	_	4,685,130
Business-type activities: Water Waste water management Solid waste management		1,258,032 1,090,771 777,415		1,330,521 1,029,745 730,794		1,357,055 1,018,861 768,853		1,286,178 1,088,648 779,554		1,293,463 898,706 801,014		1,295,431 817,919 827,307		1,228,616 838,632 789,649		1,382,515 991,631 760,528		1,082,206 964,857 749,590		1,112,227 987,112 776,201
Total business-type activities	_	,		,,,,,	_	,	_	,	-		-	,	_	,	_	,	-	,	_	,
expenses	_	3,126,218		3,091,060	_	3,144,769	_	3,154,380	_	2,993,183	-	2,940,657	_	2,856,897	_	3,134,674	_	2,796,653	_	2,875,540
Total primary government expenses	\$	10,658,874	\$1	0,901,538	\$_	11,615,587	\$_	10,634,131	\$_	9,676,560	\$_	7,695,956	\$_	9,154,984	\$_	9,074,747	\$_	7,578,164	\$_	7,560,670
PROGRAM REVENUES																				
Governmental activities: Charges for services Capital grants and contributions	\$	1,558,152 711,739	\$	1,730,392 765	\$	2,075,803 67,928	\$	2,353,821 28,527	\$	1,194,490 29,360	\$	1,179,717 4,465	\$	1,096,623 540	\$	759,833 2,534,079	\$	766,857 163,832	\$	645,755 102,745
Total governmental activities program revenues		2,269,891		1,731,157		2,143,731		2,382,348		1,223,850		1,184,182		1,097,163		3,293,912		930,689		748,500
Business-type activities: Charges for services: Water Waste water management		1,473,926 1,105,844		1,430,682 1,089,009		1,664,602 1,059,708		889,344 1,056,848		905,418 946,043		989,853 811,867		829,194 778,319		986,824 803,723		954,185 826,863		964,856 792,362
Solid waste management	_	780,881		792,490	-	802,262		834,709	-	818,764	-	792,796	_	770,832	-	725,643	-	720,799	_	720,268
Total business-type activities revenues	_	3,360,651		3,312,181	_	3,526,572	_	2,780,901	_	2,670,225	_	2,594,516	_	2,378,345	_	2,516,190	_	2,501,847	_	2,477,486
Total primary government program revenues	\$	5,630,542	\$	5,043,338	\$_	5,670,303	\$	5,163,249	\$_	3,894,075	\$ <u>_</u>	3,778,698	\$_	3,475,508	\$_	5,810,102	\$_	3,432,536	\$_	3,225,986
NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE																				
Governmental activities Business-type activities	\$	(5,262,765) S 245,087	\$ ((6,079,321) 221,121	\$	(6,327,087) 381,803	\$	(5,097,403) (373,479)	\$	(5,459,527) (322,958)	\$	(3,571,117) (346,141)	\$	(5,200,924) (478,552)	\$	(2,646,161) (618,484)	\$	(3,850,822) (294,806)	\$	(3,936,630) (398,054)
Total primary government net expense	\$	(5,017,678)	\$((5,858,200)	\$_	(5,945,284)	\$_	(5,470,882)	\$_	(5,782,485)	\$_	(3,917,258)	\$_	(5,679,476)	\$_	(3,264,645)	\$_	(4,145,628)	\$_	(4,334,684)

CHANGE IN NET POSITION (CONTINUED) $\underline{\mathsf{LAST}} \ \mathsf{TEN} \ \mathsf{FISCAL} \ \mathsf{YEARS}$

		2016	_	2015	2014	_	2013	_	2012	_	2011	_	2010	_	2009	_	2008	_	2007
Governmental Activities:																			
Taxes:																			
Property taxes	\$	3,634,385	\$	3,475,114 \$	3,403,996	\$	3,341,656	\$	3,427,519	\$	3,097,480	\$	3,114,150	\$	3,448,485	\$	3,426,619	\$	3,599,002
Utility taxes		774,675		762,198	781,857		547,536		-		-		_		_		_		34,699
Franchise fees		362,980		388,063	395,205		359,533		372,119		401,711		436,393		438,850		401,851		411,183
Intergovernmental revenues:																			
Infrastructure sale surtax		398,838		379,217	352,312		330,116		312,431		295,159		305,641		355,186		395,810		410,122
Sales taxes		244,096		237,384	225,502		214,026		213,743		204,003		198,117		198,650		235,242		222,439
Communications																			
service tax		173,413		182,916	187,353		201,448		205,018		198,023		202,368		237,782		224,192		207,663
Other taxes		60,177		58,013	59,345		57,738		56,922		57,961		59,260		58,694		62,393		52,932
State revenue sharing		97,630		96,097	91,596		88,164		86,813		86,232		85,640		85,290		94,298		100,959
Investment earnings		3,853		19,784	13,562		9,713		14,704		21,001		19,669		63,857		232,747		405,157
Miscellaneous		131,810		84,770	451,656		3,714,808		129,120		120,188		104,794		67,938		16,195		70,032
Gain on sale of capital assets		-		-	8,883		-		-		-		-		-		3,395		684
Transfers		(596,264)		(687,531)	117,500		81,300		49,500		(18,500)		(368,100)		367,730		33,900		(27,100)
Lawsuit, Settlement		_			_		-			_					-			_	
Total governmental activities	_	5,285,593		4,996,025	6,088,767		8,946,038	_	4,867,889	_	4,463,258	_	4,157,932	_	5,322,462	_	5,126,642	_	5,487,772
Business-type activities:																			
Capital contributions		-		-	_		925		1,957		3,988		_		2,345		4,325		7,280
Investment earnings		628		7,394	163		130		99		1,768		10,311		31,912		104,608		191,078
Gain on sale of capital assets		-		-	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		5,760
Miscellaneous		9,110		26,684	52,405		9,664		13,626		18,983		3,130		15,173		17,019		25,916
Transfers		596,264		687,531	(117,500)		(81,300)		(49,500)		18,500		368,100		(367,730)		(33,900)		27,100
Total business-type activities	_	606,002		721,609	(64,932)	_	(70,581)	_	(33,818)	_	43,239	-	381,541	_	(318,300)	_	92,052	_	257,134
Total primary government	\$	5,891,595	\$	5,717,634 \$	6,023,835	\$_	8,875,457	\$	4,834,071	\$_	4,506,497	\$_	4,539,473	\$_	5,004,162	\$_	5,218,694	\$	5,744,906
CHANGE IN NET POSITION																			
CHANGE IN NET FOSITION																			
Governmental activities	\$	22,828	\$	(1,083,296) \$	(238,320)	\$	(591,638)	\$	892,141	\$	(1,042,992)	\$	2,676,301	\$	1,275,820	\$	1,551,142	\$	2,007,434
Business-type activities	-	851,089		942,730	316,871		(356,776)	_	(302,902)	_	(97,011)	_	(936,784)	_	(202,754)	_	(140,920)	_	(8,353)
Total primary government	\$	873,917	\$	(140,566) \$	78,551	\$	(948,414)	\$_	589,239	\$	(1,140,003)	\$_	1,739,517	\$	1,073,066	\$_	1,410,222	\$_	1,999,081

PROGRAM REVENUES BY FUNCTIONS/PROGRAM

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	_									PROGRAM	RE	VENUES				
	_	2016	_	2015	_	2014		2013	_	2012	_	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS																
Governmental Activities:																
General government	\$	1,032,888	\$	989,962	\$	876,498 \$	\$	693,805	\$	864,629	\$	430,752 \$	457,775 \$	362,674 \$	426,495 \$	472,487
Public safety		15,468		161,572		79,047		8,093		13,659		197,073	170,508	106,999	110,808	16,163
Physical environment		· -		, -		´ -		´ -		´ -		, -	· -	, <u>-</u>	, <u>-</u>	1,120
Transportation		509,796		578,858		_		_		_		72,704	72,704	43,392	23,354	22,163
Culture and recreation		-		-		1,120,258]	1,651,923		316,202		479,188	395,636	246,768	206,200	236,567
											_					
Subtotal governmental																
activities	_	1,558,152		1,730,392		2,075,803		2,353,821		1,194,490		1,179,717	1,096,623	759,833	766,857	748,500
Business-type activities:																
Water		1,473,926		1,430,682		1,417,237		889,344		905,418		989,853	829,194	986,824	954,185	964,856
Waste water management		1,105,844		1,089,009		1,059,708]	1,056,848		946,043		811,867	778,319	803,723	826,863	792,362
Solid waste management	_	780,881	_	792,490	_	802,262		834,709		818,764	_	792,796	770,832	725,643	720,799	720,268
Subtotal business-type																
activities	_	3,360,651	_	3,312,181	_	3,279,207		2,780,901	_	2,670,225	_	2,594,516	2,378,345	2,516,190	2,501,847	2,477,486
Total primary																
government	\$	4,918,803	\$	5,042,573	\$ _	5,355,010 \$		5,134,722 \$		3,864,715	\$	3,774,233 \$	3,474,968 \$	3,276,023 \$	3,268,704 \$	3,225,986

FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	_	2016	_	2015	_	2014	_	2013	_	2012	_	2011	_	2010	_	2009	_	2008	_	2007
General Fund: Nonspendable Assigned Unassigned	\$	3,539 95,531 1,137,936	\$	109,505 1,372,003	\$	- 102,220 1,275,946	\$	- 5 101,510 1,631,544	\$	93,173 1,931,887	\$	107,113 4,473,212	\$	- 20,211 4,486,941	\$ 	966,411 4,852,783	\$	- 896,082 4,287,714	\$	919,832 3,893,786
Total general fund	\$ <u></u>	1,237,006	\$_	1,481,508	\$_	1,378,166	\$_	1,733,054	\$_	2,025,060	\$_	4,580,325	\$_	4,507,152	\$_	5,819,194	\$_	5,183,796	\$_	4,813,618
All Other Governmental Funds: Restricted, reported in: Capital projects fund Special revenue funds	\$	2,254,603 1,942,902	\$	4,051,391 1,925,143	\$_	6,653,456 1,663,049	\$	5,981,668 \$ 1,473,789	\$	6,356,164 785,296	\$	4,860,157 825,202	\$_	5,326,735 813,518	\$	4,395,745 897,239	\$_	4,504,934 957,668	\$	3,876,735 293,769
Total all other governmental funds	\$	4,197,505	\$	5,976,534	\$	8,316,505	\$	7,455,457	\$	7,141,460	\$	5,685,359	\$	6,140,253	\$	5,292,984	\$	5,462,602	\$	4,170,504

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
REVENUES										
Taxes Utility taxes Franchise fees Licenses, fees and permits Intergovernmental Charges for services Fines and forfeits Contributions and donations Investment earnings Resource management fees Miscellaneous	\$ 3,634,385 774,675 362,980 412,204 1,682,506 1,141,953 3,995 82,487 3,853 52,710	\$ 3,475,114 \$ 762,198 388,063 352,039 954,392 1,375,347 3,006 18,985 19,784	3,403,996 \$ 781,857 395,205 387,263 979,203 1,686,268 2,272 319,435 13,562 135,791	3,341,656 \$ 547,536 359,533 208,161 915,803 2,142,641 3,019 3,630,924 9,713 - 84,320	3,427,519 372,119 232,258 899,012 955,660 6,573 28,179 14,704	\$ 3,097,480 \$ 401,711 234,098 839,415 912,815 32,804 29,065 21,001 2,382 95,169	3,114,150 \$ 436,393 303,606 844,344 786,853 6,163 72,805 19,669 2,579 36,633	3,448,485 \$ 438,850 272,733 935,577 460,481 8,254 90,439 78,836 - 71,968	3,426,619 \$ 401,851 325,853 1,011,936 432,463 8,542 163,832 247,150	3,599,002 34,699 411,183 205,706 991,670 425,383 14,668 101,745 405,157 3,445 70,032
Total revenues	8,151,748	7,468,445	8,104,852	11,243,306	6,002,838	5,665,940	5,623,195	5,805,623	6,034,438	6,262,690
EXPENDITURES										
General government Public safety Physical environment	2,009,528 2,014,029	2,036,543 1,965,930	3,125,430 1,989,357	1,822,605 1,839,766	1,822,411 1,860,604	1,562,911 1,805,437	1,722,371 1,692,031	2,092,080 1,755,475	1,545,964 1,707,072	1,369,451 1,573,869 194,188
Transportation Culture and recreation Debt service:	3,752,295 1,378,191	2,935,891 1,446,373	4,742,506 1,934,255 340,000	6,819,411 5,851,451	2,292,156 1,256,015	1,980,596 693,292	1,712,324 593,142	835,118 701,794	406,027 735,991	380,419 858,480
Principal Interest	403,362 325,571	365,000 509,912	354,863	190,528	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	<u>-</u> _	14,979	14,403	13,849
Total expenditures	9,882,976	9,259,649	12,486,411	16,523,761	7,231,186	6,042,236	5,719,868	5,399,446	4,409,457	4,390,256
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,731,228)	(1,791,204)	(4,381,559)	(5,280,455)	(1,228,348)	(376,296)	(96,673)	406,177	1,624,981	1,872,434
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Proceeds from debt issuance Proceeds from insurance Sale of equipment Transfers in Transfers out	300,000 3,961 656,400 (1,252,664)	1,000 241,106 717,150 (1,404,681)	4,750,341 1,263 18,615 653,900 (536,400)	5,214,659 3,780 2,707 1,150,775 (1,069,475)	35,000 39,401 5,283 2,188,700 (2,139,200)	13,075 94,300 (112,800)	1,268,165 (1,636,265)	25,003 239,600 (205,000)	3,395 212,600 (178,700)	684 945,100 (972,200)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(292,303)	(445,425)	4,887,719	5,302,446	129,184	(5,425)	(368,100)	59,603	37,295	(26,416)
Net change in fund balances	\$ (2,023,531)	\$ (2,236,629) \$	506,160 \$	21,991 \$	(1,099,164)	\$ (381,721) \$	(464,773) \$	465,780 \$	1,662,276 \$	1,846,018
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	7.96%	11.81%	8.66%	1.20%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.28%	0.33%	0.32%

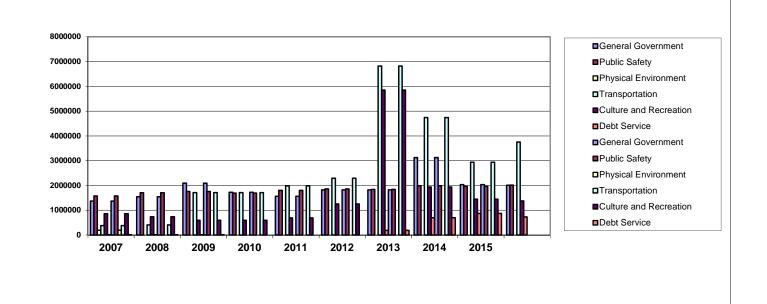
GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL EXPENDITURES BY FUNCTION $^{(1)}$ LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	General Government	Public Safety	Physical ⁽²⁾ Environment	Transportation	Culture and Recreation	Debt Service	Total
2007	\$ 1,369,451 \$	1,573,869 \$	194,188 \$	380,419 \$	858,480 \$	13,849 \$	4,390,256
2008	1,545,964	1,707,072	-	406,027	735,991	14,403	4,409,457
2009	2,092,080	1,755,475	-	835,118	701,794	14,979	5,399,446
2010	1,722,371	1,692,031	-	1,712,324	593,142	-	5,719,868
2011	1,562,911	1,805,437	-	1,980,596	693,292	-	6,042,236
2012	1,822,411	1,860,604	-	2,292,156	1,256,015	-	7,231,186
2013	1,822,605	1,839,766	-	6,819,411	5,851,451	190,528	16,523,761
2014	3,125,430	1,989,357	-	4,742,506	1,934,255	694,863	12,486,411
2015	2,036,543	1,965,930	-	2,935,891	1,446,373	874,912	9,259,649
2016	2,009,528	2,014,029	-	3,752,295	1,378,191	728,933	9,882,976

⁽¹⁾ Includes general, special revenue and capital projects funds.

⁽²⁾ Mechanical department services outsourced in 2008.





GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL REVENUES BY SOURCE $^{(1)}$ LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	Taxes	License and Permits	Intergovern- mental	Charge for Services	Fines	Resoource Management Fees	=	Interest	Contributions and Donations	Miscel- laneous	Total
2006	\$ 3,509,878 \$	230,182	\$ 1,040,249 \$	293,553 \$	23,687 \$	1,589	\$	318,054 \$	79,575 \$	33,942 \$	5,530,709
2007	4,044,884	205,706	991,670	425,383	14,668	3,445		405,157	101,745	70,032	6,262,690
2008	3,828,470	325,883	1,011,936	432,463	8,542	-		247,150	163,832	16,192	6,034,468
2009	3,887,335	272,733	935,577	460,481	8,254	25		78,836	90,439	71,943	5,805,623
2010	3,550,543	303,606	844,344	786,853	6,163	2,579		19,669	72,805	36,633	5,623,195
2011	3,499,191	234,098	839,415	912,815	32,804	2,382		21,001	29,065	95,169	5,665,940
2012	3,799,638	232,258	899,012	955,660	6,573	-		14,704	28,179	66,814	6,002,838
2013	4,248,725	208,161	915,803	2,142,641	3,019	-		9,713	3,630,924	84,320	11,243,306
2014	4,581,058	387,263	979,203	1,686,268	2,272	-		13,562	319,435	135,791	8,104,852
2015	4,625,375	352,039	954,392	1,375,347	3,006	-		19,784	18,985	119,517	7,468,445
2016	4,772,040	412,204	1,682,506	1,141,953	3,995	-		3,853	82,487	52,710	8,151,748

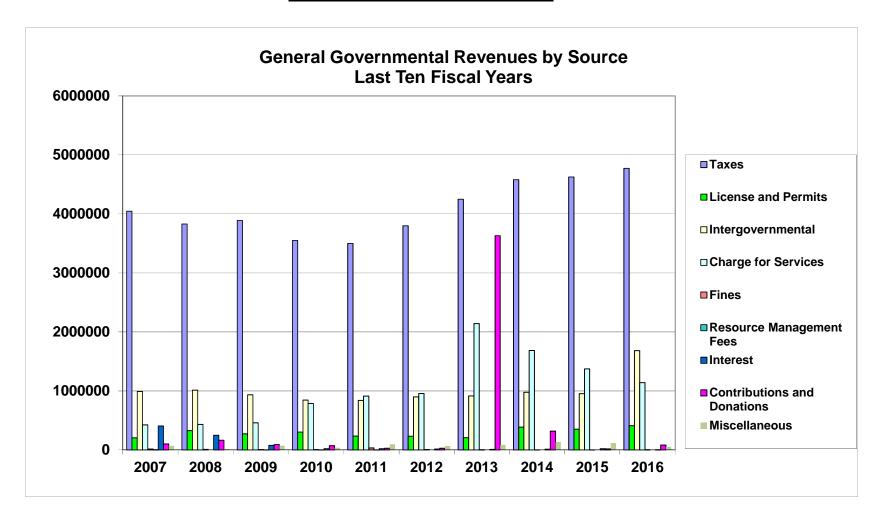
GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

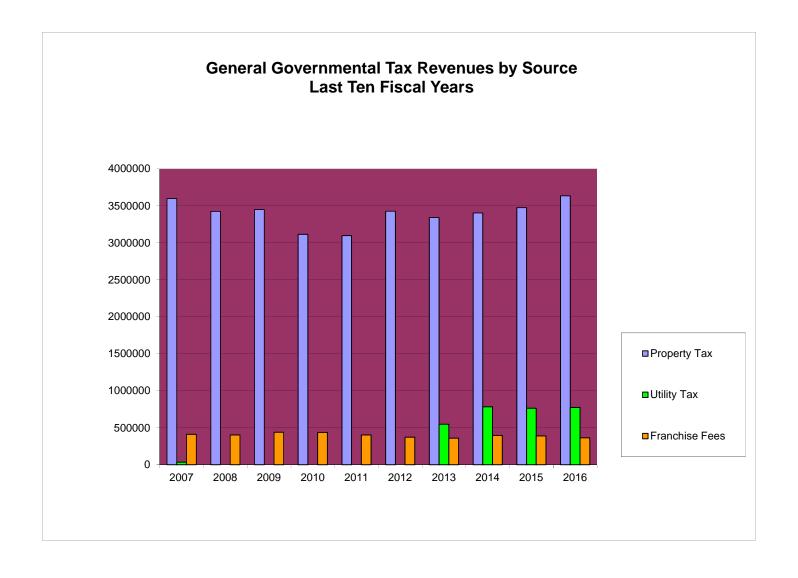
Fiscal Year	 Property Tax	_	Utility Tax	_	Franchise Taxes	-	Total
2007	\$ 3,599,002	\$	34,699	\$	411,183	\$	4,044,884
2008	3,426,619		-		401,851		3,828,470
2009	3,448,485		-		438,850		3,887,335
2010	3,114,150		-		436,393		3,550,543
2011	3,097,480		-		401,711		3,499,191
2012	3,427,519		-		372,119		3,799,638
2013	3,341,656		547,536		359,533		4,248,725
2014	3,403,996		781,857		395,205		4,581,058
2015	3,475,114		762,198		388,063		4,625,375
2016	3,634,385		774,675		362,980		4,772,040

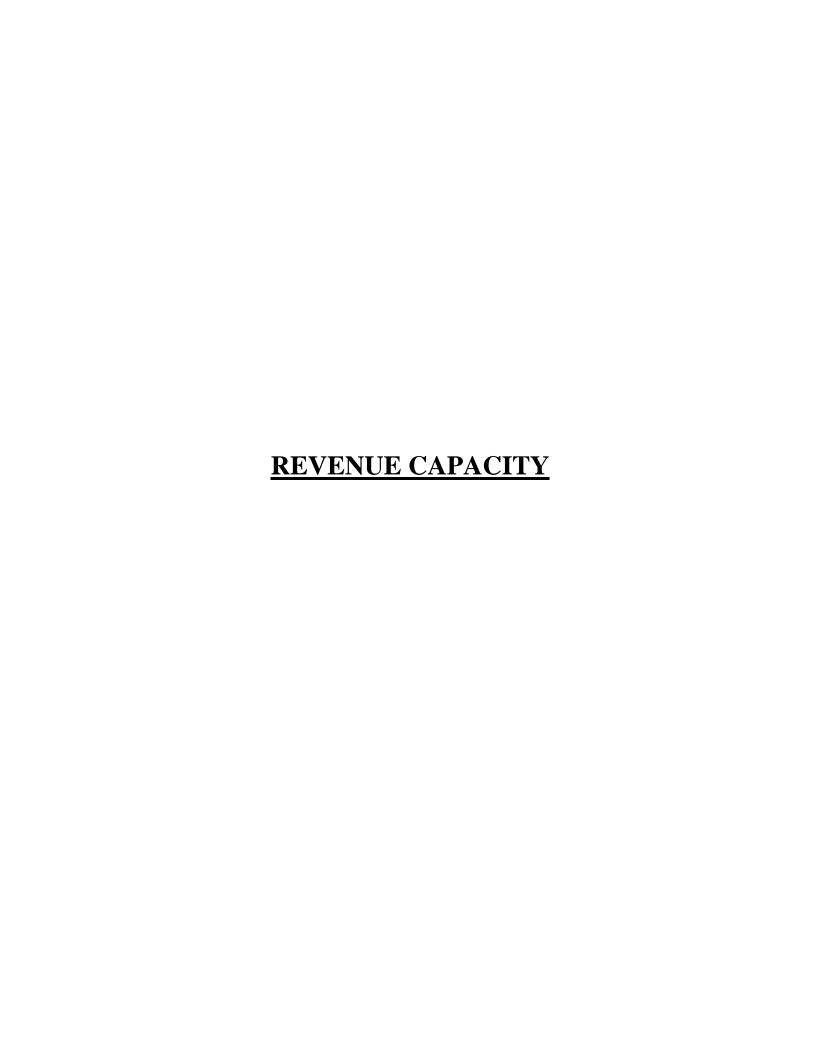
⁽¹⁾ Includes general, special revenue and capital projects funds.

 $^{\,^{(2)}\,\,}$ Public contributions to community center construction campaign.

⁽³⁾ Town rescinded the utility tax ordinance effective October 2006. The ordinance was reinstated effective October 2013.







TOWN OF BELLEAIR, FLORIDA

								Percentag	ge	
		Α.	ssessed Valuations				Assessed Values to			Total Direct
Fiscal	Real Pro		Personal Personal	Total	Total	Total	Estimated	Yearly Incre	eases	Tax
Year	Residential	Commercial	Property	Taxable	Exempt	All	Market	Taxable	Total	Rate
2007	1,143,928,500	52,210,100	8,933,060	800,688,388	404,403,272	1,205,071,660	100	13.9	17.8	4.6389
2008	1,172,994,800	52,926,700	9,810,300	839,447,822	396,283,978	1,235,731,800	100	4.6	0.7	4.2118
2009	1,038,776,100	55,036,100	9,616,760	780,937,423	322,491,537	1,103,428,960	100	(7.0)	(11.00)	4.5605
2010	872,679,953	47,687,999	7,657,863	701,587,679	226,438,136	928,795,522	100	(10.2)	(2.00)	4.5605
2011	716,297,284	42,395,511	6,544,496	621,660,713	98,321,464	765,237,291	100	2.6	(33.00)	5.1465
2012	646,755,411	38,131,356	6,371,040	595,307,227	93,950,580	691,257,807	100	(4.2)	(3.99)	5.9432
2013	631,565,876	37,570,826	6,271,935	580,712,681	94,695,956	675,408,637	100	(2.5)	(2.29)	5.9432
2014	638,202,678	35,915,734	6,155,922	583,340,612	96,933,722	680,274,334	100	0.5	0.72	6.0257
2015	665,671,571	37,040,034	6,493,542	608,453,321	100,751,826	709,205,147	100	4.3	4.25	5.9257
2016	726,160,817	37,716,905	6,647,392	670,528,380	99,996,734	770,525,114	100	10.2	8.65	5.9257

Source: Pinellas County Property Appraiser.

	_	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Total valuations	\$	1,205,071,660 \$	1,235,731,800 \$	1,103,428,960 \$	928,795,222 \$	765,237,291 \$	733,408,184 \$	703,970,361 \$	727,998,327 \$	840,716,261 \$	910,085,866
Real estate examptions:											
Government exemption		13,059,647	13,002,360	12,702,060	11,947,320	10,926,288	9,948,748	9,917,835	10,151,058	10,959,550	12,930,053
Institutional exemption		8,373,220	8,494,170	8,408,970	9,060,366	8,153,630	7,860,638	7,636,217	8,101,802	8,089,887	8,155,004
Assessment differential											
(F.S. 193.155) ⁽³⁾		342,770,405	332,272,121	234,646,539	125,508,530	45,255,114	42,150,377	28,561,724	47,723,993	131,511,114	173,140,721
Individual or homestead											
exemptions	_	40,200,000	42,515,407	79,592,234	78,186,512	78,914,247	78,141,194	77,141,904	78,680,862	81,702,389	80,918,774
Total exemptions and adjustments	_	404,403,272	396,284,058	335,349,803	224,702,728	147,729,065	138,100,957	123,257,680 -	144,657,715 -	232,262,940 -	275,144,552
Total taxable valuation	\$	800,668,388 \$	839,447,742 \$	768,079,157 \$	701,587,679 \$	621,988,012 \$	595,307,227 \$	580,712,681 \$	583,340,612 \$	608,453,321 \$	634,941,314
Millage levied	_	4.6389	4.2118	4.5605	4.5605	5.1465	5.9432	5.9432	6.0257	5.9257	5.9257
williage levied	-	4.0389	4.2118	4.3003	4.3003	5.1403	3.9432	3.9432	0.0237	3.9231	3.9231
Total taxes levied	\$	3,714,221 \$	3,535,586 \$	3,502,825 \$	3,199,591 \$	3,199,377 \$	3,538,030	3,451,292	3,515,036	3,605,512	3,762,472
Less: Adjustments and discounts	_	115,219	108,967	54,340	54,441	101,897	110,511	109,636			
Net taxes levied	\$	3,599,002 \$	3,426,619 \$	3,448,485 \$	3,145,150 \$	3,097,480 \$	3,427,519 \$	3,341,656 \$	3,515,036 \$	3,605,512 \$	3,762,472
Net collected ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	\$_	3,599,002 \$	3,426,619 \$	3,448,485 \$	3,145,150 \$	3,097,480 \$	3,427,519 \$	3,341,656 \$	3,515,036 \$	3,605,512 \$	3,762,472

Source: Pinellas County Property Appraiser

⁽¹⁾ Florida Statutes provide for a discount of up to four percent for early payment of ad valorem taxes. All unpaid taxes become delinquent on April 1, and are sold at auction on June 1 of each year as tax certificates.

The Town, after all tax certificates are sold, has fully collected all ad valorem revenues

⁽²⁾ Net collected includes penalties or late payments.

⁽³⁾ Florida Statutes provide for a three percent maximum increase in annual taxable property values.

PROPERTY TAX RATES - DIRECT AND ALL OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS (PER \$1,000) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Town of Belleair:										
Operating	4.6389	4.2118	4.5605	4.5605	5.1465	5.9432	5.9432	6.0257	5.9257	5.9257
Debt service	-	-	-	-	-	-	01,7102	0.0207	0.5207	0.7207
2 601 361 1160										
Total Town millage	4.6389	4.2118	4.5605	4.5605	5.1465	5.9432	5.9432	6.0257	5.9257	5.9257
Pinellas County School Board:										
Operating	8.2100	7.7310	8.3460	8.3460	8.3400	8.3850	8.3020	8.0600	7.8410	7.3180
Pinellas County										
Operating	5.4700	4.8730	4.8730	4.8108	4.8730	4.8730	5.0727	5.2755	5.2755	5.2755
Debt service										
Total County millage	5.4700	4.8730	4.8730	4.8108	4.8730	4.8730	5.0727	5.2755	5.2755	5.2755
County-wide millage set by other										
taxing authorities:										
-Pinellas Suncoast Transit Authority	0.6074	0.5601	0.5601	0.5601	0.5601	0.7305	0.7305	0.7305	0.7305	0.7500
-Pinellas County Planning Council	0.0195	0.0170	0.0125	0.0125	0.0125	0.0125	0.0125	0.0160	0.0160	0.0150
-Juvenile Welfare Board	0.7963	0.7384	0.7915	0.7915	0.7915	0.8337	0.8981	0.8981	0.8981	0.8981
-South West Florida Water										
Management District	0.4220	0.3866	0.3866	0.3866	0.3770	0.3928	0.3928	0.3818	0.3658	0.3317
-Pinellas Anclote River Basin	0.4000	0.3701	0.3200	0.3200	0.2600	-	-	-	-	-
-Health								0.0622	0.0622	0.0622
-EMS	0.6300	0.5832	0.5832	0.5832	0.5832	0.8506	0.9158	0.9158	0.9158	0.9158
Total County-wide millage	2.8752	2.6554	2.6539	2.6539	2.5843	2.8201	2.9497	3.0044	2.9884	2.9728
TOTAL	\$ 21.1941 \$	19.4712 \$	20.4334 \$	20.3712 \$	20.9438 \$	22.0213 \$	22.2676 \$	22.3656 \$	22.0306 \$	21.4920

Source: Pinellas County Tax Collector

PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAPERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

Principal Property Taxpayers	Rank	2016 Taxable Assessed Value	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value		Rank	2007 Taxable Assessed Value	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value
Chateau Galinski, LLC	1	\$ 11,272,026	1.85 %	Belleview Biltmore Owner, LLC	1	\$ 10,794,762	1.29 %
Belleview Biltmore Country Club	2	7,189,240	1.18	Belleview Biltmore Country Club	2	7,894,621	0.94
St Louis, James	3	6,601,111	1.08	Muma, Leslie	3	6,664,894	0.79
Muma, Leslie M	4	6,277,950	1.03	St Louis, James	4	6,414,751	0.76
Belleview Place Land, LLC	5	5,304,500	0.87	Bollea, Terry Gene	5	5,912,908	0.70
Heye, Hans F	6	3,758,366	0.62	Heye, Hans F	6	5,349,407	0.64
Doyle, Daniel M JR	7	3,373,542	0.55	Rinker, Mary E	7	4,013,513	0.48
Doganiero, B Dawn	8	3,121,672	0.51	Thomas, Fred A	8	3,849,727	0.46
Hakim, Jean F	9	3,102,689	0.51	Doganiero, Philip	9	3,246,686	0.39
Rawson, Siri	10	3,068,722	0.50	Boesch, Gary	10	2,891,690	0.34
TOTAL		\$ 53,069,818	8.72 %			\$ 57,032,959	6.79 %

Source: Pinellas County Property Appraiser.

PROPERTY LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS $\underline{\mathsf{LAST}}\ \mathsf{TEN}\ \mathsf{FISCAL}\ \mathsf{YEARS}$

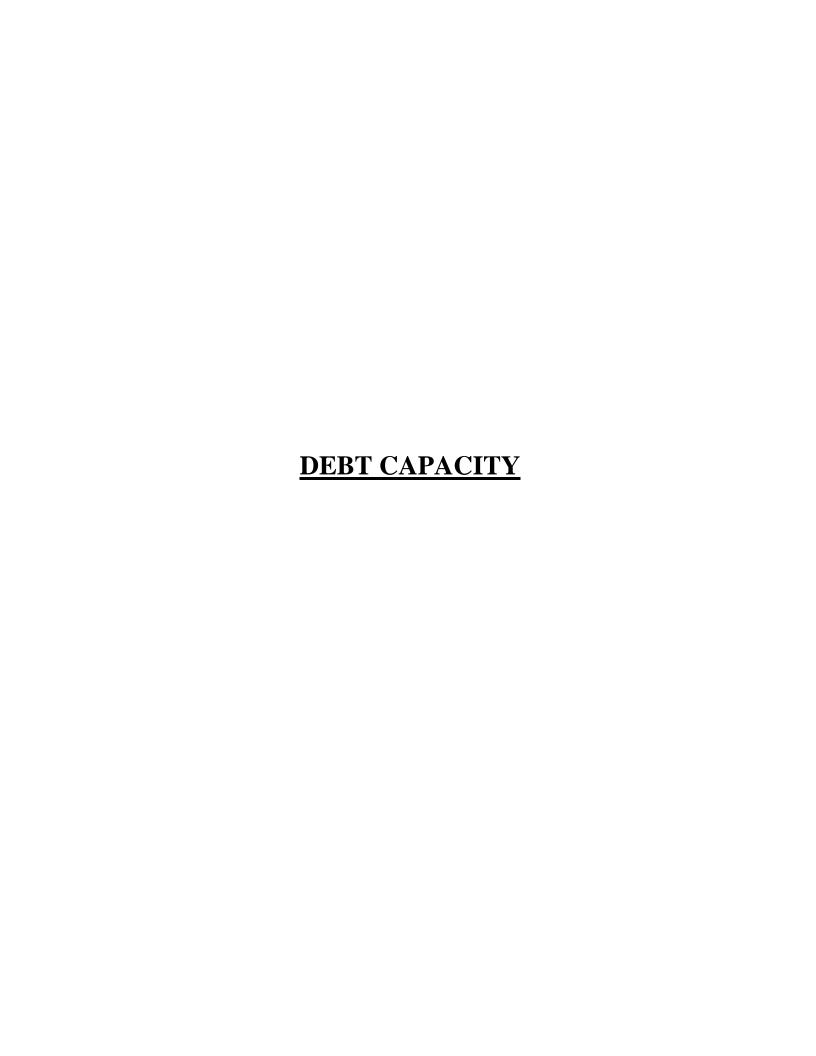
				Collections within the		Collections		
	Total	Taxable	_	Fiscal Year of Levy		in	Collections to Date	
Fiscal	Assessed	Assessed			Percentage	Subsequent		Percentage
Year	Valuation	Valuation	Levy	Amount	of Levy	Years	Amount	of Levy
2007	1,205,071,660	800,668,388	3,714,221	3,563,643	97%	35,359	3,599,002	97%
2008	1,235,731,800	781,945,072	3,535,586	3,426,619	96%	-	3,426,619	97%
2009	1,103,438,960	780,937,423	3,502,825	3,448,485	98%	-	3,448,485	98%
2010	928,795,222	701,587,679	3,199,591	3,114,150	99%	-	3,114,150	99%
2011	765,237,291	621,660,713	3,199,377	3,097,480	97%	-	3,097,480	97%
2012	733,408,184	595,307,227	3,538,029	3,427,529	97%	=	3,427,519	97%
2012	755,406,164	373,301,221	3,336,027	3,421,32)	7170	_	3,427,317	2170
2013	703,970,361	580,712,681	3,451,292	3,341,656	97%	-	3,341,656	97%
2014	727,998,327	583,340,612	3,515,036	3,403,996	97%	-	3,403,996	97%
2015	840,716,261	608,453,321	3,605,512	3,463,754	96%	-	3,463,754	96%
2016	736,945,145	634,941,314	3,762,472	3,634,384	97%	2	3,634,386	97%

⁽¹⁾ Florida Statutes provide for a discount of up to four percent for early retirement of ad valorem taxes.

All unpaid taxes become delinquent on April 1, and are sold at auction on June 1 of each year as tax certificates.

The Town, after all tax certificates are sold, has fully collected all ad valorem tax revenues.

Source: Pinellas County Property Appraiser.



PERCENTAGE OF ANNUAL GENERAL DEBT SERVICE TO GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL EXPENDITURES - GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDED DEBT AND OTHER DEBT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

			Debt Servic	e		Total	Percentage of Debt Service
Fiscal	General C Bonde	•	Paying	Paying Other		General Governmental	to General Governmental
Year	Principal	Interest	Agent Fees	Debt	Debt	Expenditures ⁽¹⁾	Expenditures
2007	-	-	-	-	-	4,390,256	-
2008	-	-	-	-	-	4,409,457	-
2009	-	-	-	-	-	5,399,446	-
2010	-	-	-	-	-	5,719,868	-
2011	-	-	-	-	-	6,042,236	-
2012	-	-	-	35,000	35,000	7,231,186	0.5 %
2013	-	-	-	190,528	190,528	16,523,761	1.2 %
2014	-	-	-	694,863	694,863	12,486,411	5.6 %
2015	-	-	-	707,138	707,138	10,966,221	6.4 %
2016	-	-	-	728,933	728,933	9,882,976	7.4 %

⁽¹⁾ Includes general and special revenue funds, and capital projects funds.

PERCENTAGE OF NET GENERAL BONDED DEBT TO TAXABLE ASSESSED VALUATION AND NET BONDED DEBT PER CAPITA LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	Population ⁽¹⁾	Taxable Assessed Valuation	Gross General Obligation Bonded Debt	Revenue Bond Debt	Equipment Financing Debt	Less Sinking Fund	Net General Obligation Bonded Debt	Percent of Net General Obligation Bonded Debt to Assessed Valuation	Net General Obligation Bonded Debt Per Capita
2007	4,160	800,668,388	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2008	4,151	839,447,822	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2009	4,145	701,587,679	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2010	4,145	621,660,713	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2011	3,869	595,307,227	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2012	3,877	595,307,227	-	35,000	-	-	35,000	0.01%	9.03
2013	3,795	580,712,681	-	5,214,659	-	-	5,214,659	0.90%	1,374.09
2014	3,887	583,340,612	-	9,660,000	-	-	9,660,000	1.66%	2,485.21
2015	3,903	608,453,321	-	9,295,000	-	-	9,295,000	1.53%	2,381.50
2016	4,022	634,941,314	-	8,920,000	271,638	-	9,191,638	1%	2,285.34

⁽¹⁾ U.S. Bureau of Census estimate and the University of Florida.

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING DEBT GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS AND REVENUE BONDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

	_	Net General Obligation Bonded Debt Outstanding	_	Net General Nonself- Supporting Revenue Debt		Total	Percentage Applicable to Town of Belleair	Amount Applicable to Town of Belleair
Direct debt:							400	
Town of Belleair	\$ _	-	\$_	9,191,638		9,191,638	100% \$	9,191,638
Overlapping debt:								
Pinellas County School Board (1)								-
Pinellas County, Florida		17,953,097		-		17,953,097	0.91%	163,492
Pinellas County (2)		11,230,104				11,230,104	1.00%	112,115
Total Overlapping debt	-	29,183,201	_	-		29,183,201	0.94%	275,607
Total Overall Debt	\$_	29,183,201	\$_	9,191,638 \$	S	38,374,839	24.67% \$	9,467,245
RATIO:								
Overall debt to 2016 taxable value							1.49%	
Overall debt per capita						\$	2,426	

⁽¹⁾ The Town's share is calculated based on the ratio of the 2016 School Board Taxable Value of \$69,723,230,712 to the Town's Taxable Value of \$634,941,314

⁽²⁾ The Town's share is calculated based on the ratio of the 2015 County Taxable Value of \$63,599,221,882 to the Town's Taxable Value of \$634,941,314

PLEDGED REVENUE COVERAGE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Public Service (Electric)	Infrastructure	Stormwater	Net Available	Debt Servic		
Year	Tax ⁽²⁾	Sales Surtax	Fee ⁽³⁾	Revenue	Principal Principal	Interest	Coverage
2007	-	410,122	-	431,804	-	-	- %
2008	-	395,810	-	392,058	-	-	-
2009	-	355,186	-	355,186	-	-	-
2010	-	305,641	-	305,641	-	-	-
2011	-	295,159	-	295,159	-	-	-
2012	-	312,431	-	312,431 (1)	-	-	-
2013	224,919	330,116	322,617	877,652	-	190,528	460.6
2014	442,298	352,312	339,559	1,134,168	340,000	354,863	163.2
2015	423,379	379,217	309,400	1,111,996	365,000	342,138	157.3
2016	437,310	398,838	337,365	1,173,513	375,000	322,012	168.4

⁽¹⁾ First year of debt

⁽²⁾ Debt issue in last month of Reporting Period, MPST enacted in 2012-2013

⁽³⁾ Debt issue last month of Reporting Period, Stormwater fee enacted in 2012-2013

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC INFORMATION

DEMOGRAPHIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

_	Year	Population ⁽¹⁾	Number of Households ⁽²⁾	Per Capita Income ⁽³⁾	Median Age ⁽¹⁾	Unemployment Rate ⁽¹⁾
	2007	4,160		70,723	51.8	4.8
	2008	4,151		71,221	51.6	4.5
	2009	4,145		78,242	52.7	4.3
	2010	4,145		84,280	54.9	11.8
	2011	3,869		57,740	57.4	9.8
	2012	3,888		57,097	54.9	8.6
	2013	3,795	*1,783	50,011	56.7	8.5
	2014	3,887	2,323	53,133	53.6	7.1
	2015	3,903	2,238	57,307	44.7	5.8
	2016	4,022	2,163	59,164	53.0	3.7

⁽¹⁾ U.S. Bureau of Census estimate.

⁽²⁾ New Statistic As of 2013, Estimate provided by factfinder.census.gov, 2013 did not include condc

⁽³⁾ Data is for Pinellas County. Published by the Office of Economic & Demographic Research NOTE: Data is for an unspecified point each year, not specifically September 30.

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT YEAR AND TEN YEARS AGO

		2016				2006	
			Percentage of Total				Percentage of Total
	Number of		Town		Number of		Town
	Employees	Rank	Employment		Employees	Rank	Employment
Belleview Biltmore Hotel	-	-	0.00%	Belleview Biltmore Hotel	312	1	37.10%
Belleair Country Club	189	1	37.57%	Morton Plant Rehabilitation Center	206	2	24.49%
Morton Plant Rehabilitation Center	176	2	34.99%	Belleair Country Club	147	3	17.48%
Town of Belleair	60	3	11.93%	Town of Belleair	57	4	6.78%
Biltmore Construction Co.	22	5	4.37%	Belleview Biltmore Country Club	54	5	6.42%
Belleview Biltmore Golf Club	42	4	8.35%	Biltmore Construction Co.	42	6	4.99%
Belleair Montessori School	12	6	2.39%	Belleair Montessori School	15	7	1.78%
Dr. George Pavlidakey	2	7	0.40%	Carlson Wildwood Florist	8	8	0.95%
	503		100%		841		100%

Source: Town Clerk's Office, Town of Belleair

OPERATING INFORMATION

FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT TOWN EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Full-Time Equivalent Employees as of September 30, 2016

					- 1					
<u>FUNCTION</u>	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
General Government	11.00	14.00	16.00	14.00	12.00	11.00	10.00	11.00	11.00	11.00
Public Safety: Police:										
- Police Officers	12.00	13.00	13.00	14.00	13.00	13.00	13.00	13.00	12.00	12.00
- General employees	2.00	2.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Physical Environment	6.00	4.00	6.00	6.50	6.50	6.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00
Transportation	3.00	5.00	5.00	4.00	3.00	2.00	2.00	3.50	3.50	3.50
Culture and Recreation	4.00	4.00	4.00	5.00	4.50	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00
Water	8.50	10.00	12.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.50	9.00	10.00
Solid Waste Management	7.5	5.5	5.5	6.5	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00
Total	54.00	57.50	62.50	61.00	56.00	54.00	54.00	57.00	54.50	55.50

Sourte Town Finance Department

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION <u>LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS</u>

Fiscal Year Ended September 30.

				Fiscal	Year Ended Sept	ember 30,				
FUNCTION	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
Police:										
Physical arrests	12	31	46	56	45	125	146	70	72	70
Parking violations	21	12	142	140	10	12	9	23	1	-
Traffic violations	76	110	157	7	397	397	133	156	328	411
					194					
Transportation:										
Resurfacing	0.7	0.5	0.5	4.5 miles	0.5	1	-	-	-	-
Pothole repaired	50	110	120	150	~100	240	184	150	110	192
Culture and Recreation:										
Athletic permits issued	800	800	822	832	600	600	600	400	510	480
Water:										
New connections	3	6	5	0	2	2	3	2	8	43
Main breaks	3	0	0	10	12	12	8	11	6	11
Average consumption	762,427	613,627	517,567	681,789	693,150	768,950	692,830	807,000	911,000	895,000
Solid Waste Management:										
Refuse collected tons per/day	10.5	7.12	7.19	7.78	11.83	8.01	10.06	10.75	11.95	11.28
Recyclables collected	2.78	0.60	1.19	0.43	0.80	0.75	0.76	1.14	0.91	0.95

^{*}Source of Data is town records as reported by each Department

CAPITAL ASSETS STATISTICS <u>LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS</u>

Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2016

<u>FUNCTION</u>	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
Public Safety:										
Police:										
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Patrol units	9	5	5	5	6	6	5	5	4	4
Transportation:										
Streets (Miles)	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22
Traffic signs	250	250	250	250	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
Culture and Recreation:										
Park acreage	33	24	33	33	33	33	33	33	32	32
Parks	19	17	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	18
Tennis Courts	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	4	4
Community Centers	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Water Mains (Miles)	36	36	36	36	80	80	80	80	80	80
Fire hydrants	135	135	135	135	135	135	135	135	135	135
Maximum daily capacity										
(thousands of gallons)	2.2 MGD									
Solid Waste Management:										
Trucks	8	8	8	9	9	10	10	10	10	10

PROPERTY VALUE, CONSTRUCTION AND BANK DEPOSITS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	New Commerci	ial Construction	New Residential Construction		Additions, Impro- Miscellaneous C		
Fiscal Year	Number of Permits	Value	Number of Permits	Value	Permits ⁽¹⁾	Value	Bank Deposits ⁽²⁾ (In Thousands)
2007	-	-	7	4,763,613	657	7,168,298	13,552,327
2008	-	-	5	5,373,430	600	9,612,837	13,453,426
2009	-	-	7	6,807,298	462	5,047,852	13,789,762
2010	-	-	-	810,000	570	7,140,071	13,513,967
2011	-	-	-	817,398	584	8,069,923	Not Available
2012	-	-	3	1,319,123	550	8,022,895	Not Available
2013	-	-	1	392,000	555	8,372,952	Not Available
2014	-	-	7	6,465,452	683	16,508,591	Not Available
2015	-	-	7	6,649,064	721	9,943,615	Not Available
2016	-	-	18	14,863,390	641	9,758,896	Not Available

⁽¹⁾ Includes institutional, seawalls, pools, and non-valued building permits.

⁽²⁾ Includes balances in commercial, savings, savings and loan, and building and loan banking institutions for Pinellas County. Data from the Tampa Bay Times Research Bureau. Subsequent to 2010, the Tampa Bay Times is no longer providing this information.

⁽³⁾ Significant increase is caused by destruction and rebuilding of many residential homes during the fiscal year.

MISCELLANEOUS STATISTICAL DATA September 30, 2016

Date of Incorporation	1925	Term of Office:
Date First Charter Adopted	1925	Mayor - 3 Years
D. D. Ol. Albert	1070	a · ·

Date Present Charter Adopted 1970 Commissioners - 3 Years

Manager - Appointed by Commission Average Annual Temperature - 74 degrees Average Annual Rainfall - 54.7 inches

Form of Government: Commission-Manager Average Annual Rainfall - 54.7 inches

Commission Composed of: Mayor and Four Commissioners Area - 2.50 square miles

MUNICIPAL UTILITIES, SERVICES AND EVENTS

Police Protection		Parks and Recreation	
Number of Employees	17	Community Centers	1
Number of Vehicular Patrol L	9	Playgrounds	2
Number of Law Violations:		Athletic Fields	2
Physical Arrestss	12	Parkland Acreage	24
Traffic Violations	21	Walking Trails	1
Parking Violations	76	Tennis Courts	3
		Basketball Courts	1
		Restroom Building	1
		Picnic Shelter	1
Caritation Carrier Contains		Townson	
Sanitation Service System: Number of accounts	1.500	Transporation: Payed Street	22 miles
	1,588		22 1111100
Annual tonnage	2,684	Stormwater Lines	18 miles
Western Constants		Sidewalks	23 miles
Water System: Miles of Water Mains	26		
	36		
Daily Average Consumption (MGD)	.762	Cultural Facilities Available in Belleair	
Number of Lift Stations	0	and the Tampa Bay Area:	
Plant Capacity (MGD)	2.2 MGD	Florida Gulf Coast Art Center, Inc	.,
Number of Service Collections	1,545	Largo, Florida	
Deep Wells Active	7	Performing Arts Center and Theat	re,
Number of Fire Hydrants	135	Clearwater, Florida	
Number of customers	1,565	Bayfront Center, Mahaffey Theate	r,
		St. Petersburg, Florida	
Major Annual Community Events:	People Attending	Tampa Bay Performing Arts Center	er,
Halloween Party	900	Tampa, FloridaSt. Petersburg, 1	Florida
Christmas Tree Lighting	900	Asolo Performing Arts Center,	
Easter Egg Hunt	500	Sarasota, Florida	
Arbor Day Celebration	500	Ruth Eckerd Hall,	
Run for the Rec. 5k race	500	Clearwater, Florida	
Concerts	6000		

¹⁾ Police data is for 2016 calandar year (January 1, 2016 - December 31, 2016)

SCHEDULE OF INSURANCE IN FORCE September 30, 2016

Term for all types of coverage listed below is from October 1, 2015through September 30, 2016.

Type of Coverage	Policy Number	Company	Association Self-Insurance Retention (SIR)	Limited Liability (Includes SIR)	Original Premium
Stoploss Carriers:	PRM015-002	Public Risk Management of FL			Total for all primary and excess risk coverage-
Property		0.12	100,000	100,000	Tish coverage
General Liability/Auto Liability			100,000	2,000,000	
Excess Workers' Compensation and Employers' Liability			650,000	3,000,000	
Employee Benefits Liability			200,000	2,000,000	
Excess Workers' Compensation				Statutory 3,000,000	
Crime: Monies/Securities Forgery/Alteration Employee Dishonesty Pubic Officials' Errors and Omissions			25,000 25,000 25,000 300,000	500,000 500,000 500,000 2,000,000 Aggregate 6,000,000 per member	
Travel Accident	ADDN01063091	ACE American Insurance Co.		250,000 max 10,000 medical 2,500,000 Agtgregate limit	
Boiler & Machinery	M5J-BME1-8751M435-TIL-15	Travelers Property Casualty Company		50,000,000/ 100,000 object sublimit 10,000 deductible 1,000 per occurrence	
**Pollution Liability	PEC001275012	XL Insurance Compar	25,000	1,000,000 per occurrence 21,000,000 PRM Pool Annual Aggregate	5 215,474
**Accidental Death and Dismemberment - Police	ADDNO4823138	ACE American Insurance Co.		\$66,000 line of duty and \$199,000 frsh pursuit and unlawful/ intentional death	973
** Paid to Public Risk Management				Total	3 216,447

WATER, WASTEWATER MANAGEMENT AND SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT FUNDS STATISTICAL DATA LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Nun	nber of Connections	s/Customers				Combined	Income (Loss)
		Wastewater	Solid	Combined	Combined	Combined	Nonoperating	before Capital
Fiscal		Management	Waste	Operating	Operating	Operating	Revenues	Contributions
Year	Water	Control	Management	Revenues	Expenses	Income (Loss)	(Expenses)	and Transfer
2007	1,545	-	1,588	2,477,486	2,875,540	(398,054)	222,754	(175,300)
2008	1,545	-	1,588	2,501,847	2,796,653	(294,806)	121,627	(173,179)
2009	1,545	-	1,588	2,516,190	3,050,572	534,382	(37,017)	(571,399)
2010	1,545	-	1,588	2,378,345	2,856,897	(478,552)	13,441	(465,111)
2011	1,545	-	1,588	2,594,516	2,910,657	(346,141)	43,239	(302,902)
2012	1,545	-	1,588	2,670,225	2,993,183	(322,958)	13,725	(309,233)
2013	1,545	-	1,588	2,780,901	3,154,380	(373,479)	9,794	(363,685)
2014	1,545	-	1,588	3,588,639	3,271,269	317,370	126,064	191,306
2015	1,545	-	1,588	3,163,316	3,190,980	(27,664)	(22,840)	(4,824)
2016	1,545	-	1,588	3,352,743	3,126,218	226,525	20,392	246,917

 $^{^{(1)}}$ $\;\;$ The town sold the wastewater system to Pinellas County in fiscal year 2006.

WATER FUND

SERVICE EFFORTS & ACCOMPLISHMENTS For the Fiscal Year ended September 30, 2016

OVERVIEW

The Water Department continued to replace water lines in conjunction with the stormwater infrastucture projects. These water line replacements have provided better water quality and flows which in turn helps lower energy consumption and the overall demand on our pumps. We continue to meet all regulatory requirements without any violations or public notices being issued. With help from our engineering consultants, the Southwest Florida Water Management District, and staff, the Town developed a preliminary engineering report to investigate the feasibility to treat our changing water quality by reverse or positions.
quality by reverse osmosis treatment.

WATER FUND (CONTINUED)

SERVICE EFFORTS AND ACCOMPLISHMENTS Years ended September 30, 2016, 2015 and 2014

Inputs		2016	2015	2014
1. Total cost of operations	\$	1,274,170 \$	1,375,713 \$	1,395,055
2. Cost per capita		589.08	614.71	600.54
3. Miles of pipeline		36	36	36
4. Number of treatment plants		1	1	1
5. Capacity of town's treatment plant		2.2 MGD	2.2 MGD	2.2 MGD
6. Number of employee hours		23,920	23,920	23,920
Outputs				
7. Miles of water pipe maintained, repaired and inspected		36	36	36
8. Feet of new line constructed		6,215	3,000	3,000
9. Number of new customers connected		3	5	5
10. Number of breaks, leaks repaired		3	17	17
11. Total gallons pumped, metered and treated12. Percentage of total gallons pumped by user category:		278 Million Gallons	255 Million Gallons	258 Million Gallons
A. ResidentialB. CommercialC. Used by departmentD. Unaccounted for		88% 12% 0% 0%	81% 5% 5% 6%	82% 6% 5% 7%
13. Percentage of total gallons pumped that were metered		95%	95%	93%
14. Number of calls about interrupted services		5	4	0

^{*} Mg = millions of gallons

WATER FUND (CONTINUED)

SERVICE EFFORTS AND ACCOMPLISHMENTS

Years ended September 30, 2016, 2015 and 2014

Outcomes	2016	2015	2014
15. Number of main breaks	3	10	0
16. Number of breaks, leaks per mile	0.08	0.2	17
17. Percentage of service interruptions cleared in goal period of time	100%	100%	100%
18. Percentage of breaks and leaks repaired within eight hours of notification	100%	100%	100%
19. Watering violations	155	122	152
20. Number of complaints	5	5	<10
Explanatory			
22. Type of source of water supply and distance to source	Florida Aquifer - All wells within 0.5 miles of plant		
23. Quality of water at intake and treatments	Water quality is to specifications for the area of the Southwest Florida Water Management District		
24. Average daily demands	762,427 gal.	699,957 gal.	517,567 gal.

WATER FUND (CONTINUED)

SERVICE EFFORTS AND ACCOMPLISHMENTS

Years ended September 30, 2016, 2015 and 2014

Pending Information

Explanatory (Continued)	<u> </u>	2016	2015	2014
25. Billing rates				
A. Current Residential Billing Rates				
Base Tier 1: 0 - 4,000 gallons Tier 2: 4,001 - 25,000 gallons Tier 3: Over 25,001 gallons	\$	12.37 1.86 6.21 7.45	12.37 \$ 1.86 6.21 7.45	12.37 1.86 6.21 7.45
B. Residential Billing Rates Prior to 2014				
Base 9,000 - 36,000 gallons 36,001 - 60,000 gallons 60,001 - 100,000 gallons 100,001 - 150,000 gallons Over 150,001 gallons				
26. Total revenue from customer billing/total cost		116%	107%	104%
27. Population served ⁽¹⁾		4022	3,903	3,887
28. Square miles served		2.0	2.0	2.0
29. Maximum daily demand		900	900	900
30. Treatment plant capacity		2.2 MGD	2.2 MGD	2.2 MGD
31. Holding-tank capacity (in gallons)		800,000	800,000	800,000
32. Projected water demand		1.65/2.2	1.65/2.2	1.65/2.2

MGD - Million gallons per day

(1) Data reflects actual town population.

SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENET FUND

SERVICE EFFORTS & ACCOMPLISHMENTS

For the Fiscal Year ended September 30, 2016

OVERVIEW

The town continued contracting the City of Clearwater to provide single-stream recycling collection. Residential recycling bins increased from eighteen (18) gallon capacity to single stream sixty-four (64) gallon capacity. The increased capacity and ease of single stream collection led to a threefold increase in tonnage of recycled materials. Over time, the diversion of waste to recycling resulted in decreases in disposal expenses.

Solid Waste also purchased a new refuse vehicle with an automated tipping mechanism, assisting staff with lifting heavy bins, such as the recycle carts.

The department also partnered with Pinellas County to organize and supervise two Hazard-to-Go events. This allowed residents to safely dispose of their hazardous materials

SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT FUND (CONTINUED)

SERVICE EFFORTS AND ACCOMPLISHMENTS

Years ended September 30, 2016, 2015 and 2014

Inputs	2016	2015	2014
1. Number of personnel	5.5	5.5	5.5
2. Number of vehicles	8	8	8
Outputs			
3. Number of customers served	4,022	3,903	3,887
4. Tons of waste collected	2,861	2,600	2,714
Outcomes			
5. Number of customer complaints	<4	<5	<10
6. Percentage of collection missed	<1%	<1%	<1%
Efficiency			
7. Cost per ton of solid waste collected	\$307.76	\$306.84	\$315.90
8. Cost per customer served	\$218.90	\$204.41	\$207.48
9. Tons of solid waste collected per employee	520.13	472.73	706.73
10. Frequency of collection	Twice Weekly	Twice Weekly	Twice Weekly
11. Average cost of employees	\$51,031	\$49,063	\$53,839
12. Average crew size on vehicle	2.5	2.5	2.5
13. Percentage of recyclable waste recycled	99.1%	99.8%	72%